-I-N-E-S-T-!
g, and especially so to the in-
ng, to see how nearly all the
ur city advertise "THE FINEST
a well-known fact that we han-
T QUALITY of Men's and Boys'
ty, but as Fine, Custom-like
found anywhere in the world.
ing Store in St. Louis, examine
, then call and look at ours,
ceive so GREAT a difference
many minutes to make your
ING -:- HEADQUARTERS,
E., AT THE
E AND BROADWAY.
MPHREY & CO.,
rated Fashion Book mailed FREE to
KERN.
PPLIES
RINDING.
ST., ST. LOUIS.
S OVER,
W CARPETS, NEW STYLE
aster than ever, and the ad-
NICHOLS
plan, is apparent. When
ls is the Poor Man's Friend
Fall Colors in Carpets, and
OLS,
ket St.

S OF PUBLICATION.
ER OF PUBLICATION.
Missouri, City of St. Louis.—ss.
Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
June Term, 1883.
day, September 24, 1883.
Charles T. Chouteau and Frank Car-
ter, Trustees, etc.,
vs.
erre A. Berthold, et al.
No. 61,683.
on the petition herein and the af-
ther with the return of the Sheriff,
rs Armand B. Peugnet and Virginia
Virginia Berthold, Clara Pelagie
Berthold and Maurice A. Peugnet
of the State of Missouri, therefore,
liffs by attorney,
said defendants be notified that a
en commenced against them, the
nature of which is to obtain a de-
to two parts of equal value the fol-
al estate, situate in the City of St.
round or parcel of land in block
the City of St. Louis, beginning at
side of Main street ninety-nine
th of Chestnut street; thence run-
Main street forty-two feet eight
wardly at right angles with Main
more or less, to Commercial alley;
along said alley forty-two feet
dence to the beginning; bounded
alley, south by land lately of
west by Main street, and north by
enry Von Phul.
lot of ground or parcel of land in
(8), beginning at a point in the
Front street ninety-nine feet
d one-eighth of an inch
ut street; thence south along
e of Front street forty-two feet
e westwardly at right angles with
y-seven feet to Commercial alley;
along Commercial alley forty-
s, and thence to the beginning;
ont street, south by land now or
ayley, west by Commercial alley,
tely of Henry Von Phul.
ound or parcel of land in block one
(16) of the city of St. Louis, hav-
hundred and sixteen 5-12 feet on
epth of 127 6-12 feet, to an alley;
h by land formerly of Price, east
outh by Pine street, and west by
track of land in said block 116,
Fifth street of one hundred and
ning westwardly one hundred
2 feet to an alley: bounded east
h by Pine street, west by an alley,
Alexander.
half of block thirty-eight (38), ac-
vey of the town of Carondelet,
e hundred and sixty feet on the
reet, by a depth of three hundred
Second street; bounded east by
y Hill street, and west by Second
land in the Common Field of
as United States Survey one
(12), containing ninety arpens,
d on the north by United States
and twenty-three (123), east by
, south by a county road, and
of land in United States Survey
arpens: bounded north by land
uteau, east by King's Highway,
and formerly of Sublette.
ract of land in said survey 2037,
acres: bounded north and west
ndell, east by road ——, and ——
of Gratiot; (2) setting off and
aid parts to the devisees of
bulk, without subdivision among
pecially charging said part with
dent of said Pelagie Berthold,
in deed of trust, dated August
part of said property above de-
row and Franklin A. Dick, a
e principal sum of one hundre
interest, evidenced by bond
ntiffs unknown; (3) ordering p
art of said real estate among t
nts herein according to their
rein, as shown in the petition
defendants appear at the ter
gun and held at the city of St.
day of December next, and on
ey thereof answer the plaintiffs'
be taken against them as con-
ered that a copy hereof be pub-
law in the St. Louis Post-Dis-
inted and published in the city
record.
d the seal of the Circuit Court
28th day of September, 1883.
CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
NAL SETTLEMENT.
E, SETTLEMENT.—Notice is
all creditors and others int
George Ott,
undersigned administratrix of
make a final settlement thereof
the Probate Court of the City of
at the Court House in said city
December next.
MAGDELTHA OTT,
trix of George Ott, deceased.
6, 1883.
ven that letters of administra-
upon the estate of
Carl Moran,
ranted to the undersigned by
the City of St. Louis, bearing
tober, 1883.
and Moran, the former adminis-
ceased on the 26th day of April
rovocation or his letters.
HUGH MORRIS,
of Margaret Moran, deceased.
er 17, 1883.
L SETTLEMENT.—Notice is
all creditors and others inter
ward Molan,
undersigned, John Loler, admin
intend to make a final settl
xt term of the Probate Co
ds, to be holden at the Co
the first Monday of December
JOHN LOLER,
Administrator.
, 1883.
AL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is
ll creditors and others interest
sia Urban,
undersigned administrator of
make a final settlement there
e Probate Court of the City of
at the Court-house in said city,
December next.
JOSEPH URBAN,
Administrator.
1883.
Attorney.
MAGUIRE.
TATE AGENT
ET, BET. 8TH AND 9TH.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXXII. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1883. NO. 104.

TO BUYERS OF

DIAMONDS

We have the pleasure of announcing that our new importations having arrived, we are now prepared to offer such

Extraordinary Inducements

As must certainly insure their sale to all intending buyers.

For Quality, Beauty and Low Price Our Stock is Absolutely Incomparable

In no other branch of business is the buyer so entirely dependent upon the integrity and good judgment of the seller as in the purchase of Diamonds.

Our Mr. C. F. Mathey, in charge of our Diamond Department, offers to each buyer a ripe experience of over thirty years' devotion to this business, during which time he has handled in Europe, the East and this City an enormous quantity of Diamonds. Intending buyers can, therefore, place themselves in our hands with every feeling of confidence that they will obtain the greatest real value for the sum invested that can possibly be obtained.

It is a notorious fact that Unscrupulous Dealers take advantage of the lack of knowledge of the ordinary buyer to sell flawed, off-colored, ill-shaped, and badly cut stones as being equal to the best, and frequently at very high prices, which the innocent buyer frequently discovers too late.

We ask all intending to purchase to place themselves with confidence in our hands, and they will have the most positive guarantee that whatever they may purchase will be precisely as represented, and at the lowest prices.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,

FOURTH AND LOCUST. FOURTH AND LOCUST. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

Many new and beautiful styles of Lace Pin, Ear Ring, Stud and Finger Ring Mountings just received.

Sent free on receipt of 6c for postage, our magnificent Catalogue, 1,500 Illustrations.

ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS

SAPOLIO

BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN SOAP

FOR ALL

House-Cleaning Purposes.

IT WILL CLEAN

PAINT, MARBLE, OIL CLOTHS, BATH TUBS, CROCKERY, KITCHEN UTENSILS, WINDOWS, &c.

IT WILL POLISH

TIN, BRASS, COPPER AND STEEL WARES OF ALL KINDS.

THE GREAT SAUCE

OF THE WORLD.

LEA & PERRINS'

Impar'ts the most delicious taste and zest to EVERY ACT

of a LETTER from a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother at WORCESTER, May, 1851.

"Tell LEA & PERRINS that their sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is in my opinion, the most palatable, as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH, HOT & COLD MEATS, GAME, &c.

Lea & Perrins

Signature is on every bottle of GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Sold and used throughout the world.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,

AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES, NEW YORK.

West End Gallery.

1513 and 1515 Olive Street.

Only ground-floor gallery in the city. Opening first of August.

Five hundred souvenir portraits, from cabinet to life-size, given away to each of our customers during August. TONNDORFF & KUHN, Photo-Artists.

JOHN MAGUIRE.

REAL ESTATE AGENT

NO. 813 WALNUT ST., BET. 8TH AND 9TH.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

Thank the Ladies of St. Louis for the attention given our last Sunday's advertisement, and it affords us great pleasure to know that our

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

Has become the most popular of any in St. Louis. We know this from the great throngs that daily crowd our stores. We receive goods daily from New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and mark our goods at prices that exclude all opposition.

We sell fine French Hats at : : : : : : : : : : 69c
Plumes and Tips we sell for less than other retailers and self-styled jobbers buy them at.
Heavy Colored Tips, all new shades, : : : : 38c per bunch of 3
Glossy Jet Black Tips. : : : : : : : : : : 25c a bunch
We trim Hats FREE : : : Frames in any shape, : : : : 9c

We keep everything that a lady needs for a Stylish Hat. Attentive and polite saleladies will show you everything with smiling faces.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.

604 and 606 Franklin Av., through to 829 N. Sixth St.

CHARTER OAK STOVES

AND

TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO

FARNER

STOVE, FURNITURE & CARPET CO.

N. W. COR. FOURTEENTH AND CLARK AVE.

Furniture, Carpets, Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Baby Carriages, Cages, Hanging Lamps, etc., at reduced prices on monthly payments. Lower than any house in town for cash. Gasoline 15c delivered. Come and see us.

A TALE OF TEA.

Ed Butler and the Story of a Lottery Tea Store.

The "Inflooence" of the Boss Blacksmith and Its Value.

A Diamond Ring Found by Ed in a Prize Package.

Seventy-Five Dollars Per Week to be Divided by Three.

A Trap Said to be Laid for the Astute Ed.

Pickard's Lottery Store and the Attempt to Secure Police Immunity—Testimony Taken Before the Last Grand Jury.

The POST-DISPATCH to-day publishes the balance of the testimony given before the last Grand Jury. It relates to the lottery tea store and Ed Butler's alleged connection therewith. It is very interesting reading.

Edward J. O'Connor.

Edward J. O'Connor being duly sworn testified: My name is Edward J. O'Connor, and I am in the stove and furnace business.

Q.—Where is your place of business? A.—615 Olive street.

Q.—Mr. O'Connor, did you know anything about a tea-store running here in St. Louis in the latter part of last year that was said to be running as a lottery tea-store? A.—It was a store that was running on Fourth street, and F. Pickard was proprietor.

Q.—Did you ever have any conversation with him concerning his attempts to buy immunity to run that store from the authorities of the city? A.—Well, yes. If it would not be improper I might state my entire conversation with him, how I met him. About a year, I think, before that I met Mr. Pickard in Washington City. I was on there on a visit, and got acquainted with him brough some party that I met there, and he told me that he wanted to come out West and open up a business, and asked me if I knew anything about the location here, and I told him that I was in business and knew pretty well the business locations of the city, and I suggested that Fifth, Fourth or Olive streets would be a good location for a store. Some time after that I got a telegram from him from New York City, requesting me to rent a store for him. I didn't feel that I was sufficiently acquainted with him to take the chances of renting a store. I communicated with him and told him that there were several good stores vacant. He directly came on here and rented a store, I think from Mr. Lucas, on Fourth street. He opened up here, had shelving put up and his cans put on the shelves, and he then began to speak about troubles, and advised with me about getting an attorney, and wanted to know from me whom I would recommend to him, and I recommended Judge Jones. He went to see Mr. Jones, and, I believe, employed him; he employed Mr. Jones, I think, simply to look after his law business, and, in case of difficulty, to tell him how to get out of it. After that he got into some trouble and he had to employ another attorney, and he employed, or was about to employ—I am not positive about that—Mr. Turner, and there was a dispute about the amount of money that he should pay Turner. Then the papers gave an account of the business, and he was a fraud, he would get into trouble, and thought that the attorneys he had would not be able to keep him out of trouble, and he came one evening to me and said there was a certain party came to see him. Now I will only relate what he told me. I don't know that that is a fact—he gave it to me. He said that a certain party came to him and represented to him that in order to run his business he would have to have his influence, and that they had some talk about what his influence was here. He pleaded an excuse of a previous engagement. His wife and he came up to see me in the store and asked me what I thought this party's influence was. I told him he was a local politician and guessed it was a good deal, yet some people consider him of more importance than I do: that I didn't consider him so important. I prefer you would ask the questions now, Mr. Lodge, from now on.

Q.—Who was the person he told you had come to him? A.—The person was Mr. Butler.

Q.—Edward Butler? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—The horse shoer? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—What influence did he claim he had? A.—Mr. Pickard told me that Mr. Butler had suggested to him and assured him that he could keep the police off. That is, that he could keep him running.

Q.—Did he say anything about the authorities around the Four Courts? A.—I don't think that Pickard said that he directly named any special ones, but he made allusions to two others that he had to divide with. This was at the time that the business was running there I think at that time the business of the store was open, but I think there had been some arrests.

Q.—Who were the two others that he had to divide with? A.—Well, that Mr. Pickard never got definitely from him.

Q.—What is that? A.—He never could get a candid reply from him.

Q.—Did he designate them by any office or employment? A.—I cannot say as to that.

Q.—Well, what was the amount of anything that he demanded for such immunity? A.—He demanded $3,000 from him; of course you understand that I am only giving Mr. Pickard's version.

Q.—He demanded $3,000? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Did he talk with you more than once? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—How often? A.—Well, about every time they used to have a conversation he reported to me.

Q.—How often did he report to you the conversations? A.—It must be probably three or four times.

Q.—State the purport of the conversation each time so far as you can recollect it now. A.—Mr. Pickard told him there was not any such money in the business as $2,000; he told him that he was willing to give him a fair amount, whatever the business would justify, but there was not that much money in it. I told Mr. Pickard that if he could, possibly, in any way, could catch this man, to do it, as I considered such business dangerous in the community. I advised him, that as the job had been tried to be put up on him, to try and put the job up on the other party, and I told him I didn't think the party had any right to make the demand on him that he had made of him. I advised him to try to put up a job on the other party. He wanted to know from me how I would go about it, and I told him that I would try and have him make that offer in the presence of witnesses. He then told me that the party would not speak in the presence of anybody else—would not converse at all. I told him that an easy way to get around that was to get him down in the basement and have a man concealed there so that the man's face would be in full view and he could recognize the man as he spoke. Mr. Pickard claims to have done that; he claims to have taken Mr. Butler down stairs in the basement, and this same offer that was made again there. Pickard had, he said, two of his clerks stored away in a huge box so that the boards in the box were somewhat apart—cracks, so that they could see the face of Mr. Butler, and they compromised on a lesser amount; they compromised on $75 a week.

Q.—Was there anything said there at that time that he told you, that as to what would be done by Mr. Butler for the $75 a week? A.—He said it was to be divided between two others.

Q.—And for what purpose? A.—The purpose of letting him run the business.

Q.—Well, what was the next move as reported to you? A.—Well, it was not long after that that Mr. Pickard was closed and left town.

Q.—Did you ever see anybody in the store yourself? Did you ever visit the store while it was running? A.—Did I ever see anybody there to get money?

Q.—I mean did you ever see any of these parties when you happened to be occasionally in the store? A.—No, sir, I never did.

Q.—How often were you in the habit of visiting there? A.—Well, probably I went in there about every two or three days, and probably would drop in there if I was passing. I didn't care to go there in the evening; there was a big crowd there.

Q.—I see there is a namesake of yours, Pat O'Connor: was he a clerk there? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Is he any relation of yours? A.—Yes, sir; he is my nephew.

Q.—What is he doing now, if you know? A.—He is working at his trade now for Mr. Butler.

Q.—Who were the clerks that were down in the cellar there? A.—I think they were some of his old clerks that he used to carry from city to city—he told me so at least. He was to get out an affidavit of this matter and bring these parties to time, but he left town suddenly. He told me he would publish this matter in an affidavit and have it sworn to by these two clerks; in fact I tried to get the affidavit.

Q.—Did you hear anything about a negro man being down there in the cellar, too? A.—Mr. Pickard told me there was a negro man doing something with tea or cans in the cellar, or probably cleaning up. As Mr. Butler entered, and in order to carry out Mr. Pickard's scheme, he ordered that man out of the cellar, and he satisfied Mr. Butler there was nobody there. He claimed though that he had those very two men concealed in the boxes so they could see him. He ordered the negro man out to satisfy him that there would be nobody in the cellar.

Q.—Do you know who that negro is? A.—I do not sir.

Q.—You know nothing about it? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you know how this money was to be paid, or how it was paid? A.—There was to be $75 a week paid; there was to be $50 in cash paid and there was to be $25 drawn in a can as a prize. That was supposed to be divided: $25 each week between three parties.

Q.—Who came and got the money, or state, was there any money passed? A.—Mr. Pickard told me there was one can drawn with the $25 in.

Q.—Who told you that? A.—I think Mr. Becker said that it was Butler's book-keeper.

Q.—How did he get the $50 that was to be paid in cash to him? A.—I have no distinct recollection whether the $50 was ever paid or not.

Q.—Was this nephew, who is now employed by Mr. Butler, one of the parties who was in the boxes? A.—No, I think not.

Q.—Do you know the names of the parties that were in the boxes? A.—I do not, sir.

Q.—Then he was closed up shortly after this money was first paid, and there was only one demand, was there? I am not positive that there was a demand of cash made direct. The $25, he claimed, was drawn in a can. He gave a bill away; he used to give a bill with the corner torn off. He retained the corner. He would tear a ragged piece out. This bill would be given to Mr. Butler, and then whoever brought that bill in that would match this piece would get this can with the $25 in it.

Q.—Did this arrangement grant him any immunity from raids by the police? A.—It was given for the purpose of allowing him to run. It was given for that purpose, but didn't have that effect. I don't know whether the demands were continued for it it seemed not to have that effect.

Q.—Was he forced to close up latterly, or did he close up of his own accord? or was he forced to close up? A.—I think he was forced to close up.

Q.—Do you know of anyone that can give us any information? A.—About this matter?

Q.—Yes, sir—now in the city? A.—Other persons know of it, but I think they know of it through me.

Q.—I mean at first hand? A.—I am not positive; I think Mr. Bell knows.

Q.—Does he know of it through you? A.—My impression is that he knows of it through Mr. Pickard.

Q.—That is Leverett, Bell, the City Counselor? A.—Yes, sir. Now, I am only telling you what this man told me; I never saw Mr. Butler in the store or anything of the kind. Mr. Pickard was very anxious to run, and willing to do almost anything to enable him to run—that is he appeared so to me.

Q.—Do you know where Pickard is now? A.—The last I heard from him he was in New York City. He then promised to send me this affidavit I told him I wanted it for the purpose of having this man quit this business if he was doing it.

Q.—That is all, Mr. O'Connor, unless you think of something else. A.—No, sir. I was going to give you his address; I have it somewhere.

Q.—If we find it necessary to get his address you can hunt it up, can you? A.—I think I can. He wrote me that he would send me the affidavit, sworn to. I wrote him that I would like to have it. Of course I want you gentlemen to understand that all my information I got through Mr. Pickard. I didn't see this thing and don't know anything except what he told me.

Max Fritzler.

Mr. Fritzler, being duly sworn, testified as follows: My full name is Max Fritzler, and I am a salesman for A. Siegel.

Q.—I want to make a statement to you here concerning your rights. I understand you have been indicted in the Criminal Court? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—I don't want to ask you concerning that unless you feel disposed to speak of it yourself. A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—You were once in the tea business? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—And you had some trouble growing out of that? Did at any time persons come to you and offer for a consideration to guarantee to let your house run? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you know Mr. O'Connor, the stove man? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Did you have any conversation with him on that matter? A.—I did not, sir.

Q.—Not direct or indirect? A.—No, sir.

Q.—When was it that you were running the business there? A.—I was merely a correspondent for the concern. R. F. Pickard came to me and saw me in the store where I was employed as clerk and offered me an inducement to work for him in the tea business as correspondent and salesman during dinner hours by advancing my salary about $20 a month. I didn't know the nature of the business at the time. He told me it was to sell tea and coffee and give away prizes. "I didn't know it was illegal. I was there, I think, two weeks, and one evening I wanted to go to supper, and Mr. Hobbs, the detective—one of the men connected with the force—came in and bought a can. I was acting salesman then during the supper hour. He came in and bought a can of tea or coffee—I don't know which. I was getting ready then to go to my supper and he came in with two or three officers and arrested us. He claimed that it was a gift enterprise and lottery and I was indicted on those grounds. Then I heard that Mr. Pickard had been approached by some one, who it was I do not know, because he was very cautious not to speak to any of his employes, that if he would pay a considerable amount of money—what the amount was I don't know—that he probably would be granted the privilege of running.

Q.—You were simply a clerk in the store? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—You were not the proprietor? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Who was the proprietor? A.—R. F. Pickard. I received a letter about him some time ago; I guess I left it at the office—I wish I had it here—here it is (producing letter). It is dated August 25, 1883.

"HOWARD, R. I.

"DEAR FRIEND MAX—Mr. Pickard has had me arrested and will testify to many lies against me, and unless I can get a few persons to testify that they knew R. F. Pickard and that they would not believe him under oath I am gone." [This gentleman is a young man I got acquainted with through my connection with the tea store. I never saw him after that.] "Friend Max, if you would go before a notary or justice of the peace and swear that you would not believe R. F. Pickard under oath you would save me from going to jail. Please do it and I will pay all expenses. Address me as soon as possible. Paul Maspen, care of Capt. W. H. Sherman, Howard, R. I., or care of Rhode Island State Prison. Help me, oh! Max, and I will come and thank you for it. Send me that testimony as quick as you can, and I will be able to get out of jail. Your old friend, Paul Masken. Oh! Max, have pity on me and help me out of it and save me. Show this letter to a justice of the peace or notary public."

I showed this letter to Mr. R. McDonald, who was at that time employed as the attorney. He attended to the balance of it; I didn't have time; but this Mr. R. F. Pickard was just this kind of a man. Mr. R. S. McDonald would probably be able to testify.

Q.—Where is Mr. Pickard now? A.—The last I heard of him he was in Howard, R. I. He has not paid my salary even. He left here and gave a straw bond in what they call the C. C. C. for the appearances of two of his clerks; he told me that I should get bond, and he refused to do it.

Q.—Who are the clerks here in the city? A.—There is one young man who may be able to give more testimony in regard to this—Pat O'Connor, a cousin or some relative of O'Connor, the stove man. He is now with Butler, or at least the last I heard of him he was there working for Butler, the horse shoer. He was one of the young men that was a clerk in the tea store.

Q.—How much time did you spend in that store? A.—All the time, sir, with the exception of half an hour for dinner, or three-quarters of an hour, and the same for supper.

Q.—Did you ever see Mr. Butler there? A.—I did, sir.

Q.—When was that? A.—It was in the month of December.

Q.—Of 1882? A.—Yes, sir; during the existence of the concern, which lasted, I think, two or three weeks.

Q.—Was he talking with any one there? A.—He was talking with Mr. Pickard, the manager.

Q.—Did you see him there more than once. A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—How often did you see him there? A.—Three or four, or probably a half a dozen times; I cannot say just exactly.

Q.—Did you see any one else with Mr. Butler? A.—Let me see; no, I'm not positive. I can't answer that question positively. I think one time there was somebody with him.

Q.—Do you know Frank Turner? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Was he there with him? A.—No; not with Mr. Butler. He was there several times and in close conversation with Mr. Picard.

Q.—He was not his attorney, that you know of, was he? A.—No, sir, because Mr. R. S. McDonald appeared for him in all cases.

Q.—What was Mr. Butler doing when he would be there? A.—Mr. Butler and Mr. Pickard would go up in the rear of the store away from the clerks and talk very intimately; Mr. Pickard would sometimes be absent from the store, and Mr. Butler would call two or three times during the same day.

Q.—How long was that continued? A.—Probably for a week or ten days; something like that.

Q.—How long did the business run there altogether? A.—I think they opened the day after Thanksgiving Day; I am not positive of the date that was, I think, on the 30th of November, 1882.

Q.—When did you close? A.—Well, we were arrested, I think, the evening of the 12th.

Q.—Of December? A.—Yes, sir; I quit then; I had enough of it.

Q.—When was it you first saw Mr. Butler there after you began to run? A.—Of that I am not positive.

Q.—Was it shortly after? A.—I remember one morning the Republican came out denouncing the concern as a gift enterprise, and it was shortly after that; the records of the Republican will show the date.

Q.—Can you form any approximation how soon that was after you had commenced business? A.—Probably a week.

Q.—And from that time on was he in the store frequently? A.—Well, I should judge four or five or half a dozen times; I am not positive.

Q.—And at those times he would have those conversations in the rear part of the store with Mr. Pickard. A.—Well, sometimes, when they would get through with their conversation, they would come up and have a general conversation.

Q.—How often did you see Mr. Turner there? A.—About two or three times.

Q.—Would he come there alone, or in company with some one? A.—Mostly alone, I think.

Q.—Did you ever overhear any conversation that was intended to be private between Mr. Butler and Mr. Pickard? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you know anything about a conversation that took place in the cellar there? A.—Yes, several of them; twice, I think.

Q.—With whom? A.—Well, the way Mr. Pickard used to do was this: He would say, "Mr. Butler, let me show you the coffee"—and he took him down there; "let me show you how to mix the coffee." That is the way he would leave the store.

Q.—Where was the coffee kept? A.—Downstairs.

Q.—Do you know of any occasion when Mr. Butler went down there supposing he was alone in conversation with Mr. Pickard and— A.—No, sir. I didn't pay any attention to it.

Q.—Did you hear anything about that? A.—No, sir; I can't say that I did; I came to my own conclusions about it.

Q.—What conclusions were they? A.—I don't know; I think it is not best to answer that question if I am allowed to refuse. Can I refuse?

Foreman—You can refuse if it would criminate yourself. Witness—It would not.

Q.—If not, you ought to answer? A.—Knowing the political connections of Mr. Butler, and the short acquaintance between the two, I thought they were probably arranging something by which he was to have immunity granted from the police force or from the court, and particularly seeing Mr. Turner coming in.

Q.—Did Mr. Pickard ever tell you himself that he was bargaining with them for immunity? A.—No, sir.

Q.—From the police force or the courts? A.—No, sir. Mr. Pickard was a very cautious man.

Q.—Did you ever hear of a case where he paid money to these parties? A.—I understood that Mr. Pickard—who my author is, I have forgotten—paid out a certain amount of money, I think $200, to certain parties, but the parties were not satisfied with the amount, and that is the reason that some trouble occurred. Who the parties were I don't know.

Q.—How many clerks were there in the store? A.—There is one, two, three—I think there were six; let me see—Hendricks (thinking)—he had four traveling with him all the time from one city to the other.

Q.—I am speaking of clerks employed in the store? A.—About eight, I think, at one time—from six to eight.

Q.—Do you know of any time when Mr. Butler went down in the cellar and any clerks being down in the cellar at that time? A.—I am not positive of that.

Q.—Do you know anything about it? A.—No, sir; I saw that Mr. Butler was down in the cellar twice or three times.

Q.—Did you hear any one speak of this? A.—I gave such little weight to the matter I don't recollect.

Q.—Let me refresh your recollection. Didn't you say that Mr. Pickard got suspicious that they were playing tricks on him and put some clerks down in some dry goods boxes? A.—I understood that, sir.

Q.—You heard the conversation that took place between him and Mr. Butler? A.—No, sir. I heard that the colored man was his in one of the large boxes.

Q.—Why did you hear say that? A.—I think one of his clerks who traveled with him, who was at the house at the time.

Q.—Did you hear whether any young men, other clerks, were down there? A.—No sir.

Q.—What did the negro hear these men say, if anything? A.—I don't know, sir. The negro can be found.

Q.—Is the negro in town? A.—Yes, sir, or he was a month ago, I saw him on the street.

Q.—What was his name? A.—Tom—I think you can get his address. I think his name is Tom Dunigan or Muldoon, or some such name, and his residence had been for some time at 202 Chestnut street.

Q.—What is his business, now? A.—Well, he stays about helping move, something like that.

Q.—Now, Mr. Witness, I would like you to be as particular as you can about that; now describe him so we can get him. We are seeking for information. A.—I can give you his exact address at the store.

Q.—If we send an officer with you, you can give it? A.—Yes, sir; you can send an officer with me or I'll send it by mail.

Q.—You understood this $200 not being sufficent, that, therefore, you got into trouble? A.—The amount I am not positive about; it may be $200 or $150.

Q.—Do you know to whom that money was paid or did you hear? A.—No, sir; I don't.

Q.—Do any of the young men live in town? A.—There is Charles Gaylord. * * *

Q.—Where does he live, and what does he do? A.—I've got his address in a memorandum in the office.

Q.—You will give that to us? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Is he a white man or colored man? A.—He is a white man.

Q.—Any other? A.—Well, this Pat O'Connor.

Q.—He is at Mr. Butler's? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—What is business there, do you know? A.—I think he is learning a trade. He is learning to be a horse shoer.

Q.—What was Pat's duty in the store there? A.—Well, he helped pack the tea, and sometimes he would sell.

Q.—There is O'Connor, the negro man, and Charles Gaylord. Are those the only ones that you now know of that are in the city? A.—Yes, sir; those are the only ones that reside in the city.

Q.—Do you know how much was offered per week, if anything, for immunity to run there? A.—No, sir.

Q.—What were your particular duties in the store? A.—To answer the correspondence—the German correspondence, particularly—and help sell during dinner hours, and fill up occasional orders, and so on.

Q.—You may state the name of some of those whom you think are not in the city now. A.—This man, Paul Masten, W. H. Sherman—I remember the names, but I don't know where they can be found—there is Henry Yeakel.

Q.—Where is he? A.—That is the question; I don't know myself.

Q.—Is there any other you remember? A.—Tom Phillips and son. His son went by a different name.

Q.—Do you know where they are? A.—No, sir. They claimed to be father and son.

Q.—The son went by one name and he another? A.—Yes, sir; I found that out after the arrests were made.

Q.—Did you keep the books? A.—No, sir; Mr. Pickard's manager would, as far as the cash was concerned. He would call every hour or half hour, and take the money out of the drawer and leave a certain amount of change. This young man (Gaylord) can tell, so far as the receipts are concerned, better than I can. I answered the letters.

Q.—Where are these books now, so far as you know? A.—In the office of Mr. Pickard.

Q.—Where was this place? A.—116 North Fourth street.

Q.—Pickard you say is not in town? A.—No, sir. I would like to have him here myself.

Q.—Do you know any method by which the money you have spoken of was paid to these parties—how it was paid? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Do you know of its being put in certain packages and persons coming and getting those packages? A.—That is the supposition.

Q.—Why do you suppose that? A.—Well, I seen a diamond ring come out that way.

Q.—To whom? A.—Mr. Butler for his daughter; he bought a can of tea, and as Mr. Pickard said he was lucky enough to find a diamond ring. We all seen it; he took it out himself.

Q.—Mr. Butler did? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—He took it out there in the store? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Did you see him take any other prize there? A.—No, sir; he took it out on the counter.

Q.—A diamond ring? A.—Yes, sir; it was a small affair.

Q.—You say you did not see him get any other prize there? A.—No, sir.

Q.—Did you ever see him buy there except that once? A.—I don't think I did. I'm not positive. I don't remember.

LATEST EDITION.

BEFORE THE TWELVE

Gov. Crittenden in the Grand Jury Room.

Circuit Attorney Harris Conducting His Examination.

Has Cleveland Resigned?—The Governor Will Make a Reply to the Committee of Four on His Return to Jefferson City—The Police and Gambling Scandals.

Governor Thomas T. Crittenden drove from the Southern Hotel to the Four Courts at 10 o'clock this morning, in a handsome coupe. He rode alone, and the POST-DISPATCH reporter who accompanied him to the door of the vehicle walked. The Governer ascended at once to the third floor of the building and was loitering about the dark corridor, closely clutching the letter book and package of documents under his arm, attended only by his friend, philosopher and guide, the mud-bespattered POST-DISPATCH reporter, when Assistant Circuit Attorney Sullivan came out of the room and discovered the presence of the distinguished witness. The jury was in waiting and the Governor and his brown paper bundle disappeared through the portal. A moment later Circuit Attorney Harris entered, and the inquisition commenced. The examination will extend from the time of Finney's removal down to the present day, and will surely occupy the whole day.

Has Cleveland Resigned?

The impression is prevalent that H. D. Cleveland resigned his position as Police Commissioner on Wednesday, mailing the document so that it reached Jefferson City on Thursday morning, at which time the Governor had arrived in St. Louis. Mayor Ewing, Dr. Lutz who returned to the city this morning, ex-Chief Campbell, Chief Taaffe Commissioner Caruth and Councilman Tempeday that they know anything about it. Governor Crittenden's evasive manner of answering the question, as directly put to him this morning, goes far to confirm the report of the resignation.

"Do I know that Mr. Cleveland has resigned?" asked the reporter.

"I see it so stated in the papers."

"But what do you know of it?"

"The papers state that it is awaiting me at Jefferson City."

"But what do you know of it?"

"Why, that if it is there when I get back, I will find it; if not, I will not find it."

"And is that all you have to say?"

"What do you want me to say?"

"Yes or no, has Cleveland resigned?"

"Why don't you ask Cleveland?"

"Because you are the one to announce the receipt of resignations."

"Ah, you young men of the press are never happy unless asking questions. I cannot say anything about it just now." And so saying, with that engaging smile which won so many votes in 1880, the Governor handed his brown paper bundle into the waiting coupe, and gave the order, "To the Four Courts."

"To fate," remarked Frank Ketchum, the Missouri politician, who was standing by.

Mayor Ewing was asked by a reporter if he knew whether Cleveland had resigned. "I have not heard a word about it," was the reply.

Dr. Lutz, who has returned from "the country" after an absence of two days, was met at the City Hall. To the question he replied, "I know nothing whatever of Mr. Cleveland's movements or intention. He is, as you reporters have perhaps found out by this time, a man who keeps his own counsel."

Chief of Police Taaffe, was met in his office still arrayed in plain clothes, and wearing only a badge of office, instead of the massive gold and jeweled affair that generally decorates the manly breast of a new Chief within a fortnight of his appointment. He said: "I am here attending strictly to my business as Chief of Police, and I have nothing to do with resignations or rumors of resignations. I am an officer, not a news-gatherer."

Ex-Chief Campbell was met as he emerged from the door of the Mayor's office. "I know nothing about it," he said. "How should I?"

Brad. Allen, at the Southern, said: "I don't know whether he has resigned or not, but, all the same, I do know that my brother Russ. did send him a letter, telling him that he must either leave the Police Board or the Cass Avenue Railroad."

Mr. Cleveland was met near Eighth and Pine streets.

"Have you resigned, Mr. Cleveland?"

"So the papers say."

"But have you?"

"I am a man that attends strictly to my own business, and I do not do my business through the newspapers. All I know is that the first flush of the indignation manufactured at the Merchants' Exchange has passed away, and that a revulsion of public feeling has set in. I told you it would. As to my own movements just now I have nothing to say, and that is all I have got to say." And so saying he got into his buggy and sailed away through the mud. A sporting man would willingly bet 4 to 1 that Cleveland has resigned, but still it is not a sure thing.

The Governor Will Reply.

Governor Crittenden did not come down stairs at the Southern Hotel, this morning, until ten minutes past 10 o'clock. There was a dearth of callers: not a police commissioner nor a manager put in an appearance. As a rule, Joe McEntire has always put in an appearance at the breakfast hour, whenever the Governor was in the city.

The Governor spent all of yesterday afternoon in the corridors, and last evening he circulated freely through the throng until half-past 9 o'clock, when he was forced to go upstairs to escape the attentions of an intoxicated admirer. Hon. Chris Ellerbe and the ever faithful POST-DISPATCH body-guard alone greeted Missouri's Executive, as he came briskly down the grand stair-case this morning, carrying the little brown paper parcel, which is liable to become famous, under his arm. Ellerbe only wanted to shake hands, and made an appointment for some future time, and then the POST-DISPATCH reporter said to the Governor: "What will you do, Governor, about securing the publicity of your testimony before the Grand Jury?"

"I don't know that I can do anything. I cannot talk, the jurymen cannot talk, and I understand that the Circuit Attorney does not construe the law as giving him any license in the premises, I am so informed, at least. I can only say for myself that I never make any statement before a Grand Jury, or elsewhere, that I am not willing that the entire State may hear."

"You are not debarred from answering in a public manner, public accusations."

"Certainly not."

"The Merchants' Exchange resolutions and manifesto would seem to be presented in such form as to invite, if they do not call for, a pubic answer."

"I shall make answer to the document presented me by those gentlemen yesterday, but I will do nothing whatever in the matter until my return to Jefferson City—to the State Capital."

The Governor at the Four Courts.

Yesterday Governor Crittenden made his way to the Four Courts in an unostentatious street car, and as he ascended the stairs to the Circuit Attorney's office, his polished boots were flecked with St. Louis mud. There was something about his appearance at the portal of the Grand Jury yesterday his only companion being his brown-paper bundle, remotely suggestive of Thomas Jefferson riding up to the Capitol on his old horse, dismounting without assistance, and walking into the Supreme Court Chamber to take the oath of office. To-day he came, however, in state. One of the handsomest coupes from the Southern stand came swinging over the new granite pavement of Clark avenue, and rounded up at the Eleventh street entrance with a flourish. The Governor and his precious brown paper parcel got out and ascended to the Circuit Attorney's office. Mr. Heney, who was in charge of the office, looked inquiringly at the brown paper parcel, and was about to ask him where he got it, when, recognizing the Governor, he said: "Right up to the Grand Jury room, Governor, they are waiting for you." The Governor ascended to the next floor, but there was no one in waiting, and he knocked about the corridor for several minutes before he was discovered by Mr. Sullivan, who ushered him in with formality. The reporter was left in the corridor to associate with the echo of the slamming door.

A Query for Kinkead.

ST. LOUIS, October 19, 1888.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I have read the testimony given before the Grand Jury—as published in your paper—with considerable interest, and am somewhat amused at the attempted role of "Injured Innocence," as affected before that Jury by Alexander Kinkead. I have no means of knowing what was the persuasive argument of Mr. McChesneythat induced Kinkead to give him his blank resignation, but I do know this—and I defy Alex. Kinkead to deny it in any Court of Justice—that he was a candidate for Police Commissioner, during Gov. Phelps' term of office, and that he gave a *blank resignation* to A. B. Wakefield; and when he was satisfied he could not get appointed to the office, he then went to a gentleman; and implored him to get his blank resignation out of Wakefield's possession. Mr. Kinkead's attempt to seek protection under the "Baby Act," does not suit

GEORGE.

The Ordeal Over.

At 3:15 p. m. the Governor was released by the Grand Jury. He stated to a POST-DISPATCH reporter that he had finished with the jury, and that he was going back to Jefferson City this evening.

Notes.

The Governor will return to Jefferson City tonight, if the Grand Jury gets through with him.

Sam Arnold accepted an appointment as judge of election precinct 190 this morning, but stipulated that he was not to file a blank resignation.

Under the impression that Cleveland has resigned, Citizen Flink is moving upon the Governor for the vacancy. Ex-Commissioner Dorsheimer is said not to be averse to another term.

Ed Butler is asking about the streets if John Campbell did not go to Louisville during the spring meeting and have a long private conference with Pate, and if Campbell did not receive several private letters from Saratoga this summer written by Pate.

Education in Texas.

"Yes, Texas bids fair to lead the Southern States in the matter of education," remarked Mrs. J. B. Liggon of Terrell, Texas, to the POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning. Mrs. Liggon is visiting the present great with a view of incorporating into the Texas school system the methods of our primary and kindergarten instructors.

"You are really visiting the city with a view of catching on to our school methods, then?"

"Yes: I was sent here by the executive committee of a Board of Educators in our county with that end in view. I must say that I cannot help admiring your primary school methods; they are so thoroughly practical. I understand that your public schools have opened this fall with some thirty new teachers, and that you are about to form an immense linguistic class, numbering many of the distinguished educators of the West."

"How is Kaufman County progressing educationally?"

"Well, looking at the matter practically, the present system is probably better than any new system can be with the present amount of money (perhaps if the average amount paid to the teachers of the county from the public fund be increased the work might be superior. At present the average monthly salary paid to teachers in our county ranges from $30 to $40. The average per capitation of white pupils, as regards their actual attendance, is from $1 to $1 65. The character of our school houses are neat and pleasant; usually of a single room, and one-story. We have also singular feature connected with our county system. The cash receipts from fines for violation of the Local Option Law goes into our school fund. We have nine school houses in the county belonging to the State."

The Presbyterian Synod.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The attention of the Presbyterian Synod at its closing session was principally occupied with the consecration overtures, the Presbyteries of Buffalo and New York asking the Synod to be constituted a representative body. The basis of representation proposed was that there should be allotted to each fourteen churches and ministers taken together, or any fraction thereof, two delegates, one minister and one ruling elder, and that no presbytery should have more than twenty such representatives. This overture was adopted. The overture from the Presbytery of Genesee, recommending a division of the synod into three parts, was rejected as inexpedient. A resolution was adopted referring the question of the supervision of the church work in New England to the Board of Home Missions. It was reported that Hamilton College was in need of $500,000, and it was decided to set apart one Sunday in each year for a collection in behalf of the college. The next meeting will be held at Buffalo in October next.

Adjourned.

Death of S. M. Edgell.

Stephen M. Edgell, an old and highly respected citizen of this city, died at his home, No. 3015 Lucas avenue, at noon to-day, in the 73d year of his age. Mr. Edgell had lived here for a great many years, and had connected himself with a number of public enterprises. He was one of the original incorporators, and for a long time a director of what was known as the Eastern Division of the Union Pacific Railway. At the time of his death he was connected with several corporations. Among others he was president of the Missouri State Mutual Fire Insurance Company, president of the Marine Insurance, and president of the Asphaltum Paving Block Company. He has held the presidency of the first mentioned insurance company for the last thirty-one years without interruption. The ailment which caused his death was paralysis, of which he had two previous attacks. He left two children, a son, George S. Edgell, who is treasurer of the St. Louis Bolt and Iron Company, and a daughter, the wife of Justin Jordan, the New York banker. Mr. Edgell left property which is estimated to be worth over $300,000.

Court of Criminal Correction.

Henry Smith was sentenced to twenty days in the Work House for stealing a valise from Frank Albaugh.

Samuel Haux, for stealing a box of tobacco from Douglas, Street & Co., was sentenced to nine months in the Work House.

Kate Quick was given sixty days in the Workhouse for stealing $3 from Jos. Bader.

In the case of H. H. Coons and John F. Richards for forcible entry into 2007 and 2009 North Ninth street, and detainer, the motion in arrest was overruled and defendant Richards sentenced in accordance with the finding. An appeal was prayed for and granted, supersedeas allowed, and ten days' time to file bill of exceptions given.

New warrants were sworn out against Charles Scott and Eliza Scott for disturbing the peace; Henry Lampert, petit larceny; D. C. Dausheimer, embezzlement of $606 from the Taylor Manufacturing Company, for which he was a collector; Wm. C. De Frize, fraud.

City Hall Notes.

City collections: Licenses, $1,648 90; taxes, $2,106 82.

The Mayor will send no nominations to the Council this evening.

The Board of Public Improvements propose to utilize Work House convicts in breaking up the walls of the old reservoir to make macadam.

Mayor Ewing says that he does not recognize the existence of the Cummings branch of the Council or the "Social Seven," which has inaugurated a series of Thursday evening gatherings. He will send them no official communication, nor will he receive any from them. To his eyes they stand in about the position of the "Modoc Rowing Club" or the "Jumping Six Social."

ABOUT TOWN.

ONLY one marriage license was issued to-day. The parties are Friederich Kueller and Miss Amalie Keigers.

THE annual ball of the Buena Vista Social Circle will be given at Union Capital Hall Saturday night, October 20. The hops of this society have always been pleasant, and a grand time is anticipated on the occasion of this year's ball.

Weather Report.

SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., October 19, 1888.

Time.	Bar.	Ther	D. P.	Dir.	Vel.	Weather
6:07 a. m.	30.006	64.2	63.9	SW	10	Fair.
10:07 a. m.	30.142	65.2	61.0	SW	5.5	Fair.
2:07 p. m.	30.150	70.0	55.0	N	0	Fair.

Maximum temperature, 71.0.
Minimum temperature, 64.2.
Rainfall, 0.21 inches.

J. H. WEBER,
Sergt. Signal Corps, U. S. A.

W.

SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE.

Its Speedy Termination Predicted by the Strikers.

Condition of Each of the Roads—The Vacan Places Being Rapidly Filled.

The prospects of success for the striking switchmen are growing less with each succeeding hour, and to-day the most enthusiastic advocate of increased pay and shorter hours expected no concessions on the part of the railroads. The feeling of discontent on the part of the men is increasing and several others, who have abandoned all hope of regaining their old positions, have left for other railroad towns in search of work. The morning trains on nearly all the roads brought in men to fill the positions of the strikers, and at noon to-day all the yards were in better condition than at any time since last Monday noon, when the strike was inaugurated. Deputy Sheriff Anthony, who has charge of all the deputy sheriffs on duty in the various railroad yards, is constantly circulating among the strikers, and to his untiring efforts is due the successful preventing of violence to the men at work. Most of the strikers have abandoned the Relay Depot and now assemble in the vicinity of the yards, where they formerly worked, but in only a few cases have they attempted to interfere with the workmen.

THE BRIDGE COMPANY

secured the services of twelve competent switchmen this morning and placed them at work about 10 o'clock. Their force is now full, and although the new men do not yet thoroughly understand the yard, it is expected they can handle all the business required of the bridge by Sunday. The Conlogue is in better shape than yesterday, and is securing men to fill the vacancies caused by the strike. Under no consideration will the Conlogué employ any of the strikers in their yards. The Cairo and St. Louis Road experiences no difficulty in handling all freight in their yards. Mr. John Tenny, freight agent, says they are in as good condition as ever they were, and have had no trouble with the strike. The Cairo Short Line is having considerable trouble to retain switchmen, although they get several new ones every day. The strikers assemble near the Cairo Short Line yards every morning and remain there all day, making it a point to see all new employes and either inducing or forcing them to quit work. Two strange men were placed switching this morning but had worked only a short time when a delegation of strikers visited them, and, by threats of dire vengeance, forced one of the men to quit. The forces of deputy sheriffs will be increased in the Cairo Short Line yards, and protection guaranteed to all who desire to work. The general freight agent, chief clerk and yardmaster in this yard are attending to the switching. The Indianapolis and St. Louis Road employed seven new switchmen since yesterday and are in possession of all their yards at the present time. Their strikers have shown no inclination to interfere with the men at work, but Deputy Anthony thinks it advisable to keep six men on guard.

THE BELT ROAD.

The superintendent and yardmaster of the Belt Road are doing all their switching with the assistance of two new men, and manage to keep up with their business. A number of the strikers attempted to interfere with the men at work this morning, but were driven from the neighborhood by Captain Clubb and his men. One of the strikers who visited the Belt has figured conspicuously in several assaults on the men at work of late, and will be vigorously prosecuted as soon as arrested. The Belt Road has an entire new force of men, which they will start switching this afternoon. Mr. Barnhart, freight agent of the Louisville and Nashville, aided by the yardmaster, has done most of the switching in their yards this week, and although badly crowded still manage to keep their trains moving and handle all their freight. Three new hands were secured at noon to-day and after being sworn in as deputy sheriffs commenced switching in the Louisville and Nashville yards. The old employes visit the yards occasionally, but are very quiet and gentlemanly to those taking their places. The Vandalia had three engines and crews working at noon to-day, and had sent out five freight trains and one coach train during the morning. A large force of Deputy Sheriffs have been kept on guard there under control of Deputy Ragland of Belleville.

THE VANDALIA.

Two strikers, well under the influence of liquor, visited the Vandalia this evening and demanded that the men at work should immediately quit. Deputies Anthony and Ragland attended to the committee and the probabilities are they will not visit the yard again while the strike is in progress. Another crew will be placed at work on the Vandalia this afternoon. The immense number of freight cars which have been side-tracked in the Vandalia yards for the last few days have all disappeared, and the yards at noon to-day were as clear as they have been for two months past. The Ohio and Mississippi are are working as usual, have a full force of switchmen, guarded by United States marshals, and are not in the least crowded with cars. The Wabash is in fair working order to-day, although a little crowded with cars and short of men. Some switchmen, brought in on the morning trains, were put to work at noon and were not molested by the strikers. The Chicago and Alton made up three large freight trains and sent them out this morning, and were expecting a large freight train to arrive at noon. The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy is in better working order to-day than yesterday, having secured two new switchmen. The Illinois and St. Louis are in no trouble and can get more switchmen from Belleville than they can use. It was reported this morning about the Relay Depot that the strikers had succumbed and returned work, but the rumor was not verified by inquiry in any of the yards visited. Several of the strikers assembled at the depot this morning stated that they were heartily sick of the strike, and that, no doubt, gave rise to the rumor.

ON THE ST. LOUIS SIDE.

The condition of the strike on the west side of the river is enough to warrant the prediction that it will be settled in a few days. The railroads are finding much difficulty in securing men to do the switching, and although committees of the strikers are visiting the different yards and doing all in their power to withdraw the men at work, their efforts are uniformly failures. One of the strikers, who has heretofore been very sanguine about the success of the strike, to-day admitted to a POST-DISPATCH reporter that the men could not hold out past Monday. "We struck before we were ready," said he, "expecting outside help. That help is not forthcoming and we will have to quit. If we give up the fight now, you can bet on one thing, and that is, that on the first day of January we will be getting the Chicago scale or be in the middle of one of the biggest strikes that people have seen for years."

No Strike at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., October 19.—As far as is known there is no serious disaffection here among the railroad switchmen. They generally deny that there is any intention of a strike. None few assume a mysterious silence, but if there is any movement afoot it is known only among themselves.

THE RAILROADS.

Notes and Personals.—Two More Appointments on the Gould Properties.

W. D. Sanborn, division freight and passenger Agent of the C. B. & Q., returned from the North this morning.

Col. H. M. Hoxie, vice president, and Geo. Olds, freight traffic manager of the Gould Lines, returned from Chicago this morning.

J. F. How, secretary of the Wabash, has gone to Texas to look over the coal mines of the Gould roads in that State. He will also inspect the properties in the Indian Territory.

G. D. Bacon, general western passenger agent of the O. & M., left for the West this morning.

The railroad employes of the Gould and Wabash systems have been anxious for some time to learn who would be appointed to fill the position of assistant general freight agent of the Wabash, made vacant by the promotion of C. L. Wellington. Everyone expected Frank Tibbitts would be the lucky man. Frank has been connected with the general freight department of the Wabash for many years, and is a thoroughly capable man, but the judgment of the higher officials differed with the boys', and Mr. J. T. Ripley has been appointed to fill the vacancy, to take effect November 1. Mr. Ripley is at present employed on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and he is a brother of E. P. Ripley, general freight agent of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. He is spoken of as a capable railroad man.

The amount of coal hauled over the Gould and Wabash systems has grown to such large proportions that it has been absolutely impossible for the freight department to give the attention it requires. With a view to giving entire satisfaction to the coal dealers and connecting coal roads, Col. H. M. Hoxie and Mr. Geo. Olds have issued a circular reading like this:

"Mr. H. T. Lemist is hereby appointed commercial coal agent, and has charge of all the soft coal traffic of these lines, excepting that of Texas and the Indian Territory. For information relative to rates and supplies of soft coal, address H.T. Lemist, commercial coal agent, St. Louis."

Col. Hoxie comes very near pleasing the patrons of his lines by the liberal policy he has followed ever since his advent in this city.

THE MULLANPHY BOARD.

An Advance Synopsis of Its Forthcoming Report—A Credit of $412,526 72.

Wm. H. Block, secretary of the Mullanphy Board, this morning filed with the Mayor duplicate reports of the Board for six months, ending August 31, 1888, for transmission to the Municipal Assembly, as provided by chapter 26 of the revised ordinances:

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand, March 1, 1883		$ 5,196 49
House rent		8,179 50
Ground rent		4,361 41
Transportation refunded		38 65
Real estate		6,000 00
Water license		57 00
Total		$ 23,836 05
Expenditures	$ 14,216 96	
Cash on hand, August 31, 1883	9,619 09	
		$ 23,836 05
Emigrants		525
Travelers		384
Total have obtained relief		909

Nationality—United States, 214; France 14; England, 25; Scotland, 6; Ireland, 58; Germany, 408; Russia, 102; other countries, 82. Total, 909.

Destination—Missouri, 650; Kansas, 42; Iowa, 4; Nebraska, 67; Texas, 40; Colorado, 25; Utah, 1; Illinois, 7; Arkansas, 33; California, 7; Minnesota, 12; Indian Territory, 2; Wisconsin, 7; Montana, 8; Indiana, 4. Total, 909.

Meals furnished, 1,426, lodgings 388, to 265 persons.

Transportation furnished to 347 persons.

The credit side of the ledger balance shows the following:

Mullanphy bequest stock	$390,985 81
Ground rent	4,361 41
House rent	8,179 50
Total	$412,526 72

The real estate now owned by the trust fund amounts in aggregate to $393,165 01.

Coming from Chihuahua.

The delegation of Mexican merchants from the the State of Chihuahua while in the city will be the guests of the Mexican-Spanish Commercial Exchange. It is the first visit of the kind in the history of the trade relations between the two countries, and should, therefore, be regarded by our merchants as an important event. The members of the Mexican Exchange met at their rooms last night and made partial arrangements for the entertainment of the party. President Ewald, of the Merchants' Exchange, while taking an active interest in everything that pertains to the reception, says that no action has been taken by the members on 'Change toward tendering a special reception, nor is it probable that any will be. Of course all the merchants on 'Change will co-operate with the members of the Mexican Exchange in preparing a programme of entertainment. The visit is intended to be one purely commercial in character, and the social part of the programme will be a secondary consideration.

The members of the Elks' Club, however, have already sent an invitation to Mr. Cahill requesting that the party be turned over to them for an evening's entertainment. This will doubtless be accepted. The Spanish-American Club, at its meeting Wednesday night, elected a committee of reception, to act in conjunction with members of the Spanish Exchange, to make arrangements for a banquet to be given the visitors some evening during their stay. The president of the club, Mr. Margard G. Forster, addressed a letter to Mr. Cahill, informing him of the action of the club, but as yet their communication has been treated with silent neglect. It is alleged that a spirit of rivalry existing between the Spanish and Mexican Exchanges is liable to bar the Spanish-American Club from the privilege of entertaining the visitors.

On the Wing.

F. B. Tucker leaves for Laredo this evening.

D. C. Marquis goes to Chicago to-night via the Wabash.

Mr. Whitbeck leaves for Kansas City to-night by the Wabash.

Mrs. Jos. Garneau leaves for Council Bluffs tonight via the Wabash.

C. M. Chinard goes to Galveston via the Iron Mountain this evening.

C. W. Walker, G. B. Andrews and S. G. Downing leave for Philadelphia to-night by the Vandalia Line.

F. L. Kellogg, Mrs. Billingsly, J. K. Ashby and Mrs. Thos. Crow leave for San Francisco this evening.

C. H. Bodorth, Judge Breckenridge, B. F. Davis, S. M. Duncan, J. W. Burroughs and Mrs. A. M. Casmare leave for New York to-night by the Vandalia Line.

Truth Moving On.

In a telegram to the POST-DISPATCH from Ohio, a friend of the philosopher, "J. N." assumes the pressure as follows: "J. N." will lift the veil in the Court House at Carthage, Mo., on the 5th of November, and in Topeka, Kan., on the 6th. If the people are not quite ready in these places he will see them later. "J. N." says this reaction must come slowly and gradually, and thus divide on all alike.

Divorce Suit.

A suit for divorce was instituted to-day by Jennie Hodgson against Edward E. Hodgson. The parties were married in Philadelphia in January 4, 1877, and lived together until July 10, 1878, on which latter date the defendant deserted the plaintiff and has since absented himself from her. She asks that her maiden name of Jennie Morley be restored to her.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Sam Evans, colored, stole a small quantity of coal from a coal car last night and was bound over for the Grand Jury by 'Squire Bunyan.

Chas. F. Bergesch, for four years collector on the lower roadway of the bridge, has resigned, to enter into the livery business for himself in St. Louis.

Charles Ellis was arrested this morning by officers Stack and Behan for running a vehicle without license and was fined $6 and costs by 'Squire Draggon.

Having sold my interest in the POST-DISPATCH routes in East St. Louis and Belleville to Mr. R. J. Pearson, he alone is entitled to receipt for subscriptions to the POST-DISPATCH and collect all debts due me.

C. M. JOHNSTON.

John Dodson, a carpenter on the Narrow Gauge Road, fell from a bridge, about ten miles from St. Louis, last evening, and broke his left leg, besides sustaining severe internal injuries. Dr. Winton, who is attending, does not think Dodson can survive his injuries.

John Johnson, a brakeman on the Illinois Central road, was in a collision out on the road last night and was taken to Dr. Winton's office this morning with his left leg broken at the ankle and below the knee, his right arm broken below the elbow, his left hand badly crushed, his nose broken and his head and face cut and bruised. He was taken to a boarding-house on Broadway, and will be sent to Evansville tonight. It is not likely he will recover.

Mrs. Kennedy was taken to the hospital in St. Louis last evening, to have a broken leg and other serious injuries, received at her home in a mysterious manner, attended to. The family claim that the lady fell on a piece of coal, but rumors are afloat which connect a member of the family with the lady's injuries. The internal injuries are of a very serious nature, and may cause the lady's death. The police will investigate the affair and should the lady die a coroner's inquest will be held and somebody in all probability found responsible for the deed.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Sergeant Rochow resigns, to become night superintendent at the Vulcan.

Geo. Hamlil, who fell with the ore yesterday at the Jupiter furnace, is dead.

A son of Mr. Madison, the colored preacher who conducted the camp-meeting at Blow's Grove, was this morning fined $10 for disturbance of the peace.

The American Legion of Honor nine has accepted a challenge from the Knights of Honor nine for a game of base-ball next Sunday afternoon opposite the Park.

The switchmen here have conducted themselves in the most quiet and orderly manner, as reported by Capt. Price. Evidently, however, they are not well pleased at the situation into which they have been unwillingly forced, for there are only a few here, some of them, however, owning their homes, but all satisfied with their treatment, and not a word of complaint about their wages. They are, as a rule, a good class of citizens, and declare that had they not been forced, they would now be at work. Capt. Price, however, states the men would be fully protected if they went to work, but to work with a guard over them the men do not appear to relish.

FURNISHING.

The Custom House Being Fitted Up for Occupancy.

How the Various Departments will be Furnished—Lighting Arrangements.

The main furniture contracts for the new Custom House have been closed. The plans show the general furniture for the sub-basement to consist merely of gas fixtures, which are expected to be finally supplemented by electric light, the sub-basement being used for the machinery to run the building and a general storing department.

The furniture for the basement proper will consist of the apparatus necessary for the handling and distributing of heavy mail. The northwest corner of the basement proper has been elegantly fitted up with mahogany desks, operating table and other essential fixtures of the surgeon in charge of the Marine Hospital. The portion of the basement proper on the corner of Ninth and Olive st being fitted up as an appraiser's store. The furniture and fixtures will consist of elegant chandeliers, congressional and business chairs, mahogany desks and other necessary apparatus, such as office washstand, water cooler, lounge, mirror, file cases, wardrobe and safe. The furniture for the first floor, which is occupied entirly by the Post Office Department, will consist of the usual modern post office fixtures. The first floor on the stairway at the Eighth street entrance will be lit up by three-light gas brackets and two hall lanterns costing $50 each. The hall on the Ninth street entrance will be lit with two four-light hall lanterns of the same pattern and price. The corridors on the first story will be generally lighted with thirteen four-light chandeliers, two three-light and one two-light chandeliers, at an expense of about $1,000. The office of the Postmaster, assistant and auditor will be lit by two five-light chandeliers at a cost of $70 each, and two one-light brackets. The cashier's room will be lit up with one three-light chandelier, at a cost of $40, and a bracket. The files room and money order office will be lit up with chandeliers and brackets of the same pattern. The money-order office will be lit with two three-light chandeliers and eight brackets, at a total cost of $130. The office of the superintendent of mails will be lit with one three-light chandelier and four one-light brackets at a cost of $65. The other articles of furniture in the rooms of the Post Office floor, in addition to the improved desks and cuutes for the handling of mails will consist of improved flies-cases, tables, revolving stools, congressional chairs, wire screens and Mexican mahogany desks. The private offices will be furnished with brussels carpets of the latest styles and design. The lighting furniture for the second floor will be of the same general character as the Post Office department, and consists chiefly of chandeliers and brackets. The counters and file-cases for the rooms of the Collector of Customs have been specially designed for the special requirements of the department. The private offices of the Collector of Customs, Collector of Internal Revenue and Assistant Treasurer have been fitted up in the same general elegant style, as described in the Post Office department. The Sub-Treasury department, which is on this floor, has been extensively provided with burglar-proof and fire-proof vaults, capable of storing away all the wealth of Missouri. Vaults of a less extensive character than those provided for the Collector of Internal Revenue, while the Collector of Customs, who is required to make deposits each day at 3 p. m. at the sub-treasury, will be provided with movable steel safes. The Light-house Inspectors' rooms will also be provided with the essential furniture features of his craft, but which has not yet arrived. The Supervising Agent of the Pension Bureau, who arrived in the city on Monday last, will be provided with Mexican mahogany counters, desks and improved file-cases. The furniture for the third floor, which is occupied almost exclusively by the U. S. Court, U. S. Attorney, the Marshal and the Grand and petit juries, consists of furniture specially designed for the peculiar wants of the special offices. The United States District Court room on this floor is provided with two three-light standards at a cost of $60, and two twenty-four-light chandeliers with eight arms in rods of three lights each at a cost of $85. The District Court chambers will be lit up with four five-light chandeliers at a cost of $280, and the court library with one seven-light chandeliier at a cost of $57 25. The United States Court-room is provided with precisely the same style of light as the District Court-rooms. The private rooms of the Judges on the third floor of the United States District Attorney and the United States Marshal will be elegantly fitted up to correspond with the other federal offices of the building. The fourth floor, or attic story, which is used by the railway mail service, the model patent room, the Grand Army room, additional rooms for the use of the Judges and United States engineers, will be uniformly provided with the same style of chandelier and bracket lighting as on the lower floors, with the exception that the chandeliers will not be as expensive. The same general style and character of furniture will be found in these rooms, as in those already described. The base of the building has been fitted up into four offices for the use of the Signal Service, with the peculiar apparatus.

SEARCHING FOR A SON.

The Father, Worn Out with Mental Anxiety, Dies—In Mother's Arms at Last.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 19.—A special from Toronto, Ont., says: "About a year and a half ago a boy named Henry Ernermann was brought from England with a party of children and placed in a home at Galt. The child was a fair-haired, blue-eyed youth of 10 years, whose parents were induced to part with him by promises that he would be educated and brought up well. He was taken by a Dutch farmer, who appreciated his slight German accent and frankness, as a chore boy. The work was too much for his constitution, and after a few weeks he began to yearn for his home and friends. In a short time this yearning overcame all other feelings and he ran away from his master, returning to the home at Galt. A search was instituted all around for two weeks, he pleaded, with tears in his eyes, to be sent home. The authorities told him that it was impossible and set him

TO WORK

around the house. Suddenly, however, he disappeared and an active search failing to discover him, the authorities, not fully knowing the circumstances, but the police were unable, although inquiries were made far and wide, to gain any tidings of him. The boy's parents, who were residing in England, were informed of the boy's disappearance, and the search was given up. The boy's mother was stricken with grief upon receiving the news, and she implored her husband to visit Canada and endeavor to find her boy. But they were poor and found some difficulty in gathering enough money to pay their passage. This was at last accomplished, and upon arriving at Montreal they

BEGAN THE SAD TASK

of finding the missing child. The German consuls at Montreal and Toronto were communicated with, and they, too, joined in the search. Notices were inserted in the papers of every city and town in Ontario, but without success. The father's health soon broke down under the great mental anxiety caused by the loss of his son, and he fell sick and died several months ago. This double affliction only spurred on the widowed mother to redoubled energy in her search. By toiling early and late she managed to scrape together enough money to come on to Toronto, where she resumed the search. Every village and town in Waterloo County was visited, she sustaining herself by peddling pincushions and other small wares.

BROKEN-HEARTED, SHE WAS

at last compelled to give up the task and returned to the city. On Tuesday last she heard that a boy answering the description of her son was in the employ of a farmer near Oshawa, and she had just returned home from the post office where she had posted the letter inquiring about the youth in question, when the door opened and her long lost son walked in. The joy of the mother at once more clasping in her arms her son may easier be imagined than described."

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 19.—For South Atlantic States, generally fair weather, followed in northern portion by local rains, northeast winds, stationary or falling barometer, and nearly stationary temperature. West Gulf States, partly cloudy weather, variable winds, shifting in northern portion to northerly, rising barometer, stationary or falling temperature. Tennessee and Ohio Valleys, partly cloudy weather and local rains, southwesterly, shifting to northwest winds, rising barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature. Lower Lake Region, partly cloudy weather and local rains, southerly, shifting to northwesterly winds, rising barometer in the western portion, slight fall in the eastern portion, followed by rising barometer, stationary or falling temperature. Upper Lake Region, fair weather, preceded by light local rains, westerly, shifting to northerly winds, rising barometer, falling temperature. Upper Mississippi Valley, fair weather, preceded by light local rains in extreme northern and southern portions, westerly, shifting to northerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or slight fall in temperature. Missouri Valley, generally fair weather, northerly winds, rising barometer, stationary or lower temperature. The Mississippi River will continue to rise slightly; the other rivers will remain nearly stationary.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Continuing the War on the Washington Territory Land Sharks—Indian Affairs.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 19.—Commissioner McFarland, of the General Land Office, is continuing vigorously the crusade inaugurated against what are known as land cruisers in the West. Upon the report of the special agents of thirteen entries, the public lands of Washington Territory were yesterday held for cancellation. The Commissioner says all the parties in these cases appear to have combined in the commission of fraud, the combination even extending to a notary, who witnessed the papers. All the entries after his confirmation were transferred to one individual.

THE COMMISSIONER OF INDIAN AFFAIRS has received a report from Indian Agent Tufts at the Union Agency, I. T., giving the result of the election recently held in the Creek Nation to fill the position of Chief. The Agent reports that the vote stood as follows: J. M. Perryman, 641; Samuel Chicote, 608; Pur He Chee, 468. The vote was canvassed by a committee composed of the adherents of the three candidates. The agent says the returns from certain towns were thrown out because of irregularities, but adds that the result would not be affected thereby, and warns the commissioners that a few Indians and negroes, at the instigation of designing white men, will complain to him of the result and charge unfairness to the unsuccessful candidates.

A SECRETARY TO A SECRETARY.

The Secretary of State has addressed a letter to the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission in reply to an inquiry as to what branch of the service in the several bureaus of the State Department will require special examination for admission. He says, quoting ex-Secretary Fish, that the clerical force of the department is small and should have the personal confidence of the head of the department, a knowledge of international law and practical familiarity with many foreign languages. A power of reticence is also a requisite which is ascertained only by test, experience or intimate personal knowledge of the party, and cannot be determined by any examination by a board. The Secretary then goes on to say that it is necessary that most of the clerks in the Department of State should have at least sufficient knowledge of one or more foreign languages to read them in the original documents. Nevertheless, it is not absolutely necessary that every clerk should have this qualification, as his ability in other directions may more than compensate for its lack. But it is always necessary that twenty employes of this department should have a fair knowledge of French, German, Spanish or Italian. "Under these circumstances I would suggest that special examinaion be given to all applicants who may wish to enter this department which shall conform in some measure to the examination heretofore required in case of applicants for certain grades and consulates, and that are now required in case of applicants for clerkships."

COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS' REPORT.

The report of the Commissioner of Pensions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1883, shows that there were 30,236 names on the roll at the end of the fiscal year. During the year the names of seventy-six whose pensions had been dropped previously, were restored to the roll, making 38,956 pensions added during the year, an excess of 10,645 over the preceding year. The average annual value of each pension is $106, and the aggregate annual value of pensions is $32,245,192, an increase of $1,129,266. The amount paid for pension was $69,064,009; exceeding the annual value by several million dollars. The bulk of this excess was on account of the arrears of pensions, covering a period prior to the allowance of claims. The appropriation for the salary and fees to pension agents was exhausted and there is a balance due the agents.

S FROM AFAR.

asualty at Yorkshire, England.

enty Men Lose Their Lives losion—Riotous Miners at Relief for the Earthquake holera.

er 19.—An explosion occurred Wharncliffe Carleton colliery, y-three men were in the pit at e believed to have perished. already been recovered.

LATER.

on occurred five men rushed he shaft and were rescued, red. The men remaining in twenty were lost. A search anized, but the falling of tho ds the work. The explosion t shot.

EL WORKMEN KILLED.

19.—In the flight of a hundred flooded Severn tunnel two

IEF FOR CHIOS.

r 19.—The British Consul at persons on the main land by the earthquake. Assist- the Lord Mayor consents to s for relief of the sufferers. ADVERTISE DAVITT.

19.—The lessees of the bill- o post the announcement of

Greece.

9.—The Government has sent cian Archipelago, with sup- rs by the recent earthquake. enty bodies have been recov- n Anatolia. The earth near ly swallowed up with the

Egypt.

ber 19.—The village in which n out escaped the epidemic. the disease is attributed to the canal running through rom the cemeteries in which ere interred.

dagascar.

ctober 19.—A battle is report- ween the Hovas and Sakal- er was preparing to resume ast coast where the Hovas veral places. The English described as very hostile to

Africa.

ber 19.—The miners on a ave become riotous and are to property. The special the mob, killing two.

Mexico.

y 19.—The Mexican Governe for in $10,000,000 loan.

anada.

y 19.—A rumor is current dry goods firm is in finan-

ican Lutherans.

y 19.—The General Council utheran Church of North session to-day. The greater cupied in discussing the Luther.

for Silver Certificates.

y 19.—The amount of gold easury here from New Or- ville, Memphis and St. Louis es have been demanded arch 3 to date is $11,000,000. October 9 to the 18th, it was

al Burglars.

tober 19.—Burglars raided , in Gratiot County, last the safes of E. L. Drake ured $1,300 in booty, then and buggy and made off. They probably took the g the rig.

the want columnsfor the enty words cost only ten

S EARLY LOVE.

merous Romances of e War.

e of the Inter-Ocean.

I had something to say f "A Modern Hagar." ot Miss, as the printer mmediately. Southern ar. He has since died, into a small patrimony th of an eccentric rela- She was once engaged Burnside, and actually e altar with him. The as she says, before she ble words that she was So in a few words she nclusions to the exceed- lating minister, and re e as gracefully as pos-

nce after that. It wa Mrs. Clark was com important dispatches t do this she had to pas She baked a painful o hid the dispatches in

uth she was arrested on t that Gen. Burnside had arest division of the demanded to be brought gnized her. She said bite, and asked for a . He only hesitated a ote out one in silence "Does that comfort d, pointing to a small carried in her hand. e it." She opened the e biscuits. "Will you ey are pretty hard." to taste the proffered d a good dinner to be hen put her on the cars

e so important that she f the Confederacy for lionized through the ed if Southern hospi- afterward,

a Bride's Shoulder.

Geneva (Wis.) Letter.

y of note occurred here ptial ceremonies, at the Mr. James Knowles, ville, and Miss Maggie e. When the bride and their places, and the desmaid were takin d flew into the churc the head of the bride Brennan, a sister of the n flew to another part st, fluttering a moment rs. Brennan, mother of on her head; then, fly- the shoulder of the bride during the ceremony, ight through the open the mission of the ut- est, or whether it had a omens, good or ill, the vouched for by scores

uation for nothing by a ST-DISPATCH.

ABOUT TOWN.

CORNELIA DUPEE, colored, was fined $25 in the Second District Police Court, to-day, for carrying a concealed razor.

CAPT. MCDONALD of the Third Police District has several suits of clothes and a fine silk dress awaiting owners. The goods were recovered by means of pawn tickets found on three colored thieves who were arrested to-day.

Criminal Court.

The case of the State vs. Jerry P. Lannigan, assault to kill, was nolle pross'd.

Clark Thompson was fined $100 for assault with intent to do bodily narm.

Chas. Wray pleaded guilty to stealing a cow, and was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary.

The following pleaded not guilty, and were remanded for trial: Charles Anderson, robbery; Robert Cavender, assault to kill; John H. Key, grand larceny; Charles Lewis alias Williams, burglary and larceny, two counts; George Robertson, grand larceny; Robertson & Gravlin, grand larceny, three counts; Napoleon Summerfield, burglary and larceny; Jacob Schumacher, incest; Jeremiah Sheahan, burglary and larceny; David Chandler, assault to kill.

ALL advertisements in the want columns, not pertaining to business, 20 words for 10 cents, in the POST-DISPATCH.

POPE'S THEATER, Monday, benefit to Pierre Lauck and Chas. Fox. Don't't forget it.

WM. A. RUTLEDGE. W. M. HORTON.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL AGENTS,

No. 707 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

Levison & Blythe Stationery Co.

REMOVED TO

213 and 215 N. 3d St.,

Opposite the Post Office.

DEFAULTED BONDS

Of Missouri, Kansas, Illinois and Arkansas

Adjusted, Bought and Sold by

H. E. WEBER & CO.,

Successors to WM. C. LITTLE & CO.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

208 N. Third Street.

Dealers in STOCKS, BONDS AND NOTES and securities of every description. Stocks and Bonds carried on margin.

Established 1858.

BUDD & WADE.

Financial agents for Eastern capitalists, 612 Olive st. Real estate loans at 6 per cent. and privilege of paying principal before maturity, either in part or whole

MONEY.

Wall Street.

WALL STREET, October 18, 11 A. M.—Stocks opened ½@⅝ per cent higher, latter Northern Pacific preferred, which sold up to 63; a weaker feeling setting in prices fell off ½@1¼; Jersey Central opened at 84, rose to 85¼. There was a difference of ½@1⅝ per cent between cash and regular; stocks sold at ¼ per cent; Northern Pacific preferred ½@⅝. New York Central 1-16.

NEW YORK, October 19, 2:30 p. m.—William H. Vanderbilt has had about 17,000 shares of the Northwestern stock transferred on the books to his name. It is understood that Vanderbilt has purchased 13,000 shares of the Northwestern held by the Oscood estate. The price paid was about 130. A committee of bondholders was appointed toconsider the question of interest on the Texas Pacific's income, notified the Company that they do not propose to accept the script dividend, and requests the Company to decide this week about the payment of the interest in cash.

NEW YORK, October 19, 3 P. M.—After 2 the market opened ½ to 1¼ the latter for Northwestern; near the close there was a rally of ¼ to ½. There was a difference of 2 to 4 per cent in Northern Pacific preferred, sellers asking 3 and buyers 1 per cent. Jersey Central quiet. Market closed irregular.

NEW YORK, October 19, 2 P. M.—Near 2 o'clock brisk demand for Northwest; advanced in price to 120¾ for common and 139 for preferred. This turned the market and a general advance took place. Oregon Transcontinental sold up to 39¾. Western Union to 79¾. Lake Shore to 96¾. St. Paul to 96½. Union Pacific to 87⅜. Northern Pacific to 26¾ and preferred to 61¼.

COMMERCE.

St. Louis and Chicago.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat lower, closing at $1 00¾ November; $1 02 December; $1 03¾ January. Corn lower; 43⅜ November; 40¾@40⅞ year; 43¾ May. Oats lower; 26⅝ b. October; 26⅝ November; 31½@31¼ May. Provisions strong. Hogs higher.

CHICAGO.

Wheat lower at 90⅝@⅞ a. November; 92¾@⅞ December; 93½@⅝ January. Corn lower, 46½ a. November; 44½ year; 47½@⅝ May. Oats irregular; 27⅝ b November; 27⅜ a. year; 31½ May. Provisions higher. Pork $10 40 November; $10 65 January. Lard 7.62½ October; 7.17½ a year; 7.20@7.22½ January. Shorts 5.65 November; 5.50 January.

Closing Prices—1 P. M.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—October 89¾; November 91; December 92¾; January 93¾; May $1 00¾.

Corn—October 46½; November 46¾; December 45½; year 45; January 44½; May 47⅝.

Oats—October 27¼; November 27⅝; December —; year 27½; 31¾ 31⅜.

Pork—October $10 40; November $10 32½; December $10 25; year $10 17½; January $10 67; February $10 80.

Lard—October 7.62½; November 7.22½; December 7.20; year 7.15; January 7.22½; February 7.32½.

Short ribs—October 6.30; November 5.60; December —; January 5.47½; February 5.60.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—October 99; November $1; December $1 02; January $1 04; February $1 10 b.

Corn—October 52; November 50½; February 50½.

Oats—October 29½; November 30; December 30¾ b.

Closing Prices—To-Day.

Reported daily by the Culver Commission Company, rooms 208 and 210 Chamber of Commerce St. Louis.

Grain.

CHICAGO.

No. 2 red.	Closing Yesterday	Range To-day	Closing To-day
October	1 00⅝	1 00⅝	99¾ a
November	1 00¾	1 00 @1 01⅛	99
December	1 02¾	1 00¾@1 02¾	1 01⅜@⅝
Year	1 00¾		99¾ a
January	1 03½@¾	1 03¼@1 04¾	1 03¾
February	1 06¾	1 06¼@1 05⅞	1 05¾
Mar	1 10⅞	1 09¾@1 10¾	1 09¾

No. 2 red cash $1 07¼; in A., $1 00½@1 regular, but offered late at 99¾; No. 3 red 94¼ in St. A., 95 in A.; No. 4 87 bid this and 87½ for E. side: rejected 78 in U., 80¾ bid for C. and D.; No. 2 Mediterranean $1 02¾ bid for C., $1 03 for D.; No. 3 do 99 in U.,$1 bid for D.

CORN.

No. 2 mixed	Closing Yesterday	Range To-day	Closing To-day
October	46⅝	45⅞	45⅞ b
November	43¾	43¾	43¾ b
Year	41¾	40¾@41¼	40¾
January	41¾	40¾@40⅝	40⅝
May	44¾	44¼@44⅝	44⅝

No. 2 mixed cash 46@45¾, closing at 45¾ asked regular; No. 2w hite-mixed 51 this side; rejected do 51 this side; rejected 44¾@44¾ in St. L.

OATS.

No. 2	Closing Yesterday	Range To-day	Closing To-day
October	27¾		27¾ b
November	27¾	27@27¼	27
December	27¾@28	27¼@27¾	27¾
Year	27¾		26¾ b
May	31¾	31¾	31¾

No. 2 cash 27¾ in St. L., 27¼ bid regular; rejected 26¾ bid E. side, 26¾ for E. and St. L.

Rye—Cash No. 2 sold higher at 61¾ regular; for rejected 58 bid.

Flour—Market generally quiet and without special change in any of its features. The inquiry was limited and confined to local dealers who operated but sparingly in the market as it has been for a week past. The few sales that have prevailed the past few days. We quote the inside price on strong grades and outside lots between grades: Extra fancy $4 95@5 10; fancy $4 60@4 75; choice $4 40@4 70; family $4 10@4 20; XXX $3 90@3 70; XX $3 20@3 30; X $2 80@2 90; superfine $2 55@2 75; fine $2 20@2 30; patent $5 65@6 40. These prices are for sales at depot and levee; favorite brands 25c more and order lots higher.

Cornmeal—Firm and higher at $2 40@2 45 on order demand; pearl meal grits and hominy $3 50@3 60.

Rye Flour—Unchanged at $3 50@3 70 delivered.

Milfeed—Steady. Sacked bran 60 cents per ton point and mill, 62½ f.o.b. E. track; bulk bran 56 at country point.

Hay—The outlook in E. St. Louis was more favorable this morning, nearly all the loads having small forces of switchmen at work. All the hay offered met quick sale and at better prices. We quote: Timothy, choice, Prairie $9@9 50 for prime to strictly prime; $10 for choice; mixed $8@12 for common to choice; timothy $12@16, top rate for fancy. East side 50c@$1 per ton lower than above. Price Current.

Provisions showed quite a strong front, with the exception of pork, which was offered lower at $10 90, with a few small sales at that. Prime steam lard was steadily salable at 7½, loose and boxed shoulders sold at 4⅝@4¾, longs at 6⅜, c'ribs at 6¾ and shorts at 7¼, besides 300 boxes shorts for December at 5.90, taken for export. Bacon was strong, as its supply was scant; packed shoulders sold at 5¼, longs and c'ribs at 7¼, and shorts at 7⅝ c'del. Hams at 14½ @16. Tallow 7¼@7⅜ for prime and scrucy prime in oil barrels. In irregular packages ½ less; No. 2 6½@6¾; grease tallow 6¼. Breakfast bacon 9¼@11¾; on orders ½ higher. Grease 4¾@5 for brown, 5¼@5¾ for yellow; 6@6¼ for white. Beef—Extra mess $14@16 per barrel; $7 50@8 00 per half barrel; dried 12 @13; selected 14. Prime smoked tongues $5@5 50 ₱ dozen. Salt—Michigan $1 25@1 30; top rate this side; ground alum $1 15 per sack—small way 5@10c higher.

Highwines—Steady and without change; values firm at $1 14. Sales 162 brls. Chicago unchanged at $1 16. Peoria firm at $1 15. Cincinnati active and firm at $1 13.

Lead—A little better inquiry and $3 90 dat and $3 80 common, refined can readily be obtained: sellers, however, not disposed to make sales.

Grass Seed—Lower weaker with a declining tendency, but little offered. Values about $4 90 @5. Timothy steady but quiet at $1 20@1 25 for mixed and $1 28@1 30 for prime; red top slow at 35@45c.

Flaxseed—None offerred; salable at $1 33. Hempseed—Nominal at $1 50.

Castor Beans—Steady with $1 75 bid on a basis of pure.

Cotton.

Spots to-day were generally quiet and unchanged, but futures received quite a set back, New York especially falling off largely. Spots at Liverpool were only in moderate demand and freely supplied at quotations. New York and New Orleans were both quiet with a slightly easier tendency with very fair transactions. The local market was dull but unchanged; the sales posted were mostly made late the day previous, and amounted to over 1,100 bales for export principally; receipts show an increase over those of the day before, but the market generally was without any marked characteristics. Liverpool future market at the early opening was steady and a shade partly higher, but closed easy at a reduction of 1 to 2-64d. At Manchester yarns and fabrics were reported dull. Values opened dull at New York, with a decline from last evening's close of 3 to 6 points, and continuing to decline was 12 to 16 points off by 2:30 p. m., with the tone still easy. New Orleans not showing so marked a decline, was still easy and opened 5 to 7 points lower, which at the 1 p. m. call had increased to 6 to 9, but principally the latter figure. Trading at both these points was only fair.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Low ordinary, 7 3-16; ordinary, 8 13-16; good ordinary 9 5-16; low middling, 9 13-16; middling, 10 3-16; good middling 10 7-16; middling fair, 10 15-16. Stained—Nominal

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCK.

Gross receipts to-day 1,049 bales, against 1,685 bales last year; since September 1, 1883, 34,273 bales, against 38,754 same time last year; shipments to-day 978 bales, against 1,260 last year; since September 1, 1883, 27,340 bales, against 28,471 same time last year. Stocks in warehouses and compresses 16,521 bales, against 12,022 same time last year.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 5 15-16d; Orleans 6 1-16d. Sales 8,000 bales. Futures closed firm. October and November 5 36-64d; November and December 5 54-64d; December and January 5 55-64d; January and February 5 57-64d; February and March 5 59-64d; March and April 5 63-64d; April and May 6 2-64d; May and June 6 6-64d; June and July 6 9-64d.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed quiet and steady. October 10.47; November 10.48; December 10.58; January 10.73; February 11.80; March 11.03; April 11.15; May 11.36; June 11.37; July 11.47; August —. Sales 105,000 bales.

NEW ORLEANS.

Futures closed dull. October nominal; November 10.18; December 10.25; January 10.39; February 10.54; March 10.67; April 10.81; May 10.95; June 11.10; July 11.22. Sales 29,400 bales.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Quiet and easier; the bad weather caused a falling off in the demand. Quote fancy $3@3 25; fair to good $2@2 75, and common $1 50@2 ₱ brl.

POTATOES—Firm and in better demand at 40 @45c ₱ bu.

ONIONS—Lower, but in good request. Choice Northern red sold at $1 45@1 50.

EGGS—Lower and dull, with sales of choice marks at 19.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples firm and in active demand; peaches quiet and easy. We quote: Apples —Common dark 5½@6, fair to good 6¼@6¾, prime 6¾@6¾, sliced 6¾@7, evaporated 10@12. Peaches—Quarters and mixed 5¼@5¾, good to prime halves 6@6½. Blackberries 10@10¾.

PEACHES—None on market: no price quotable.

GRAPES—In light, offering, fair demand and steady. Sales ranged 5-lb baskets—Concord 30@35, Catawba 40@45; in 10-lb baskets—Concord 60@70, and Catawba 80@90.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Easy and demand moderate. We quote; Lemons $5@6 ₱ box. Louisiana oranges—$6 50@7 50 per brl for choice, and $3@4 for dark. Bananas $2 50@3 50 ₱ bunch Cocoanuts $45 per 1,000.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT—We quote: Quinces $3 and pears $3@3 50 ₱ box. Grapes—Choice Tokas $6 and Muskat $4@4 50 ₱ 10-lb case; damaged $1 50@3.

SAUERKRAUT—On orders $8 per brl; $4 25 per half-brl.

CRANBERRIES—In fair demand and steady; jobbing from store; Wisconsin 10@11; Cape Cod 12@13.

CELERY—In fair demand at 25@40 ₱ doz; top rates for large.

SMALL ORDERS—The following prices are for choice home grown stock on small orders, (consignments sell for much less): Horseradish $5 ₱ brl; carrots $2 ₱ brl; turnips $2; parsnips $2 25; Sweet Potatoes—Bermuda $2 and Nansemond $2 25 @2 50; cabbage $2 75 ₱ crate.

BUTTER—Quiet and unchanged. Quote: Creamery at 25@28, to 29 for selections; seconds at dairy rates. Dairy at 20@22 for choice, to 23@24 for fancy selections; fair 12@15; low grade 8@10. Good to choice near-by in pails 11@13; common 7@8.

POULTRY—In liberal supply, but demand very slack, and market dull and weak. We quote: Spring Chickens—Small and scrubby $1 50@1 75; fair to choice $2@2 25; fancy large $2 50; Old Chickens—Cocks $2 25@2 50; mixed $2 75@3; hens $3 25; turkeys $4@5, and ducks $2 50@2 75, according to size; geese nominal at $3@6.

CHEESE—Quiet. Full cream 10½@11; fair to choice part skims 7@10; inferior 2@5.

GAME—The market is in a very unsatisfactory condition, as the weather continues unfavorable; receipts again quite liberal and a large portion in bad order, and the only outlet being a light local demand for closely selected sweet stock. We only quote (closely selected stock): Grouse $3 50; quail $1 50 for large—small birds almost worthless; ducks —mixed $1 50@2; wood $1 25, teal $1 50, mallard $2 25; snipe $1; pheasants $5; wild turkeys 25@ 75c each; rabbits $1 25 for large—small not worth anything; squirrel 60c; venison saddles 12@14, deer carcasses 6@8, black tail do 10, and elk 12c ₱ lb.

EGGS—Easy but unchanged; fancy small milk-fed 8@8½ medium sized do 6½@7½, heretics 3@5 ₱ bu.

WHITE BEANS—We quote Eastern (selling from store)—Hand-picked navy $2 85 and medium $2 75; screened navy $2 75 and medium $2 65. Country steady at $1 50@2 50.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—Choice jobbing at $1 35 @1 40.

WOOL—Scarce and in demand; firm but quotably unchanged. We quote: Tub—Choice 33@34; fair 31@32; common 28@30. Unwashed—Choice medium 28@24; fair medium 21@ 23; low and coarse 20@22; low and coarse carpet 16@20; light fine 21@22; heavy do 15@17. Kansas —Bright medium 18@19; light fine 16@18; heavy do 12½@13; carpet stock 13@15. Black, burry, cotted, etc., 5@10c ₱ lb less.

HIDES—Unchanged. We quote: Green—Salted 8; damaged 6; bulls or stags 5¾. Green—Uncured—Choice 8@8½; damaged 6@6½; cured—Choice 12¾@12¾; damaged 12¾@12¾; bulls or stags 10; dry salted 11½; do damaged 10; glue stock 5; kip and calf cured as damaged.

SHEEP PELTS—Green pelts 55@75c; dry do 40@60, as to amount and quality of wool; green shearlings 15@20; dry do 10@20.

TALLOW AND GREASE—Quiet at 2½@3; dingy 2@2½.

FEATHERS—Supply liberal, principal dealers overstocked, and out at over 50@51 for strictly prime dry; ordinary and poor quality 35@40; mixed 10@ 35; tare 3 and 10 ₱ cent.

HOPS—Firm. New York prime new crop 24@ 25; fancy do 28@30; old scarce at 27@30.

ROOTS—Ginseng in fair demand at $2—choice $1 80; Seneca 37@40; blue flag 4½; blood root 2; golden seal 12@14; snake 13; prime black 3½@4; May apple 1½; pink 4½@5; lady-slipper 6; bitter-sweet bark 5@6, columbo 2½; sarsaparilla 3; wahoo 5@10; angelica 4.

BEESWAX—Steady at 26@27 for choice.

MOSS—Country rough—gray 2@2½; gray and and brown-mixed 3@4; brown and black 4@5; choice black 5@5½; machine-picked higher.

BROOM CORN—Steady. We quote: Fancy self working 6@6c; fancy and choice do 4@5; fair to prime 2½@3; common to fair 2@2½; crooked hair price.

Leaf Tobacco.

(From Harker & Pritchard's Merchants' Exchange daily circular.)

Market quiet, but firm. Sales: 4 hhds common leaf at $7@7 50; 2 at $9@10. Burley leaf—1 at $11; 1 at $14 50; 2 at $15@15 25; 4 at $16. By sample, 1 at $16 75. Passed, 16 hhds and bids rejected on hhds colory lugs and common leaf at $5@5 90; 12 common leaf at $6@6 80; 13 at $7@7 70; 6 at $8@ 8 25; 4 burley leaf at $9@9 40; 2 at $11@11 25; 2 at $12; 3 at $14@14 75; 1 at $17; 2 at $19 25.

We quote, ₱ 100 lbs: Lugs—Common to good dark and red $5@5 50, do colory and burley $6@7. Leaf—Common to medium dark and red $7@9, good to fine do $10@12, common to medium colory and burley $7@12, good to fine do $13@20. Factory dried—Short $8@9. Wrapper—Common $12@20, medium to good $25@40, choice to fancy $45@65. Trashy, light weight and damaged sell 25@50c less than above.

LIVE STOCK.

Receipts and shipments for the 24 hours ending at 11 a. m. to-day are as follows:

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1883	1882	1883	1883
Cattle	898	889	909	351
Hogs	2,739	2,451	1,799	1,140
Sheep	76	2,251	300	300
Horses and Mules	71	124	24	211

CATTLE—Business was entirely at a standstill. Local dealers and butchers, who are usually the first to put in an appearance, were noticeable for their absence, and those who were on hand exhibited an utter indifference as to taking hold, claiming that the cattle on sale were too poor for their wants, and, like the day before, they proposed awaiting the fresh arrivals, in hopes of finding something that would suit them better. All other classes of buyers were scarce, and even salesmen were hard to find, the most of them considering it perfectly useless to attempt any business when buyers were so few and indifferent. As a result not a hoof was weighed up to 9 a. m., something unusual even in the dullest of dull days. The outlook was not very cheerful and dealers generally anticipated a very light trade. We quote:

BULK QUOTATIONS.

Scalawags	$2 00@2 40
Stags and bulls	2 25@2 40
Good to extra bulls	3 00@3 50
Good butcher steers and spayed heifers	4 15@4 50
Light shipping steers	4 50@5 00
Heavy shipping steers	5 00@5 30
Exporters	5 00@5 25
Good cows and heifers	3 50@4 00
Common cows and heifers	2 80@3 25
Good cows and calves	25 00@40 00
Common cows and calves	15 00@5 00
Grass Texans	3 00@4 10
Grass Indians	3 40@4 25

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
14	native steers	1,102	$3 75
1	native steers	1,180	4 12½
21	common native cows and heifers	854	3 50
11	native cows and heifers	1,027	3 20
1	native cow and heifers	810	3 00
20	common Southwest mixed	792	3 25
20	common Southwest mixed	838	3 00
14	common Southwest heifers	762	3 25
20	common Texas mixed	744	3 20
26	Iron Mountain mixed	722	3 00

209 retail from $2 75 to $4 50.

HOGS—This market is recovering from the effects of the switchmen's strike very rapidly. This morning trading was brisk from the outset, shippers being free buyers and evidently paying a slight advance over yesterday's figures, the range being from $4 60@4 70, and one load of prime sold by Hull & Hunt brought $4 75. Butchers were poorly represented, and outside of a speculative inquiry for heavies there was little done. Indeed, the supply, which consisted of only 20 loads, was almost entirely of light and medium weights, the proportion of good butcher hogs being limited. Another cause for the absence of these buyers was the difficulty they experienced in getting their purchases over the river, it being decidedly harder work to ship hogs that short distance than was found in sending them East, hogs that were purchased yesterday and loaded still lying side-tracked in the bridge yards. The few transfers of heavies showed no quotable change, sales being made at a range from $4 30@4 80 for rough coarse to good heavies. A demand was had for pigs on Fowler Bros' account and several loads were sold at $4 40. At 10 a. m. the yards were cleaned up and the supply had been disposed of and the prospects of a thorough cleaning up was good.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

National Stock Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
37	199	$4 50	70	196	$4 50
28	212	4 70	72	205	4 70
28	212	4 70	72	190	4 70
28	202	4 65	72	190	4 70
46	203	4 70	71	198	4 70
47	207	4 70	72	198	4 70
47	207	4 65	82	278	4 65
46	203	4 70	128	256	4 75
10	170	4 70	43	267	4 75
20	201	4 65	50	205	4 75
20	201	4 70	17	221	4 75
47	184	4 70	71	201	4 75
47	184	4 40	14	142	4 40

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
47	226	$4 50	65	196	$4 40
56	232	4 40	48	246	4 40
60	226	4 50	40	294	4 40
48	218	4 50	80	241	4 40
48	218	4 45	80	241	4 40
53	206	4 50	80	241	4 40
53	318	4 80	48	257	4 55
62	227	4 45	49	195	4 55
44	220	4 50	44	193	4 55
57	205	4 55	44	243	4 50
58	220	4 35			

SHEEP—Quiet and steady without change of any kind. Demand fair, but supply light.

Union Stock Yards.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
100	81	$3 15	163	112	$3 75
134	112	3 75	150	85	3 50
100	88	3 25	100	88	3 25
90	89	3 25	122	80	2 25
100	93	3 50	101	96	3 50
100	103	3 50	139	95	3 50

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft	$150@225
Good drivers	125@200
Roadsters	100@125
Southern	50@100
Saddlers	110@170
Plugs, large, heavy	50@ 80

MULES.

13½ hands, 4 to 8 years old	80@100
14 hands 4 to 7 years old	115@135
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	115@135
15½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	130@165
16 to 16½ hands	175@210
Old plugs	50@ 80

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, October 19.—HOGS—Receipts 19,000; active and firm; 5@10 higher; light $4 70@5 10; rough packing $4 20@4 80; heavy packing and shipping $4 70@5 15. CATTLE—Receipts 5,000; common dull and 10c lower; exports $6 10@7 00; good to choice shipping $5 60@$6 10; common to fair $4@5 60.

KANSAS CITY, October 19.—Receipts cattle 3,615; market steady for strictly choice, but weak and lower for medium and common. Receipts hogs 2,000; market firm; 5@10c higher; selected lights $4 50 to 4 60; bulk sales $4 45 to 4 50.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Flour—Receipts 18,000 brls; sales 9,000, brls; dull, strongly in buyers' to favor. Wheat—Receipts 34,000 bu; ½@⅞ lower; heavy and unsettled; moderate trade mainly in options; No. 1 white nominal; sales 16,000 bu; No. 2 red November $1 08⅞@1 08¾; 728,000 bu December $1 10⅜@1 11⅛; 880,000 bu January $1 12⅝@1 13¾; 160,000 bu February $1 14⅝@1 15⅜; 16,000 bu March $.17. Corn—Receipts 113,000 bu; ⅞@1¼c lower; weak and unsettled; Western spot 56@56½; futures 55¼@57⅛; sales 810,000 bu. Oats—Receipts 72,000 bu; ½@⅝ lower; Western 33@42; sales 140,000 bu. Beef firm, moderate inquiry; new extra $12 50@13. Pork quiet and unchanged; spot new mess $11 37½@11 50. Lard firm, but quiet; steam-rendered 7.85. Butter dull and depressed; Western 10@28; Pennsylvania creamery 28@29. Cheese firm at 2@12. Sugar firm and fair demand. Molasses steady and quiet. Petroleum quiet and unchanged. Rice firm and in fair demand. Freights steady and quiet. Turpentine dull at 39¼. Rosin steady at $1 50@1 55¼. Tallow firm at 7¼@7⅜. Western eggs firm at 20. Coffee 5@10 points lower; first call No. 7 Rio January. February, March and April at 9.40@9.45 cents per pound; May and June nominal; July 9.45@9.55; August and September nominal; October 9.80@10.20; November 9.60@9.80; December 9.40@9.85. Sales; 1,250 bags January at 9.40@9.45 cents per pound; 250 bags February at 9.45; 250 bags April at 9.50; 500 bags December at 9.45@9.50

BALTIMORE, October 19.—Flour steady; Howard street and Western superfine $3 25@3 65; extra $3 75@4 75; family $5@6. Wheat—Western dull and lower; No. 2 winter red spot and October $1 04¾@1 05; November $1 05⅛@1 05⅞; December $1 08@1 08¼; January $1 10¾@1 10⅝. Corn—Western dull and nominal; mixed spot and October 57¼@58; November 56@56¼; year 55@56½; January 54¼@55. Oats quiet and easy; Western white 37@38; mixed 35@36; Pennsylvania 36@38. Provisions quiet and steady; mess pork $13; bulk meats—shoulders and c'rib sides packed at 7 and 8; bacon—shoulders 7¼, clear rib sides 8¾; hams 16@17; lard—refined 8¾. Butter firm for choice; Western packed 12@20; creamery 20@28. Eggs quiet and steady at 22. Petroleum dull and nominal; refined 8¼@8¾. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 11@12. Sugar dull; A soft 8¾. Whisky steady at $1 18@1 18¾. Freights to Liverpool per steamer quiet; cotton 11-64d; flour 1s 9d; grain 5¼d. Receipts—Flour 11,644 brls; wheat 23,000 bu; corn 5,000 bu; oats 6,500 bu; rye 1,600 bu Shipments—None. Sales—Wheat 400,000 bu; corn 5,000 bu.

CHICAGO, October 19.—Regular wheat active, lower; 89¾ October; 91 November; 91 03⅛@⅜ December; 91 03⅛ January; 91 00⅝@⅞ May. Corn lower; 46¾ October and November; 45¾ December; 44¾ Jan; 47⅝ May. Oats lower; 27¾ October; 27¾ November; 28¼ December; 31⅝ May. Rye 55. Barley 61½. Flaxseed $1 35. Whisky unchanged. Pork nominally unchanged at $10 40 October; $10 32½ November; $10 25 December; $10 17½ year; $10 67½ January; $10 80 February. Lard higher for October 7.62½; October; 7.22½ November; 7.20 December; 7.15 year; 7.22½ January; 7.32½ February.

TOLEDO, October 19.—Wheat dull; ⅝@1c lower; No. 1 white $1 00; No. 2 white 94½; No. 3 white —; white rejected —. No. 2 red cash $1 00@1 00; October $1 00¾; November $1 00¾; December $1 02⅝; January $1 04⅝; No. 3 red 93¼@94½; No. 4 red —; rejected 78@81. Corn ⅛c lower and dull; No. 2 cash or October 52; November 51 asked; January 48; No. 3 white —; May 50½; rejected 48½; no-grade 46@46½. Oats dull and easier; No. 2 cash or October 29½; November 30½; December 30¾. Clover seed, prime, medium cash or October $5 10; November $5 15; December $5 22½; No. 2 $4 85.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19.—Flour—Fair inquiry —unchanged: fancy $5 40@6 00; choice $5 10; extra $4 90@5 00. Cornmeal firm at $2 65. Corn unchanged; mixed 62; yellow 64; white here—white 65 normal. Oats quiet; prime 38; choice 39. Bran steady at 85. Hay, dull stock large; prime $14@15 50; choice $16 50@17. Pork easier; spot at $11 50, October at $11 25. Cut meats easier at 5; sides 6¼@7. Bacon quiet at 6; asked 7½; long clear sides 7½@7⅝. Hams steady at 16@16¼. Lard easy refined tcs 7¾@8; packers tcs 7¾@7⅞. Whisky steady and unchanged. Exchange on New York 150@175 discount; sight par. Cotton—Spot quiet; middlings 10 5-16; net receipts 13,156; gross 14,314.

NEW ORLEANS, October 19.—Corn quiet and firm; mixed 63. Oats quiet at 38. Pork lower at $11 50. Lard steady; tierce 8; kegs 8¾. Bulk shoulders dull and nominal at 5; bulk sides scarce and firm at 5. Bacon dull; shoulders 5¾; short clear at 7¾. Hams—Sugar-cured firm; choice canvassed 16@16¼.

DETROIT, October 19.—Wheat dull; cash $1 00¾ asked; November $1 02; December $1 03½; No. 2 red $1 03¾; No. 2 white 94. Receipts 30,000 bu; shipments 20,000 bu. Corn—No. 2 cash 50¾. Receipts 1,000 bu; shipments 3,000 bu. Oats—No. 2 white 32; No. 2 spring. Receipts 3,000 bu; shipments 5,000.

CINCINNATI, October 19.—Flour dull and drooping. Wheat easier; No. 2 red $1 03@1 04½. Corn easier at 50¾. Oats dull and lower at 30@30¼. Rye quiet at 58¾. Barley firmer; No. 3 at 68@70. Provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky active and firm at $1 13.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., October 19.—Wheat lower; cash or October 93; November 94; December 92¾; January 93¾. Receipts 19,900 bu; shipments 68,900 bu. Corn lower; No. 2 47. Oats higher; No. 2 white in store, 28@33. Rye lower; No. 1 55. Barley lower; No. 2 62; extra 52.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 19.—Wheat dull; No. 1 hard Duluth nominal at 11. Sales 3,000. No. 2 red $1 07 on track. Corn offered at call for 54. Oats dull at 35 on track for white western. Canal, freights same.

PITTSBURG, October 19.—Oil quiet, but firmer; trading very light. Opened at $1 10¾, advanced to $1 11⅛; declined to $1 10⅝, and closed at $1 10⅞.

CLEVELAND, October 19.—Petroleum steady, S. W., 110, 8c.

Foreign.

LIVERPOOL, October 19.—Wheat arrived dull; corn arrived unchanged. Wheat and corn to arrive dull and heav

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 00
Three months	2 25
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
Six months, postage paid	60

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed: POST-DISPATCH, 515 and 517 Market Street.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1883.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

OLYMPIC—Margaret Mather—"Juliet."
GRAND—Aldrich & Parsloe—"My Partner."
POPE'S—Georgie Cayvan—"La Belle Russe."
PEOPLE'S—Wm. J. Scanlan—"The Irish Minstrel."
STANDARD—Ben Cotton and Vaudeville.
EDWARDS' FOURTH ST. OPERA HOUSE—Burlesque.
FIFTH ST. DIME MUSEUM—10 a. m. to 10 p. m.
FOURTH ST. DIME MUSEUM—10 a. m. to 10 p. m.

MATINÉES TO-MORROW.

OLYMPIC—Margaret Mather—"Juliet."
GRAND—Aldrich & Parsloe—"My Partner."
POPE'S—Georgie Cayvan—"La Belle Russe."
PEOPLE'S—Wm. J. Scanlan—"Friend and Foe."
STANDARD—Ben Cotton and Vaudeville.

THE Police Board should not only be fit and competent to direct the enrolled police, but its members should be men of such unimpeachable character as to command the respect and confidence of the people, and the prompt moral and physical support of all good citizens.

Such confidence and respect is not felt for the present Board. The Mayor and Gen. Gooding are deemed worthy of public confidence. The others are not. It is believed that the majority of the Board are UNDER EVIL INFLUENCES,

which have led them to attempt the dishonor and removal of a Chief of Police in whom the people have confidence, and against whom no charges have been preferred.

The gamblers' ring disliked him, which is almost conclusive evidence of his merit. He has the confidence of our community. If he is to be stricken down by the evil influences at work, we know that our very best and dearest interests and rights are assailed, and we speak boldly to you, the Chief Executive officer of the State of Missouri, and ask that you request the resignations of the persons endeavoring to perpetrate the outrage and fill their places with pure and honest men.

[Address of the Committee of the mass meeting to Governor Crittenden.]

WILL GOVERNOR CRITTENDEN pay any attention to the overwhelming public sentiment of St. Louis?

THANK God the Grand Jury will hereafter be provided with burglar-proof safes.
—T. T. CRITTENDEN.

MR. CLEVELAND very properly refuses to say anything about his resignation until he can ascertain which resignation is meant.

THE Queen of Servia's poems entailed a heavy loss on that lady's publishers. Literature will Servia that way occasionally.

If the Grand Jury go to indicting POST-DISPATCH reporters for getting ahead of the morning papers they will have their hands full.

A QUESTION in mathematics: How can a Police Commissioner refurnish a house and buy a piano and diamonds on $83 33⅓ per month.

THE address of the committee of the citizens' mass-meeting puts a plain alternative before the Governor. He has his choice between the people and the ring.

MINISTER SARGENT is again studying his OLLENDORFF. At least a cable dispatch announces that he has returned to Berlin and resumed his duties.

THE Chicago *Inter-Ocean* notes with approval that SUSAN B. ANTHONY has also declined to meet the Prince of Wales. What a comprehensive villain Mr. GUELPH must be.

THE examination of Governor CRITTENDEN before the Grand Jury will very much resemble OSCAR WILDE'S play of "Vera," which is described as three squirms and a collapse.

MRS. STOW, the 'Frisco dress reformer, says that the day is coming when women will display their legs as fearlessly as they now do their arms. It seems that posterity has again got the bulge on us.

AT a Gilead, Michigan, drowning the mother of the deceased erected a booth on the lake shore and sold sandwiches and lemonade to the crowd which assembled to watch the divers searching for the body. She cleared $400 before the excitement died out.

IT is rumored that the Grand Jury will indict a reporter of this paper for having rendered the most signal service to the cause of justice which has been rendered by private effort since the New York *Times* published the exposure of the Tweed ring.

THE tale of the tea-store and of ED. BUTLER charging a weekly stipend for protecting it from the police has never been given to the public with full names and hard facts. We lay it before our readers with the incidental remark that Mr. BUTLER is a partner of Gov. CRITTENDEN'S in the political brokerage business.

THE continued reduction of the public debt has now reached the point at which a contraction of the currency is inevitable. Financial prepositions are usually involved in clouds of uncertainty, but it is plain to the simplest understanding that we must halt in the debt reduction, if we are not ready—as we are not—for a currency reduction.

THE Missouri country papers are now passing around an interesting little document charging the law firm of Crittenden and Cockrell with having sold out the homestead of a Missouri citizen under a judgment and, after buying it in for $10, selling it back to him for $500. This was in 1871, and is covered by the statute of political limitations.

THE *Republican* this morning prints a defense of the philanthropist MCCHESNEY, in which the late Col. COFFIN, land commissioner of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad, is named as the gentleman in charge of appointments to office. It has been intimated that the fund which nominated Gov. CRITTENDEN came from the railroads, but it has never been known what consideration the railroads received for their contribution.

THE mention of the name of Assistant Circuit Attorney SULLIVAN in these columns, a few days ago, in the same paragraph with an allusion to the official obstructions placed in the way of Grand Jury investigations, may have been construed into a reflection on Mr. SULLIVAN. We wish to say that the mention of his name was not intended to convey any such implication, and we should much regret if any injustice should be done to a faithful public official.

WILL HE YIELD?

It may be that the Grand Jury will be unable to indict any of Gov. CRITTENDEN'S Police Commissioners. But he has been officially advised by the committee of a mass meeting representing the almost unanimous sentiment of the city, that certain men whom he has appointed have utterly lost the confidence of the community. The press, with a unanimity never before witnessed, has told him the same thing.

If he regards only the interests of the service and the just rights of the people who pay the whole cost of maintaining the police force, he will feel bound to remove the Commissioners whose removal is demanded, and to fill their places with men who have not been stripped of all claim upon the confidence of the community.

He may believe, if he chooses, that they are unjustly distrusted, but to stand by them and hold them in office in defiance of public opinion for that reason, is to put purely personal considerations above the interests of the public service. It was by that sin that stronger men than Governor CRITTENDEN have fallen. To disregard the unmistakable voice of the people and the interests of the public service, merely because he is tarred with the same stick wherewith these men are beaten, is to betray a childish resentment and to obtrude his personality into the *tableau* in a very undignified *pose*.

REAGAN AND RANDALL.

They have been hauling REAGAN, of Texas, over the coals for speaking his mind about Mr. TILDEN in language that was plain, but by no means affectionate or respectful. Having been interviewed again, the Texan veteran says:

Some people say I have killed myself by speaking out plainly of Mr. Tilden, but I am not afraid of such bugaboos. I tell you we cannot afford to have any doubts about our candidate for the Presidency. I want a man who has principles—good, honest, straightforward principles—and has the courage and manliness to express them. No one knows how Mr. Tilden stands on the great questions that are now before the country—the tariff, the question of the Government's power over railroads, the anti-monopoly movement. On all these he gives no sign.

Mr. REAGAN has been drawn into these remarks by his vehement opposition to RANDALL for Speaker, and the point he makes is worth the serious attention of every Democrat who desires the success of his party. Mr. TILDEN may come out all right on the anti-monopoly side, but the record of his past relations with great corporation jobs and interests in politics will excite more antagonism and distrust now than it did in 1876. Voters will form their own opinions on the subject, and with nothing but Mr. TILDEN'S past record, no new expressions or pledges from him, the anti-monopolists can support him only as a choice of evils and with doubtful hesitation, if at all. The Democrats certainly cannot afford to go into the race with any such doubts hanging over their nominee.

About RANDALL, however, Mr. REAGAN does not even concede that it is a case of doubt. He holds him responsible for the reaction in 1880 of the popular feeling that made and kept the House Democratic from 1875 to 1881. Mr. RANDALL did good and popular work in the matter of retrenchment, but all that the Democrats gained by retrenchment, by a popular settlement of the money question and by movements toward the reduction of taxes, was lost by the control which Mr. RANDALL exercised to protect the land grabbers and corporation monopolists from that farther step forward which public sentiment expected and demanded of the Democratic majority in Congress. As the leader of the anti-monopoly movement on the Democratic side of the House, Mr. REAGAN holds RANDALL responsible for failures that checked and turned back disgusted the tide of popular feeling which had been running in favor of the Democrats. Now, since the votes of the two parties in the last Republican Congress have shown that the bulk of the anti-monopoly sentiment's aggressive force is in the Democratic party, and since this demonstration has again made the House Democratic by a large majority, Mr. REAGAN has good reason to fear that the placing of that majority under the control of Mr. RANDALL would disappoint and alienate the powerful anti-monopoly feeling which has given the party its recent accessions of strength.

There is hardly any important question pending in our politics now that does not grow out of or is not in some way connected with the relations of government to the great corporations and their affiliated monopolies. It was the popular feeling on this subject that last year carried California, Michigan, Massachusetts and Pennsylvania for the Democrats and gave them New York and Congress by such overwhelming majorities. Neither in the Speakership nor at the head of their ticket in 1884 can the party afford to put any man whose attitude on those questions is either a matter of doubt, or a contradiction of the position taken by a large majority of the Democrats in Congress.

A NEW YORK HERO.

The funeral of Mr. JOHN WALSH, the burglar, which took place in New York yesterday, afforded a most touching and graceful tribute to the memory of a man who stood high in his profession, and who, by his industry, energy and success, had won a name for himself of which his children may be proud. He was no common cracksman, no timid sneak-thief, accumulating stealthily and in terror a few miserable dollars' worth of swag. When JOHN WALSH went out to collect the living which the world owes every man, he worked manfully and masterfully. He was shrewd, intelligent, quick to conceive and bold to execute. There are few crooks in the country so fertile in resource; none that were so successful in results. Looking over the rogues' gallery of the nation, we can think of no man upon whom his mantle may fall. His death makes a vacancy in the profession that will long remain unfilled, and one of the brightest ornaments of American burglary has passed to his account, dying, as he lived, with his boots on, but surrounded by the tearful admiration and the sorrowing laments of his fellows. It was fitting that the men who had worked in the same lines as JOHN WALSH, who had exposed themselves to the same dangers, and reaped in the same harvest field; who had frisked the super, who had cracked the crib, who had scratched the chip, who had collared the wipe, who had wired the sucker, who had chivied the gray—that all those *chevaliers d' industrie*, in a word, who are making a gallant stand against the prosaic and burglerlike tendency of the day should show special honor to the illustrious dead. Accordingly, we read with pleasure of the presence of such cosmopolitan gentlemen as SHANG DRAPER, SHEENEY MIKE, RED LEARY and JOHNNY SHEA at the funeral. We feel a sad pleasure in hearing that deputations of crooks from Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore arrived to do reverence to the deceased. A mass was chanted over the remains, and in response to the priest's request a generous contribution, headed by Mr. ABE COAKLEY, was made by the members of the profession to one of the church charities.

Honor and shame from no condition rise;
Act well your part, there all the honor lies.

IT is to be feared that we have offended the delicate political sensibilities of the *Globe-Democrat*. It detects a "Bourbon plot" in our announcement that in a year from next March a brilliant procession of federal officials will step down and out from the new federal building to make room for Democratic successors. We are very sure that the Postmaster, the Collector of the Port, and eke the Appraiser, the Collector also of Internal Revenue, the Pension Agent, the Sub-Treasurer and the District Attorney would feel conscientious scruples about remaining in office under a Democratic administration, and surely they are enough to make a brilliant procession.

"It is a sin to steal a pin," but to take one and return it to the owner is no crime under our laws. If a stranger is caught riding away on another man's horse, without the owner's consent, the verdict of the jury is apt to be that such equestrian exercise is a clear case of horse-stealing. But if he rides the animal back and returns him to the owner without being caught it is only a case of trespass. So, if a newspaper reporter who is officially permitted to copy a part of the Grand Jury testimony carries the rest of it away to some place where he can do his copying with less disturbance, and then returns the records to the custody of the proper official, without hindering or delaying the course of justice, there is no definition of theft in the law books that can fit his case.

A GREAT many of our more or less esteemed contemporaries are working themselves into a state of virtuous indignation over the thought that the short-hand notes of the last Grand Jury were stolen. As the notes in question are in the possession of the proper officers, it may be as well to mention that all the Four Courts reporters are in the habit of taking notes, and no one objects to it. We may add that a reporter who borrows an idea does not steal it, and the same rule applies to notes.

THE directors of the Mexican Central Railroad Company, who have been trying to get the public to buy the bonds and stock of the corporation on a valuation of $60,000 a mile, are now trying to bolster up their credit by showing that the road will really cost not more than $16,000 a mile. This is introducing American ideas into Mexico with a vengeance. We doubt very much whether the people of Mexico will relish paying interest on four times the cost of a road which has been subsidized out of taxation on the people.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

NEITHER Hatton nor New has threatened to resign since the Ohio election.

THE Chicago News suspects that Foraker, like Giroffe, was poisoned by his trainer.

SENATOR ALLISON to a Chicago reporter: "Yes, the Ohio business rather takes us aback."

EX-SPEAKER KEIFER being asked by a reporter what he thought of Ohio replied, "D—n Ohio."

"I HAVE nothing to say," remarked Senator Sherman when a reporter asked him about Ohio.

MR. ABBETT, the Democratic nominee for Governor of New Jersey, is making a splendidly successful canvass.

NOT much of a hold in the North is left to the Administration, but it still clings to "the desperadoes of the South."

"BOADLY and Garland" is the ticket for 1884 suggested to the Cincinnati News Journal all the way from Vicksburg, Miss.

THE campaign in Pennsylvania is spiritless and devoid of interest. No members of Congress or the State Legislature are to be chosen.

THE New England Veteran says: "The men who have Butler's ear are not inspired with lofty ideas." Perhaps they want to chew it.

THE Ohio returns show that there were 320,454 votes for the prohibition amendment in a total vote of 711,651. It failed, therefore, by 35,387.

THE Chairman of the Ohio Republican Committee sees general disgust and a desire for a change in the election returns from all parts of the State.

SEVENTY-FOUR Democratic newspapers have nominated Hoadly for the Presidency up to the present time. Eight hundred and forty-six remain to be heard from.

MAHONE is in bad luck this year. Every negro killed in Virginia since the opening of the present campaign has been an opponent of the little boss, and the impression has got abroad that he is a man of blood.

BOSTON GLOBE: "Fred Douglass advises the colored people to tell their wants to the Republican party. They have done so, Mr. Douglass, in this State, and a Republican Council rejects Mr. Walker, the son of David D. Walker, a colored man who was the pioneer in the anti-slavery cause in 1827."

MEN OF NOTE.

A NEW YORK thief says that Gen. Grant never carries any money to speak of and that his watch isn't worth stealing.

ALFONSO is satisfied with the apology, but he will avoid Paris after this. One hoot is worse than three apologies.

WESTERN millionaires and Mormons have two or more wives. Mr. Talmage proposes to kill the Mormons for their wickedness.

MR. SYLVESTER, the Johns Hopkins mathematician, has been appointed professor of mathematics at Oxford University, England.

PRESCOTT EVARTS, one of ex-Secretary Evarts' twin sons, is studying for the Episcopalian ministry. His twin brother, Sherman, is studying law.

THE friends of Pere Hyacinthe, who is to sail for America on Saturday, scout the idea that he intends to challenge Monsignor Capel to a public debate, or that he will engage in any controversial discussions while in the United States.

JOHN YOUNG, one of Brigham Young's brothers, is a better speaker than was the latter, though he is found fault with because he is so good looking that when preaching he cannot help posing as if to say, "Ain't I a beauty?"

LORD MANDEVILLE, "a noble lord is he," attended the prize fight at Harry Hill's place, Flushing, Tuesday of last week. He carried a pocket-flask of liquor, which he twice presented to one of the bruisers called "The Prussian," and he also carried an heirloom watch which was picked from his pocket by one of the convenial spirits in whose company he was found.

THE story is told of Senator "Zeb" Vance of North Carolina that soon after his second marriage he remarked to his bride: "My dear, I'm a stubborn fellow, and you may anticipate trouble. Now, in the beginning, while I am submissive, I want to give you one piece of advice. If you follow it we'll get on mighty well. It is this: Make me do just as I darned please."

THE coming of the wedding season was evidenced in the columns of the POST-DISPATCH of Wednesday by the reports of five brilliant weddings in St. Louis society in one day, and its full and accurate description of the presents included several rich and costly articles of diamond jewelry. This is becoming the favorite form of wedding presents, not merely on account of the taste, beauty and appropriations of such a gift at such a time, but also because a well-selected diamond is a piece of property which never loses its value. In fact, a genuine, flawless diamond is as safe an investment as a government bond, provided it can be bought at its real value. The whole secret of buying consists in dealing with a house whose standing and character are guarantees that the precious stones they offer to their customers are exactly what they are represented to be. This guarantee is given by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company of this city, one of the leading jewelry houses of the world. They are now displaying a new importation of diamonds and precious stones which surpasses in richness and variety, and in the style and taste of mounting, anything which has ever been seen in this city, and, basing their price of each stone on the actual value, they are able to guarantee that each purchase is a good investment.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are Saying To-Day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The WORLD says: "That President Arthur did not put in an appearance at Newburgh is but natural and some allowance should be made for him. The Newburgh affair was a loud and somewhat vulgar patriotic display with national accompaniment of military and civic characters and it commemorated great events. But a President who has been worn out by receptions at Newport, transcontinental picnics and private fishing excursions ought to be excused from a duty of such noisy and national peculiarity as this."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The people earnestly demand a change in the administration of public affairs. They intend to have glaring abuse reformed and to have an economical Government instead of extravagance and stealing. They will insist that the President and the cabinet who are to succeed the present incumbents shall earn their salaries honestly by remaining at the seat of Government and giving proper attention to the people's business. The time has gone by when public servants can play the part of masters and draw full pay for continued months of idleness and of absence from duty, while appropriating public property to their personal use and pleasure."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Having no further occasion for conferences, the Republican Committee proceeded last night to go through the formality of preparing a ticket to be submitted to the convention to-night. It is a straight party ticket. Jacob Heis was named for register, which puts one machine politician against another in the contest, with chances in favor of the one who has a claim on the Democratic vote. The judicial ticket is a very good one, but has not that conspicuous merit that is necessary to win against heavy odds. While it looks at present as though there would be merely a party contest in this city at the coming election, the fact remains that fully one-third of the voters, and probably more, are in no way represented by the nominations that have been made. An independent movement might yet serve a useful purpose."

THE HERALD.

The Herald says: "Is it kind of our usually amiable neighbor, the Post, to conclude that the Irishmen who were arrested in Halifax intended to blow up the Dominion of Canada and swim home to Ireland because explosives, saws, drills, and a rubber swimming suit were found in their baggage? Why charge it to Fenians? Has the Post overlooked the significant fact that Ross, the oarsman, who is so well known in and about Halifax, has just been challenged by Courtney? Is it not more likely that this invoice is the property of the bad man with a sand club, who hearing that Ross is likely to accommodate Courtney, is merely getting ready in time to make things interesting if he decides on Halifax for the race. We trust the Post will make the necessary correction."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The bill granting women the right of suffrage in Washington Territory appears to be in a fair way to become a law. Wyoming and Utah now have woman suffrage, but the operation of the law in those territories has not been such as to make it desirable to extend the act elsewhere. Washington Territory will be knocking at the doors of Congress next winter for admission as a State, its population now being about five times greater than that of Oregon when it was organized as a State

PRESS COMMENTS.

What the Papers are Saying About the St. Louis Police Board Revelations.

Philadelphia Times: The gamblers king it and clown it over St. Louis and no pitch seems to be hot.

A Cry for More.

From the Kansas City Journal.

After Governor Crittenden has appeared before the St. Louis Grand Jury, we hope the POST-DISPATCH will seize upon his testimony and give it to the public. Matters so important should not be hid away in a Prosecuting Attorney's office.

Liberty of the Press.

From the Sedalia Democrat.

A conspicuous instance of the liberties guaranteed the press of this State by the Constitution is the publication in the POST-DISPATCH of the evidence secured by the Grand Jury of St. Louis in its investigation of the Police Board. The POST-DISPATCH possessed a constitutional right to publish the secrets of the Grand Jury room, being responsible to the criminal courts for the manner in which those secrets were obtained. For this cause Judge Barclay properly refused the injunction sought by Circuit Attorney Harris to prevent further publication of the testimony in the Police Board matter.

Not a True Bill.

From the Chicago News.

Henry Moore, the city editor of the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, is to be indicted for stealing the records of the Grand Jury now in session in that city. Pulitzer tried to induce him to go to New York and take a place on the WORLD some time ago. Just imagine what havoc that enterprising young man would have wrought among the provincial journalists of the metropolis?

In Close Quarters.

From the Sedalia Democrat.

The POST-DISPATCH of yesterday evening contained ten columns additional of Grand Jury secrets, including the testimony of Tom E. Turt, Morgan Boland, Commissioner Kinkead, and others. The bulk of their testimony is interesting and throws new light upon the subject. We fear that Gov. Crittenden is in close quarters.

Undated Resignations.

From the Springfield (Mo.) Herald.

It is surprising that men of character and prominence will accept official places under such humiliating requirements, but it appears that even Police Commissioners of St. Louis have done so. It is surprising, also, that one holding the high place of Governor of a great State, would be guilty of so manifest a violation of the spirit of the law, but it is boldly charged that the Governor of Missouri has done so.

What They Say.

From the Springfield (Mo.) Herald.

The gamblers in St. Louis boldly assert that in the emergency which is now upon them, Governor Crittenden will stand by them. They say that he dare not "go back" on them—that they have the "documents" on him, and that he cannot risk a rupture with them, if he desired to do so. Public sentiment is not strong enough, they claim, to force him to retrace his steps.

The St. Louis Upheaval.

From the Kansas City Times.

The meanderings of Gov. Crittenden's policies are producing fruit in St. Louis. A mass meeting of 2,000 people assembled Saturday night to demand the removal of the Police Commissioners and the Cool Oil Inspector appointed by his Excellency. Broadhead, Todd, Stanard, Noble and other distinguished citizens took prominent part in the meeting. Resolutions were reported and unanimously adopted characterizing the objectionable appointees as "the tools of a band of conspirators organized for plunder and using the instrumentalities of the law to subserve their purposes."

The people of the State are to be congratulated upon the auspicious result. Too long have the Conventions of both parties and the Legislature of the State been plagued with the representatives of the elements against which this uprising is directed. The corruption that has at times made its way into the Legislature, and the imbecility of Conventions, the forces which have nominated for high offices unworthy candidates and made speculators on election funds and in offices out of party leaders, have uniformly come from St. Louis. There the Governor captured his most effective delegations, and there his agents have outraged common honesty and common decency.

Chicago Worse Off.

From the Chicago News.

The St. Louis gamblers' war bids fair to develop into a first-class sensation. The record of certain testimony was stolen a few days ago from the office of the clerk of the Criminal Court by a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH. The testimony contained evidence that seriously compromises the Governor of the State and other officials. An effort will be made to have the Grand Jury indict the men for having exceeded the limit of their official duties in protecting a class of criminals which there, as here, is wholly infamous. If such a movement could be inaugurated here it would work well; but St. Louis is fortunate in having a few city and county officials who are not owned by the gamblers, while Chicago is not.

Head on the Governor.

From the Springfield Extra.

The POST-DISPATCH is still publishing the testimony taken before the late Grand Jury in regard to the Police muddle and the disgraceful conduct of Gov. Crittenden. The evidence so far is of the most damning character, and covers the Governor, such as was never before fastened upon any State executive in the Union. The gambling ring of St. Louis have, through the Governor, set up the Police Commissioners and knocked them down with the same facility that the operator of a "Punch and Judy" show manipulates his puppets. The whole State is disgraced by the detestable conduct of its Governor.

Maxon's Testimony.

From the Missouri State Journal.

The main point of the testimony of ex-member of the Police Board Max on, before the St. Louis Grand Jury, as disclosed by the published records of the Grand Jury which the POST-DISPATCH was permitted to steal and print, is, to the effect that without the St. Louis gamblers in the opinion of Governor Crittenden, the Democratic party of Missouri *must* go. Hence his part in shielding the gamblers from punishment. This would seem to explain his vigorous efforts to enforce the law against the beer-house keepers.

The Law Was Assisted.

From the Evening Tribune.

It is said that Florence White, reporter, and Henry W. Moore, city editor of the POST-DISPATCH, have been indicted, the former because he possessed himself of the records of the Grand Jury, and the latter because he assisted. An indictment is, however, not a conviction. We do not believe that the journalists mentioned will be indicted now that the records have been restored. Under the letter of the law the act with which these gentlemen are charged is punishable, but juries do not usually follow the letter of the law, especially in cases like that mentioned where the law itself is so greatly assisted. The injunction of secrecy imposed upon the Grand Jury is for the purpose that the ends of justice shall not be frustrated. The conclusion which any jury would reach in the case under review is that the ends of justice have been most greatly assisted by the publications in the POST-DISPATCH.

The Good Opinion of All.

From the Belleville Zeitung.

The St. Louis POST-DISPATCH has violated the letter of the law in that it has possessed itself of the records of the Grand Jury and has published everything bearing upon the corruption existing in the Police Board. But every right-thinking man must agree that the POST-DISPATCH has by its enterprise recommended itself to the good opinion of all. From a newspaper standpoint, its achievement must be pronounced remarkable. The writer of these lines has worked on the largest German-American newspapers in the largest cities in the country and has seen many an interesting "scoop," but the publication by the POST-DISPATCH of the Grand Jury testimony is, on account of its moral effect, the greatest and most noteworthy of all.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

Where the Readers of the Post-Dispatch Get a Hearing.

[The People's Forum is freely open to our readers and subscribers for all proper purposes. The demands of space compel us to request that all communications be made as brief as possible; all writing intended to go into print should be written on one side only of the paper.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Our Post Office.

ST. LOUIS, October 19, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Candidates for Postmaster are increasing in number. We now have Mayor Ewing, Rosenblatt, Fishback, Rodgers, Wells, W. K. Patrick, Bennett and Major W. S. Pope. Politicians say that Ewing's retiracy from the Mayoralty would, by making Parker Mayor, heal all trouble at the City Hall. Rosenblatt has been urged by "Cabie" to return and make the canvass. One of the candidates received a letter from an influential friend in Washington, in which he states that he had a conversation with P. M. Gresham, and that he told him that there seemed to be a good deal more excitement in St. Louis over the matter than there was in the department, and there was no occasion for any hurry, etc. Congressman McLean states that he has had assurance from Gen. Gresham that nothing will be done without consultation with him. From all that can be learned no appointment will be made until Congress meets.

* * *

The Exchange Censured.

ST. LOUIS, October 19, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

It goes without saying that the chief topic of conversation now among our good people is the Police Board and gamblers' ring. Petitions and resolutions innumerable have been circulated and signed. The members of the Merchants' Exchange have not been idle. They get up a petition one moment heartily recommending Mr. Cleveland and the next moment as strenuously condemn the action of the Governor in appointing him. Members of the aforesaid Exchange circulate petitions to the Governor of the State regarding the suppression of gambling, while they themselves are betting as to what will be the price of commodities at a future time. Verily, this is a pair of paradoxes. It were well if the Merchants' Exchange attend to its "genteel gambling," and let politics alone. The members of that august body are famous for pronouncing judgment in a case before they have all the facts. I might cite examples, but I refrain.
Yours truly, "EQUITAS."

Unappreciated Music.

ST. LOUIS, October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The people who live between Russell avenue and Ann avenue, on South Seventh street, are almost driven wild by a musical fiend in the shape of a woman who, with a wind-broken accordeon and cracked voice (the latter like rusty gate hinges), murders "Grandfather's Clock," "Baby Mine" and "Sweet By-and-By." Can you not tell us suffering people what will stop it?
SUFFERER.

[Probably if "Sufferer" would move up to North St. Louis he might find relief. There are, however, so many means of meeting the difficulty that it is hard to advise "Sufferer" without devoting this whole edition of the paper to this subject. After moving the next best expedient would be to buy a bass drum and fight the devil with fire.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

The Absent Governor.

ST. LOUIS, October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Under what circumstances does the Lieutenant-Governor of this State assume the duties of the Executive Mansion? From whom does he receive his "official notification" to do so? Answer this and much oblige

FOUR IGNORAMUSES.

[The Lieutenant-Governor assumes the functions of the Executive during the latter's absence from the State. The Governor should give the official notification. The present Governor, as a rule, neglects to do so, and for want of "official notification" the Lieutenant-Governor does not act. The present Governor's course is different in this matter from that of his predecessors.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Don't Shock Him.

ST. LOUIS, October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Please inform one of your subscribers if it is proper to return a present to a gent, if not engaged, after a lady has received one from him (gent) at Christmas, as I received one last Christmas, and did not know whether it was proper or not to return one?
LILLIE T. R.

[Lillie had better hold the present a year or two longer before returning it. It is a dangerous shock to a young gent to get anything back that a young woman has once looted, and the joyful intelligence should be broken to him gently. At any rate there is no necessity for mad and headlong haste in returning the gent's offering.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Notary Public Law.

CARTHAGE, MO., October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Is it necessary to a legal proceeding that a Notary Public should, in all instances before protesting a note paper, make a demand for the payment thereof in person? or, is a written demand, properly mailed, ever held to be legal?
G.

[If the payer of the note is a resident of the city where the note is payable, the notary must make the demand in person. Otherwise the payment may be asked by mail.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Mr. Scanlan's Biography.

ST. LOUIS, October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Will you please decide a bet by informing us if Mr. Scanlan, who is now playing at the People's Theater, is unmarried and where is he stopping while in the city, and oblige
A CONSTANT READER.

[Mr. Scanlan is married. He is staying at the Planters' House.—EDITOR POST-DISPATCH.]

Incubators.

ST. LOUIS, October 19, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In answer to your request for information regarding incubators, or false chicken hatchers, please state that they can be had in St. Louis, and can be seen operating by calling upon C. F. Vail, at Champion Machine Company, Twelfth and Walnut streets, city. Yours, etc.,
CHARLES F. VAIL.

Macadam Fiends.

ST. LOUIS, October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In reading your valuable paper last evening I saw a small article in your paper headed "Macadam Fiends." Is it possible that such wholesale robbery can be carried on under the eyes of 350,000 people? A man may talk about Jesse and Frank James as robbers, but they were not a patch to these men. Respectfully,
C. B. W.

A Sarcastic Citizen.

ST. LOUIS, October 19, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

If the truth was known maybe Gov. Crittenden has had something to do with the train robberies. Probably if some of the James gang were summoned before the Grand Jury they might discover something.
CITIZEN.

The Crossings.

ST. LOUIS, October 18, 1883.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

The boys might earn many nickels by sweeping the street crossings and keeping them as clean as possible. Many of them are now ankle deep in mud.
OBSERVER.

Out of Politics.

From the Chicago News.

Mr. Woodard, the far-sighted correspondent who signs himself "Jayhawker," and predicted the election of Foraker by 19,000 majority, has gone out of politics, and will hereafter compile fashion articles for the Posey County Sentinel of Freedom, Indiana.

An Idea.

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

Draw poker is now the most fashionable of games. Possibly the prevalence of the game has something to do with the defalcations among bank cashiers, clerks and trusted employes generally.

Nice Reading for Republicans.

From the Chicago Herald.

"Ohio from the Altitude of a New Mexican Adobe" would be a charming subject for Mr. Dorsey.

Butler Never Gets Sick.

From the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.

It is suggested to Ben Butler that he should try a little malaria.

What St. Louis Ought to Do.

From the Philadelphia Times.

St. Louis ought to borrow Philadelphia's committee of one hundred.

Sizing Up the Victory.

From the Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.

Ohio is a Republican State, but she occasionally gets awfully lukewarm.

POLICE COMMISSIONER GOODING.

His Lecture on "Future America"—Patriotism and Corruption.

Gen. O. P. Gooding, the newly appointed Police Commissioner, delivered his lecture on "Future America" before a select audience at Association Hall last evening. There was some curiosity to hear this lecture in St. Louis, as the General had delivered it in many Western and two or three Eastern cities under the auspices of the Slayton Lyceum Bureau of Chicago. He was introduced by Mr. W. C. Douglass, the secretary of the Y. M. C. A., who made a passing allusion to the General's connection with the Police Board, and the manly honesty recently displayed by him. When the applause subsided the lecturer stepped to the front and began by saying that Mr. Froude had been delivering a lecture recently throughout the British Empire, entitled "The Perils of Republics," in which he placed the two forms of government in juxtaposition, and concluded by drawing a picture highly favorable to the monarchical form. What Mr. Froude denominated the perils of republics were in reality the evils that grew out of a violation of the true principles of Republicanism, and were as liable to arise in a monarchy as in a republic. History, he said, repeats itself, and over since the days when patriarchal rulers claimed revelations from heaven, commanding them and their progeny to rule their fellow men, there had been one grand and continued struggle by mankind to regain their lost rights. Democracy or Republicanism was the only just and legitimate form of government, and it was for this men were struggling. He proposed to review the causes of dead republics, ascertain the causes that led to their downfall, and by comparing their history with our own, point out the evils that beset our republic and suggest a few remedies to overcome them. The Grecian Republic had died because of disintegration resulting from a civil war between the free and slave states. The Romans made a mistake of classifying the people into patricians and plebeians. The distinction became so marked that finally one class had all the rights and the other all the wrongs. A struggle ensued for equal rights, which resulted in the death of the Republic.

The coup d'etat of Napoleon, which he graphically depicted, was the main cause of the downfall of the French republic.

Coming to our own Government he showed that our constitution was the result of a conflict between two ideas—the Confederate and the National—a mean had been adopted. Our civil war, like that of the Grecian republic, was caused by a conflict between the free and slave States. We had withstood the shock. The main evils that threatened us at present were patricianism and corruption at elections. A moneyed aristocracy was growing up in the country which threatened to classify us into patricians and plebeians. Besides, our elections, like those of the Romans, did not express the will of the people, but the power of money. These evils were to be guarded against, and in a stirring peroration the lecturer said he thought there were enough true patriots left to battle against these adverse forces and preserve the republic. The General is a natural orator of rare ability.

THE THEATERS.

"As You Like It" was the attraction last night at the Olympic Theater.

The audience was a larger one than has yet greeted Miss Mather this week, but it was not as demonstrative as usual.

Miss Mather's impersonation of Rosalind cannot be called a good one.

She makes up well, looks the part physically but does not bring to it that happy ease and charm which is necessary to a perfect rendition, especially from America.

Her Rosalind is not natural. The acting all through is forced and strained. Miss Mather's movements are too nervously rapid and her efforts to be monarchical forcible. What Mr. Froude denominated the perils of republics were in reality the evils that grew out of a violation of the true principles of Republicanism, and were as liable to arise in a monarchy as in a republic. History, he said, repeats itself, and over since the days when patriarchal rulers claimed revelations from heaven, commanding them and their progeny to rule their fellow men, there had been one grand and continued struggle by mankind to regain their lost rights. Democracy or Republicanism was the only just and legitimate form of government, and it was for this men were struggling. He proposed to review the causes of dead republics, ascertain the causes that led to their downfall, and by comparing their history with our own, point out the evils that beset our republic and suggest a few remedies to overcome them. The Grecian Republic had died because of disintegration resulting from a civil war between the free and slave states. The Romans made a mistake of classifying the people into patricians and plebeians. The distinction became so marked that finally one class had all the rights and the other all the wrongs. A struggle ensued for equal rights, which resulted in the death of the Republic.

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AMERICANS ABROAD.

A Supplemental Interview with Congressman Ochiltree.

How John Mackay, the Millionaire, Lives in Paris—His Wife and Daughters—Ministers Morton and Lowell—Don Cameron and His Wife.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 19.—"I wouldn't mind giving you some things that are worth reading if you wouldn't take so devilish much pains to make a fool of me," said Col. Tom Ochiltree. "Why can't you newspaper men get up a passing acquaintance with the truth."

"Proceed, Colonel," said the subdued reporter. "You are talking with the reporter who has charge of the truth department for the greatest paper in New York."

"Well, give it square this time," said the pallied chevalier of Texas, "Because there are ladies in the case. While I was abroad it was my pleasure to pass a luxurious two weeks at the summer chateau of Mrs. John W. Mackay, and I want to correct some popular views of Mr. Mackay, and let your readers understand the suberb and lovable qualities of his wife. Some idiots fancy that because John Mackay became suddenly rich he has a great deal of the shoddy in his instincts.

IT IS ABSURD.

I say frankly that there isn't a Hohenzollern or a Hapsburg or any other scion of long blooded descent who displays more genuine taste and refinement than the bonanza king. His ear for music is critical and amounts to a passion, and no one could take more interest in a work of art. People think he just lies down and lets his dollars run in. Not at all. His mind is actively at work all the time, hunting up some business where he can employ his wealth, and all who have had relations with him testify to his keen foresight. Oh, I don't know

HOW MANY MILLIONS HE HAS.

Don't suppose he knows himself. He owns five-eighths of the mines, and those who own the balance, Flood, O'Brien and Fair, stopped counting their piles long ago."

"Does Mr. Mackay spend much time in Paris?"

"No, very little. But you can announce that he has a house to stop at when he is there. His Paris residence is opposite the Arc de Triomphe, and is one of the most splendid ones in the gay capital. It is finished in regal style and filled with the rarest works of art, statuary, pictures and other bric-a-brac, articles of vertu, etc. The best copies of Meissonier and Carol, Cabanel, Troyon, Millet and others of the great modern artists are there. Both Meissonier and Cabanel are frequent guests to the house and Meissonier had a portrait of Mrs. Mackay in the last salon. Now let me give a picture of

MRS. MACKAY'S HOME LIFE.

Her summer residence is the Chateau de Villebon, a quaint old pile of the fourteenth century, situated near Palaseau, about twenty miles from Paris, and surrounded with immense park estates. Every comfort that money could suggest is found there. Mrs. Mackay is a lady of great refinement, rare culture, and withal a decided beauty. She speaks fluently three languages besides her own. It is hardly worth while to more than mention her charities, which are liberal and modestly bestowed. Struggling artists, especially women, find in her a devoted friend and quiet friend. Her right hand never knows what her left hand does. There are three children, two boys and a young lady, who is really in quite delicate health. I see some of the scribblers from Paris have been marrying Miss Mackay off to some half dozen Counts over there. It's all a humbug. She has had numerous suitors who would like to exchange a title for some cold American cash, but Miss Mackay, having

HER MOTHER'S GOOD SENSE,

has kept her head level and her heart safe. Society will never have to credit her with any nonsense."

How does Minister Morton live?"

"In Paris residence," replied the Colonel, "is located on the Place Des Etats Unis, named in honor of our country, and is a very grand establishment. The entertains quite royally, not even Lord Lyons or the Duke of Frankfort, the head Spanish envoy, outdoing him in the splendor of his balls and dinners. The chateau of the Duchesse de Pomeyrac, which was occupied by him during the summer, and he did the honors there to many of his American friends, as well as on the famous journey to the inauguration of the Lafayette statue, where a half a dozen of us accompanied him on the whole tour. Mr. Lowell, too, is holding up his end in London. He is back in many of the best houses in no far-reaching social pretensions, but for all that he is a prime favorite in the best English society, and his modest and cozy little dinners

ARE ALL THE RAGE.

In fact, his presence at the tables of the haut ton is almost fought for."

"Don Cameron?" "Yes, I met the Senator both in London and Paris. He and Mrs. Cameron are doing the latter city and will go thence to Italy. They told me they didn't think of returning before spring. The Senator's health is precarious, although improving."

A FEMALE KLEPTOMANIAC.

Stealing the Bed Clothes from Her Room in a Hotel—She Couldn't Help It.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 19.—On Monday morning a lady giving her name as Mrs. Rebecca Hill, registered at Taylor's Hotel, Jersey City. She was well dressed and had every appearance of being in good circumstances. She was about thirty years old. Her hair was black and her dark brown eyes were fringed with raven lashes, while her eyebrows were arched. She was pretty and her manner was most agreeable. She remained in the hotel near the ferry until yesterday morning. After breakfasting she went to the hotel office, and saying to the clerk that she was going to Chicago, asked how much she was in debt. Her bill was made out and presented to her and she readily paid it with money from her pocket-book. She then requested that her trunk be

CHECKED FOR CHICAGO,

and about 10 o'clock the trunk was sent to the Erie Depot. She left shortly after. A few minutes after her departure a chambermaid went to the hotel office and told Mr. George De Rever, the proprietor, that the bed-clothing in Mrs. Hill's room had mysteriously disappeared. He hinched, and asked what she meant. The girl then said: "Well, that woman carted the mattress, the counterpane, bed-quilt, and even the sheets off with her, and it's a new set." He investigated, and then went to the telephone and asked the station agent at the Erie Depot to have the woman arrested and her baggage seized. Upon examining it the missing articles were found and the woman was taken to police headquarters. When arrested Mrs. Hill had in her possession a half-round ticket for Chicago and $17. She admitted taking the articles, but said she was a kleptomaniac. She cried and endeavored to persuade the Superintendent that

SHE WAS NOT ACCOUNTABLE

for her actions. She will be arraigned before Justice Davis to-day. Mrs. Hill was visited by a correspondent of the POST-DISPATCH last evening. She was sitting on a rough bed in a cold cell. Her head was bowed down on her breast, and her hands were clasped in her lap. She appeared to be most disconsolate. She at first refused to speak, but finally said: "I am English. I came to this country about three months ago and was on my way to visit friends in Chicago."

"Are you married?"

"Yes, sir."

"Well, where is your husband?"

"In England; but I have not lived with him for six years."

"Have you no relatives in America?"

"No, sir. I have friends. My family all reside in England, but I decline to say where. They would be disgraced if they heard of my being incarcerated for such a transaction. I assure, you, sir, I am not responsible for having done as I have. I did not mean to steal the things. I do not know why I did." and she burst into tears. The reporter then left. The police incline to the theory that the woman is really a kleptomaniac and believe that when she is arraigned to-day she will be discharged.

Death of Gen. Funk.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 18.—The announcement of the death of Gen. Aug. Funk last night created great surprise and sorrow among the Germans in this city. Gen. Funk was 40 years of age and was born in New York. He went to the civil war as a lieutenant in the Scott Life Guards, and returned as a lieutenant-colonel. Subsequently he succeeded Henry Clausen as captain of Company H, in the Third Cavalry. In 1874 he was elected colonel of the Eleventh Regiment, and he afterward became brigadier-general of the Second Brigade, First Division, in the State militia. While the troops were parading in Prospect Park in 1877 Gen. Vilimar, of the Eleventh Regiment, refused to obey the orders of his superior officer, and his men supported him. Gen. Funk ordered his arrest, and of the whole regiment, which was escorted to the Ludlow Street Jail. Shortly afterward Gen. Funk assembled the Ninety-sixth Regiment at midnight and took possession of Col. Vilimar's armory by force. Col. Vilimar preferred charges against Gen. Funk, who was compelled to resign. Gen. Funk was formerly proprietor of Irving Hall, and was a factor in Tammany Hall politics in Tweed's time. He leaves a wife but no children.

DRAMATIC PEOPLE.

Mrs. Langtry Hooted and Outrageously Insulted on Wall Street—"Moths."

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 19.—Mrs. Langtry visited Wall street Wednesday, to call upon her lawyers. She was recognized by the passers-by as she alighted from her carriage. A crowd soon gathered to stare and hoot at her. Street urchins called aloud for Freddie and pelted her with remarks more or less complimentary about her person. She was glad to escape into her counsel's office, where she gave vent to her indignation at the outrageous conduct of the crowd. As one who witnessed the scene said: "It has come to a pretty pass when a woman, whoever she is, can't be treated with common decency on a public street."

"MOTHS."

Mr. H. Hamilton's adaptation of Ouida's novel of "Moths" was produced last night at Wallack's Theater, and was a successful and brilliant representation. The play itself partakes strongly of Ouida's superficiality and sparkle. It is dramatic, but artificial, and was saved in the representation by Rose Coghlan, who played an ingenue part with extraordinary success. Miss Caroline Hill, who was the Lady Dolly of the story, and Mr. Charles Glenny, the Lord Jura, and Mr. Tearle in the role of Corrego, did not appear to advantage, and the Fuschia Leach of Miss Isabella Everson lacked dash and strength. The story is a cruel and unnatural one, and is intended to satirize the hollowness of fashionable women, who sell their souls and their offspring in the world's market. It is redeemed by the noble character of Vere Herbert (Rose Coghlan) and the disinterested love of Lord Jura. Miss Hill succeeded in making the mother as heartless and shallow as possible. Miss Coghlan played the ingenue successfully and the principals were all recalled after each act.

MISS JOSEPHINE YORKE.

Among the members of Col. Mapleson's opera company, this year, is an American lady, Miss Josephine Yorke, who arrived with the company on Sunday. She is a lady of majestic presence. Her voice is a contralto of remarkable power. She was born in Cincinnati, where her people now reside. By having a very sweet voice, she bestowed much attention to its cultivation and method, sought after to sing in concerts. Finally she decided to go to Europe, and in 1872 she left the country and went to Italy, where she studied under Signor Lamperti Giovanni in Milan. In 1873 she made her debut in Italian opera at the Scala and scored a gratifying success. Miss Yorke at once created a furor and sang with great success in all the principal cities of England, Scotland and Ireland, bringing her engagement with Carl Rosa to an end in May last. Mr. Mapleson, upon hearing that she was at liberty, immediately offered her an engagement, which, after due consideration, she accepted. Col. Mapleson has not yet decided in what she is to appear, but it is hoped he will decide on "Linda di Chamount," as that is her favorite opera.

ILLINOIS ITEMS.

Outrageous Robbery at Joliet—Pleads Guilty to Counterfeiting—Zora Burns.

JOLIET, October 19.—An old man named McLaughlin and his wife were robbed of $600 while in bed Wednesday night by two young men, who learned that they had that sum in their possession. The Sheriff offers $100 reward for the capture of the thieves. The robbers beat old McLaughlin shamefully.

SPRINGFIELD, October 19.—Dr. Michael Perrin of DuQuoin pleaded guilty to the charge of conspiring to manufacture counterfeit coin to Commissioner Bradford yesterday. Sheriff Malone took Wm. Gray, James Tabor, John Nelson and Geo. Smith, convicted prisoners, to the penitentiary yesterday.

LINCOLN, October 19.—The Zora Burns inquest is not concluded. The scene of the murder was raked over yesterday in the hope of finding some clew to the murderer. A wealthy business man is suspected.

METROPOLIS, October 19.—While Wm. Schneeman was at work filing a saw yesterday the machinery which sets the saw in motion started, sawing his leg off and badly mutilating the arm. The leg was taken off in short order, 1884.

PEORIA, October 19.—The Grand Lodge of Illinois, K. of P., finished its work here yesterday, and adjourned to meet in Joliet in October, 1884.

SHELBYVILLE, October 19.—Miss Amelia Roessler was married to Mr. Ed C. Waggoner last evening.

LITCHFIELD, October 19.—Mr. James Shepard married Miss Lou Wright yesterday.

VIRDEN, October 19.—Miss Mattie E. Sims was married to Mr. Henry C. Simons yesterday.

HILLSBORO, October 19.—Mrs. W. P. Whitten, aged 23, died yesterday after a short illness.

CHESTER, October 19.—The rains caused the postponement of the fair until next week.

MARINE, October 19.—The wheat fields of adjacent counties never looked better.

SALEM, October 19.—The rain has made it impossible to sow wheat.

ALTON, October 19.—The Illinois Presbyterian Synod met here yesterday and held three interesting sessions.

MARSEILLES, October 19.—John Moras, a four-year-old boy of this city, accidentally shot himself last night with a pistol that he had taken from a shelf and was examining. The ball entered his body at the right nipple and came out under the left shoulder.

HON. CARTER H. HARRISON, Mayor of Chicago, found St. Jacobs Oil, an excellent pain-cure.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The city of Weston, W. T., was totally destroyed by fire on Wednesday night.

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Ernest Asten, postmaster at Minooka, Pa., was arrested on Thursday afternoon, charged with tampering with the mails.

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The Democratic City Convention, of Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thursday, nominated Joseph C. Hendrix for Mayor. He is a reporter on the New YORK SUN.

Near Owenton, Ky., on Thursday, John W. Palmer, an old farmer, shot and killed Ben Crutchlow, aged 25, whom he found trespassing on his premises.

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The body of Louis Foster, colored, who had been screaming criminals, and who himself bore a bad reputation, was found riddled with buckshot, hanging to a tree in Laraca County, Tex., on Thursday.

Harmonious Council Meeting.

At the meeting of the Council last evening only the Solid Seven members were present, Messrs. Cummings, Devoy, Stone, Zelle, Vastine, Straub and Temple. Mr. Zelle called the meeting to order, and Mr. Cummings was elected president pro tem. On motion of Mr. Stone the journal of the meeting of Monday was approved, with the exception of the sine die adjournment proceedings.

A resolution was adopted informing the Mayor of the election of Mr. J. K. Cummings as president pro tem.

The Council then adjourned until next Thursday after a most harmonious session.

UNEASY EMPLOYES.

Democratic Success Means that They Must Retire.

A Feast of Twenty Years at the Public Crib—The Enormous Salaries Some of Them Have Drawn—Fighting Railroads—American Wheats.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch:

WASHINGTON, October 17.—The Government employes are very blue over the result in Ohio. They try to keep up courage, and say it was the whisky question that beat them in the fight which culminated last Tuesday, but it is easy to see that they are thoroughly alarmed. And why should they not be? Many of them have been so long in the Government service that they find themselves unfitted for any other sort of work, and the dread of being thrown out on to the cold world is something terrible with them. And with good reason, too. There is no doubt of the correctness of the claim heard here almost daily that the departmental life unfits those who follow it for other employment. At least that is the common remark of Government employes. Nine out of every ten of them say it, and yet as large a proportion of them hold on to office, and are to-day in a perfect agony lest the Presidential election next year shall throw them out, as it of course will if the Democratic candidate for President is elected. Nobody here believes that the civil service business means anything in that light, and every Government employe is thoroughly convinced that he will have to "go"

IN CASE OF DEMOCRATIC SUCCESS.

The amount of money that these office-holders draw as pay for their duties is astonishing when considered in the aggregate. There are thousands of them who have been for more than twenty years in the Government service in some capacity, and not a few who have drawn perhaps $1,800 and $2,000 and $2,500 a year as salary. There are some who have exceeded that, and more than one might be mentioned whose salary and perquisites as a Government employe has reached nearly a quarter of a million. The annual salary roll of the Post Office Department alone, as mentioned in this correspondence the other day, amounts to $10,000,000, and it is estimated that the total amount annually disbursed by the Government as compensation for service cannot be less than $40,000,000 or $45,000,000. What wonder that the fellows who have been for so many years at this

FOUNTAIN OF MILK AND HONEY,

so to speak, hate to step aside and give way to the others whom they have learned to look upon as outcasts and not entitled to a show?

The immediate result of the continued Democratic success is looked for with a good deal of curiosity here. In so many cases in the past has minor success led to large blunders and final overthrow that there is a good deal of curiosity felt to see what will be the course this time. Of course the work of the coming winter will tell very materially on the campaign of 1884.

One thing seems to be pretty well settled, that is that a vigorous fight is to be made against the Pacific Railroads in regard to the lands which it is claimed they have got but never earned. This, of course, will array the entire force of the Pacific railways, and through them the capitalists of the entire country against the party. Some of the leading spirits of the Democratic party have been making this question a study this season, one or two having made long trips west and put in a year and personal inspection, and he expects to

STIR UP THE ANIMALS

this winter, and hopes to give back to the people the immense tracts of valuable land which corporations are now claiming. Whether the votes gained from the masses by this will exceed the loss of the wherewithal for campaign purposes which will follow by reason of corporate and money power disaffection, is problematical. In the meantime the Government employes will hang on and shiver. Possibly in many instances they will reflect upon their future, and to brace up and put themselves in condition to earn a living for themselves in some other way.

THE BALLOT IN THE SOUTH.

A valuable witness to the improved condition of affairs political in the South is in Washington just now. Ex-Congressman Lynch, one of the colored members of the last House, is here from his Mississippi home. He was sitting on the iron steps of the Corcoran building, just opposite the Treasury, yesterday, probably deciding upon the days when his work as Congressman would call him there, and when he drew his $14 a day the year round. Sundays and week days, therefrom as member of Congress. He looked rather thin and sad.

"How are affairs in Mississippi?" your correspondent asked of him.

"Prosperous—slowly," he answered.

"How is your fight with Chalmers getting on?"

"Quietly," he answered. "It isn't much of a fight."

"What about the material progress of Mississippi? Muldrow says there are a great many miles of railways building down there?"

"Yes, there are. A few years ago the State was making considerable progress and that of a gratifying nature, too. There is more political liberty there now than there ever was before. In many parts of the State the colored people vote as they please. Whatever color, may vote as he chooses now without the least interference, and that could not be said a few years ago of many of the places to which it now applies. Mind, I do not say that the right might and came out under the left shoulder.

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ties, and was supported by friends of the measure, independent wholly of party politics. The reduction of the tariff on wool by the last Congress

OFFENDED SOME OF OUR FARMERS

largely interested in the production of that article, and doubtless influenced some votes. But not one of all the local questions caused the change. Thousands of those who have hitherto voted the Republican ticket are satisfied that their party has outlived its usefulness, that its leaders care more for personal aggrandizement than for the country, that it is a party of spoils, or rings, of corporations, of monopolies. Again, the colored vote of Ohio is about 30,000 strong and the Republican party has held it solid by presuming upon the ignorance of and practicing upon the credulity of these people. They have broken the shackles and many of them voted the Democratic ticket. It is impossible to estimate the significance of the Ohio election in reference to the approaching Presidential election.

WITH A GOOD PLATFORM

and a good candidate Ohio may be regarded as safely Democratic in 1884."

"What about the Prohibition vote in Ohio?"

"The Constitution of Ohio can only be amended by an affirmative vote of a majority of all the votes cast at a State election. All who voted the State ticket and did not vote in favor of the prohibition proposition were counted against it. Most of the ballots were printed with both 'yes' and 'no' on them, that voters might erase one of the words. All ballots cast without an erasure were counted against it. Undoubtedly the sentiment of a majority of the people of Ohio is in favor of prohibition, and it would have carried upon a 'yes' or 'no' vote. The proposition

IS NOT LIKELY TO BE SUBMITTED

again for years to come. Over 300,000 affirmatives were given and the strong Democratic counties, where the naturalized vote is small, gave very large majorities for the amendment."

Missouri News.

DE SOTO, October 19.—Israel W. Giberson died last night. He was en route to Newport, Ark., with his family.

CARTHAGE, October 19.—Louis Franks, 65 years of age, was found dead in bed with his clothes on, yesterday.

ST. JOSEPH, October 19.—Arrangements are being made for the Y. M. C. A. State Convention, to be held here beginning October 25.

SPRINGFIELD, October 19.—The Presbyterian Synod of Missouri continued its session yesterday. The fall races began yesterday.

MARSHALL, October 19.—The Old School Presbyterians held their fifty-first annual Synod here yesterday.

WARRENSBURG, October 19.—The Missouri Synod of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church held an interesting meeting here yesterday.

HILLSBORO, October 19.—During the heavy rain storm, thieves entered Wm. Clark's saloon and stole 1,500 cigars, all the plug tobacco and a revolver.

Salem, Ill.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

SALEM, ILL., October 18.—F. D. Lear spent last Sunday at Louisville, Ky.—Mrs. R. J. Everett and daughter, Miss Kate, of Mount Pleasant, Iowa, are the guests of Mrs. N. M. Frampton.—W. J. and Charles Bryan, of Jacksonville, were here visiting Thursday.—T. B. Pyles, of the Herald-Advocate, is visiting at Franklin, Ind.—G. M. Donegan, of Kinmundy, was in the city Tuesday.—Miss Ida Patterson is visiting at Kinmundy.—Rev. T. J. Padgett and Col. W. McMackin and lady are attending the synod at McLeansboro, Ill.—Mrs. Dr. G. S. Rainey is visiting friends in Centralia.—A large number of our citizens are attending the Centralia Fair.—Mrs. Engel, an estimable old lady, died last night of congestion of the stomach.—Wood Joines has purchased the residence of Marion Smith.

Oswego, Kan.

Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

OSWEGO, October 18.—Mrs. Winton went East this week on a visit.—M. Griffith's residence, near here, was wholly destroyed by fire a few days ago.—The fire company are to have an engine house built for them in the Carpenter Block.—Bills on the new National Bank were put in circulation this week.—The corn crop here is enormous this season.—The Republican County Convention meets here this week to nominate a ticket.—Mr. and Mrs. Aichison have gone on a visit this week to Hannibal, Mo. and Green Bay, Iowa.—Mr. McClintock and Miss Syms were married last week.—I was much to say there are "thirty-four" veins of coal south of here when only four were meant.—Steven Blue Jacket and other Cherokees were here Sunday from Vinita.

DIED.

BRENNAN—WILLIAM, father of Rev. M. S. Brennan, at 1 o'clock a. m., October 18, 1883. Born September 8, 1806.

Funeral from family residence to St. Kevin's Church, Sarah street and Compton avenue, where solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated on Saturday, October 20, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the repose of his soul.

HALLETT—ELIZABETH S. HALLETT departed this life at 10:20 p. m. Tuesday, October 16, aged 73 years.

Funeral will take place from No. 1020 Morrison avenue, Saturday, October 20, at 9 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

WEISZ—On the 18th inst., LILLIE FREDERIKA WEISZ, infant daughter of Joseph and Mary Weisz, aged 17 months and 26 days.

Her funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 1311 North Market street, on Saturday, 20th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends and relatives are invited to attend.

MCGLAUGHLIN—On Wednesday, October 17, at 11 p. m., WM. MCGLAUGHLIN, the beloved husband of Johanna McGlaughlin, aged 21 years.

Funeral from late residence, 1422 North Eighteenth street, Saturday, at 2 p. m., to St. Lawrence O'Toole's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Quincy, Ill., papers please copy.

HEADQUARTERS FOR GENTS'

Fine Shoes.

The Largest Line,
The Latest Styles,
The Lowest Prices,
of any house in the city.

ABER'S,
217
N. Fifth.

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

CLOAKS!

NEWEST STYLES AND LOWEST PRICES.

Russian Circulars from

$8 00

to $35 00, in Beaver, Diagonal, Maltasse, Satin, Rhadame and Ottoman. Newmarkets, Sontoute, Paletots and Ulsters, in new materials and choice styles, from

$7 50

to $25 00. Sacques, Jackets and Jerseys, in fancy cloths, Black, Diagonal and Stockingette, from

$2 75

to $10 00. Black Beaver and Diagonal Dolmans, from

$4 75

to $25 00. Satin, Rhadame and Ottoman Dolmans, from $9 75 to $35 00. Maltasse, Satin, Rhadame and Ottoman Circulars, lined in Farmers' Satin Silk or Fur, from $5 75 to $45 00. Seal-Plush Sacques, from $20 to $45 00. The assortment of Children's Cloaks is the best in the city, from $1 25 to $12 50.

T. F. MOLONEY,
618 Franklin Avenue.

THOS. MAXWELL. JOS. MAXWELL

MAXWELL BROS

Horse and Mule Market.

Horses and mules bought and sold on commission. All kinds of Stock always on hand.

1416 to 1428 Broadway, St. Louis.

Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments.

AT THE EVERETT HOUSE, ST. LOUIS,

Rooms No. 3, No. 5, No. 81 and No. 10 till Saturday night, December 22, four of The Drs. K & K Surgeons can be consulted free. Office hours from 9 in the morning till 8 in the evening on week days. Sundays from 9 to 10 in the morning and from 4 to 8 in the afternoon. The ladies' entrance will be open and ladies can walk right up to the parlor without ringing. The Doctors' offices are all on the parlor floor.

EXPERIENCE is worth everything. Knowledge gained by consulting with, critically examining, and successfully treating thousands of persons of every age, sex, profession and occupation, affected with every presentable form and stage of disease and deformity, enables us to assure those suffering with like maladies that we have succeeded in restoring to health a large majority of cases treated, even after other skilled and energetic physicians had failed to effect any permanent change for the better.

EYES AND EARS.

If your hearing or sight is failing, or if you have weak or inflamed eyes, if in reading the letters and words run together, or if you see objects double or only one-half, or the eyes become tired, or are better at times and worse at other times, or if they are suffused with tears, or if there is a hot, dry feeling, or spots, specks or flashes of light, or a feeling as if a veil were before the eyes, or if you have ringing or roaring or noises in the ears, or any discharge from the ears, or a dryness, an itching or pain, or any unnatural feeling or partial loss of hearing, be assured that these are nature's signals and alarm-bells, warning you of coming deafness and blindness. Lose no time, but consult at once the successful and experienced "Drs. K. & K. Surgeons," at the Everett House.

1579 Cures, or restorations of sight and hearing, of which the following are samples: Mr. J. W. Sloan of Chicago was so deaf that he had to abandon his situation as a telegraph operator for over four years; after five months under our treatment he obtained another position, and is now earning a good salary, his hearing being perfect.

HEART, BRAIN, NERVES.

If you have a disease of the head, palpitation of the heart, difficult breathing and suffocating feelings fullness of the head, a tired, irritable, discontented feeling and fear of impending danger or death, a dread of being alone, or the reverse—a desire to be alone; if your memory is failing, and you are gloomy and despondent, or if you dream much or often, and feel an aversion to society, you are suffering from a serious disease of the nerves, brain and heart. You have no time to lose. Consult at once "The Drs. K. & K., Surgeons," at the Everett House. Their specialist in heart, brain and nerve diseases never fails to cure.

2473 Cures of diseases of the heart, brain and nerves, of which the following cases are samples: Mr. A. J. Smith, heart disease and rheumatism, had been given up to die, wrote to us and received remedies and was cured in seven months and is now well. Mrs. Susan Wilson, dropsy and heart disease, had been confined to her bed for over four months. Her husband called on one of our visiting surgeons and ordered three months' treatment, which cured her.

LUNGS, THROAT, NOSE.

If you cough or have weak lungs, asthma, bronchitis or catarrh, do not lose time by experimenting with cod liver oil, malt, hypophosphates or any other treatment that does not benefit more than one case in a thousand, but consult at once "The Drs. K. & K. Surgeons," Throat and Lung Specialists, at the Everett House. Try the best first, because it will be the cheapest in the end if you will call before the disease has worked irreparable injury you will be cured.

2478 Cures of Consumption, Catarrh, Bronchitis and other diseases of the throat, lungs and nose, of which the following are samples: Mr. N. D. Waters, catarrh of ten years' standing, so bad that the cartilage and bones of the nose were partially destroyed. He was examined by one of our visiting surgeons, ordered remedies and was cured in five months.—Mrs. Miller was reduced almost to a skeleton and had been given up to die with consumption. Under our treatment she steadily improved and was cured in eight months.—Mrs. L. M. Carey had asthma so badly she could not get her breath when lying down and was obliged to sit in a chair all night. On commencing our treatment she obtained relief and in seven months was permanently cured.

STOMACH, LIVER.

If you have dyspepsia or pain, soreness, fullness, bloating or distress after eating, nausea or vomiting, headache, pain in the stomach, side, arms or hands, or a numb, prickly feeling; if your bowels are costive or you have diarrhœa, if you have piles, fistula or bleeding, or any disease of the stomach or bowels, either external or internal, consult "The Drs. K. & K. Surgeons" successful specialists, at the Everett House.

1742 Cures of diseases of the stomach, bowels, liver, etc., of which the following are samples: Mr. Louis Doyle had dyspepsia and indigestion for years, had taken pepsin by the pound, worn liver pads and tried all the advertised cures for dyspepsia. He would get better and worse; finally came to us and was cured in five months.—Mrs. Sarah Jones suffered with bloating and terrible pains all over the stomach for nineteen years. We cured her with three doses of medicine.—Mrs. Thos. Southworth was cured in four months of a vesicula (rupture) which had distressed her for six years.

WOMEN AND GIRLS

Suffering with cold feet, weakness or trembling of the knees, worse when standing or ascending or descending stairs, numbness or coldness of one leg or foot, or both, pains at the lower end of the backbone, worse before or after menstruation, pains in the small of the back or weakness or bearing down, or a hot spot, or a cold spot, pains or bearing down low on either side, pain or a feeling of a lump in bone of groins or about the lower bowels, or a feeling as of griping or twisting, worse after walking, standing or menstruation, irregularities, either too often or too long delayed, too much or too little, leucorrhœa, or any discharge of white, pale, yellowish, greenish or watery mucus (sometimes the case with little girls) intolerable itching, inability to retain urine, hot, burning or scalding urine, sexual indifference, barrenness, or, conceiving, suffering miscarriage, a lump rising in the throat, nervousness, irritability, moroseness, a dread or despondency, difficulty in keeping from crying, headache, a hot spot on the top of the head, strange fullness, ringing in the ears, loss of memory, vague and fanciful, poor appetite, loss of flesh or else growing very fat and stout, constipation of the bowels, shortness of breath, or fainting or suffocating and sinking spells, sallow complexion, a dark circle under and around the eyes, the lips and ears very red or else pale and bloodless, nervousness and sleeplessness at night and drowsiness and sleepiness during the day, pains all over, and in fact any one or more of the unaccountable loss of strength and vitality, should consult at once "The Drs. K. & K. Surgeons," experienced and successful treatment of the diseases of women and children, at the Everett House, who has cured thousands of ladies after others had failed. Come to him at once.

1936 Cures of diseases peculiar to women similar in character to the following cases: Mrs. N. had suffered for years with a severe pain in the back, bearing down pains and offensive leucorrhœa, accompanied with intolerable itching and burning pains. She consulted us by letter, ordered remedies by express and was cured in six months.—Miss Kate Sanborn suffered with painful menstruation and was confined to her room several days every month. She corresponded with us in regard to her case, ordered remedies by express and was cured in two months.

KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

If your urine is high colored, milky, or very clear, is passed often and with pain, or is scant or too abundant, and casts a sediment of white ropy, or brick-dust color, or if you have pains in the back, or feel weak, or if there is a heavy, dragging or bearing down sensation, or any disease of unusual symptoms and disagreeable sensations about the genito-urinary organs, such as an unnatural discharge or itching or burning sensation, consult "The Drs. K. & K. Surgeons," at the Everett House. They cure after all others fail.

1879 Cures of diseases of the kidneys and bladder, of which the following are samples: Mr. Robert Hall passed three to eight quarts of urine every twenty-four hours, was greatly reduced, and could not eat any starchy food; a supposed incurable case; thirteen months treatment by persistently curing him.—Mr. John Turner, Bright's disease, ordered treatment by mail in August, 1882, and is now well.—Mrs. Larkins, stone in the bladder. The stone was dissolved by injections and the secretions corrected by constitutional treatment and a permanent cure effected in four months.—Mr. Joyce was cured of catarrh of the bladder in two months.

BLOOD AND SKIN

Diseases cured by absorption and external remedies. Do not derange your stomach, bowels or digestion by taking nauseous, alcoholic "blood medicine," but come at once to "The Drs. K. & K. Surgeons," at the Everett House and be cured at once and without injury. Our treatment for blood and skin diseases will do you more good in one month than all the blood medicine you ever took. There is no necessity for going to Hot Springs or anywhere else. We never fail and will give $1,000 for a case we can not cure.

1041 Cases, including every variety of blood and skin diseases, of which the following are samples: Mr. James Yeider had been annoyed for years with eruptions of his face and various parts of his body. Cured by our treatment in six months.—Mr. Henry Brost took a severe cold which settled in his face, discharged a thin, bloody matter. He succeeded in getting it partially healed several times, but it always broke out worse than before till he put himself under our treatment and was radically cured in seven months.

DEFORMITIES.

Curved Spine, Humpback, Bowlegs, Clubfoot, Diseases of the Hip and Knee Joint. Do not spend your money for worthless instruments, that are only intended to victimize the unfortunate. Come to us. We have corrected more deformities than any other fifty doctors in the United States.

1347 Cures of deformities, paralysis, etc., of which the following are samples: Mr. Haight consulted us in regard to his little boy, who had hip joint disease for three years; one leg was three-fourths of an inch shorter than the other, and he could not walk without support. Cured in six months. Miss Susie Green was cured of spinal curvature of five years' standing in nine months.

OTHER DISEASES.

If you have any disease, no matter what the name or nature may be, consult first in person or by letter "The Drs. K. & K. Surgeons," at the Everett House. You may depend upon honest, fair dealing, reasonable charges and no encouragement without a prospect of cure or benefit. H

TELEPHONE OFFICES OF ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

All classes of "Want Advertisements" will be received for the Post-Dispatch at the following places and charged for at the same rate as if left at the main office (twenty words for ten cents, when not of a business nature). Each branch office is provided with telephone connection with the main office. All "wants" handed in before 12 o'clock (mid day) will be telephoned at once to this office and appear in the issue of the same afternoon. Orders for the delivery of the paper, by carrier, at 15 cents a week, also received.

A. Geisler, Pharmacist, 6th. Ango and Park aves.
C. K. Jones & Co., Druggists, 1400 Garrison ave.; Otto Heimbauer, Druggist, Broadway and Chambers street.
J. W. Tomlinson, Pharmacist, 18th and Benton sts.
Wm. R. Grant, Druggist, 3542 Olive st.; H. F. A. Spiller, Druggist, 1309 Chouteau ave.; C. N. Good, Druggist, 2258 Olive st.; F. Sum, Druggist, 2355 Clark av.
Thos. Layton, Druggist, S. W. cor. St. Louis and Grand aves.; Eugene Irbach, 2700 Cronteau av.; Geo. Weinsberg, druggist, Menard and Marion sts.

Telephone Numbers—
Business Department 328
Editorial Rooms 901

LODGE NOTICES.

CASTLE EXCALIBUR, No. 7, Knights of the Golden Rule—Sisted councils every Friday evening at hall, S. E. cor. 9th and Market sts. Visiting comrades invited. T. A. HUTCHINS, Commander.
WM. C. STREETON, Sec. 19

BONAPARTE COUNCIL, No. 15, LEGION OF HONOR, now meets every Saturday nigh at their new hall, southeast corner 4th and Elm sts., opposite Southern Hotel; visiting Brothers are invited.
E. L. ADREON, Chancellor.
JAMES L. BARRON, Recorder.

This new and elegantly furnished hall is for rent for society purposes. Apply to E. L. Adreon, City Hall. 23

MEMBERS OF LILLY LODGE, No. 551, K. & L. of H. will attend the regular meeting Friday night, October 19, to make arrangements for the funeral of Brother Chas. Mueller, deceased. By order,
F. N. EARL, Protector.
f23

ORDER OF THE RED CROSS—Keystone Commandry, No. 2, of the Red Cross, will meet on Friday evening October 20, at 7:30 o'clock, Druid Hall, corner 8th and Market sts. Visiting Brothers cordially invited to attend.
ROBERT McWILLIAM, Com.
HARRY SMITH, Scribe. f23

LUDWIG LODGE, No. 456, K. of H.—The members will please notice the address of the new Reporter, Edward C. Winter, 2928 S. Ohio av. f23

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

A.—TONIEST shoemaker of the world. Keeps over a hundred different styles on hand. Shoes to order from $7 to $15. Paris, France, is now here. HERBERT, 312 N. Sixth st., opposite Barr's. All kinds of repairing neatly done. 74

ENTERPRISE SHOE STORE,

608 Franklin av. Ladies' oil-goat button, the best goods made on B, C, D and E lasts, price, $2 50; ladies' warm, lined slippers at 50c, 85c, $1, $1 25. All goods marked in plain figures and one price. Gents' James Means calf shoes $3; gents' button shoes from $2 to $4. 54

Genelli 923 Olive st. Finest photographs in the city guaranteed. Best cabinet half price this month only.

KAVA RUMA.

The American Golden Remedy cures when cases seem hopeless. No copaiba, capsules or sickening drugs. American Remedy Co., 818 Washington av. 74

PERSONAL—Consult Una F. Silva, clairvoyant medium, on business or anything pertaining to life; spiritual communications. 819 Franklin av. 74

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 921 N. 7th st.; side entrance, upstairs. 74

PERSONAL—Our stock of furniture, stoves and carpets are the latest styles, and our prices are the lowest. Goods sold for cash or on time payments. Open every night till 9 o'clock. Globe Furniture, Stove and Carpet Company, 1119 Olive st. 874

MADAM BENNETT, reliable astrologist, business, speculation, matrimony, losses, lawsuits, consultations, or by letter $1. 1248 S. Broadway. 874

DANCING.

PROF. E. A. REINHOLDT'S

dancing academies are now open to receive scholars at Central Turner Hall, 10th between Market and Walnut streets, every Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. Party every Tuesday evening. South St. Louis Turner Hall, 10th and Carroll streets, every Monday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings. Party every Wednesday evening. Afternoon class every Monday and Thursday from 3:30 to 6 o'clock. New scholars can enter at any time.

PROF. N. S. FRANKEL'S Dancing Academies are now open for the reception of scholars. Private lessons given daily. Academy, 7th and Franklin av. Classes and parties every Monday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, and every Wednesday and Saturday afternoons at 3 p. m. Practising parties every Wednesday evening. Instructions at Social Turn Hall, corner 13th and Monroe sts., every Tuesday and Friday evenings; at Tectonia Hall, West End, and Benton sts., every Wednesday and Saturday evenings. Private instructions given with music, at any time during the day at Druids' Hall. Send for circulars. Druids' Hall can be rented for balls, parties, concerts, weddings, etc., at very reasonable rates. 76

THEATRICAL.

THE finest assortment of gold and silver trimmings and tights at S. Hirschberg's theatrical store, 702 N. 4th st. 75

BUSINESS CHANCES.

SHEET MUSIC 5C. NEW Catalogues

just out; sent free. Jett's Music Store, 807 Olive. 2

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE AND BUSINESS EXCHANGE. CHAS. KUHN, 720 Pine st., room 5.

FOR SALE—Good saloon doing a good business; has hall attached, and good chance for keeping boarders. Call at 4820 N. Broadway. 84

FOR SALE—The stock of a general store—groceries, dry goods, and wine and beer saloon, and the building for rent; a good place for a German. Ad. P. Conneily, Cheltenham. Mo. 84

FOR SALE OR RENT—Restaurant; good location; cause, sickness. Inquire from 5 to 9 p. m. at 823 N 8th st. f4

FOR SALE—Small dressmaking and notion store; choice, good trade; a rare chance for a dressmaker. 1118 Cass av.

FOR SALE—No. 1 grocery; sales about $40 per day; first-class location; owner leaving the city. R 9, this office. f4

NEWMAN'S RESTAURANT AND LODGING-HOUSE, 603 and 605 Market st., for sale at a bargain. This business is paying from $150 to $200 per month; also an oyster and cigar stand. Long lease and best location in the city for the business. This offer will be put in print but a short time. Apply to A. J. Newman, 603 Market, after 5 p.m. 84

FOR SALE—Elegantly furnished boarding-house, or will exchange as part pay for house and lot, also custom shoe business for sale. 404 Olive st. f4

SOAP WORKS with good facilities, for sale cheap, on account of sickness of the proprietor. C. Hoffmeister, 7810 S. Broadway, St. Louis 4

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin a v. 5

ELEGANT parlor suits at $37 and upwards; finest line in the city; come and see us; sold on our new and easy payment plan. at J. W. Staley & Co.'s, 7th and Morgan sts. f5

FOR SALE—One Gnasing lathe, cheap, at Brandon's, 707 Wash st. 5

FOR SALE—At a bargain, a Remington sewing machine in good condition. 322 Chestnut st. f5

FOR SALE—Walnut cylinder desk and revolving chair, in good condition, at a bargain. 322 Chestnut st, 15

LARGE store, soft coal base-burner; almost new; cost $50; suitable for large store or saloon; cheap. 1007 N. 3d st. f5

FOR SALE—Fine parlor suite of seven pieces, good as new; price, $40. Ap. at 211 S. 15th st. m5

FOR SALE—Furniture and carpets of a six-room house, all together or in parts; can be seen any time at 2624 Walnut st. 5

P. W. BUSSE (new) 1203 Franklin av., sells pictures and looking-glasses on time payments; pictures framed in good style at low prices.

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and flutters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FURNITURE, stoves and household goods, new or second-hand, on monthly payments. J. Neuroth, 1700 and 1702 Franklin av., old numbers 1800 and 1802.

FOR SALE—2,000 yards misfit carpets very cheap. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FURNITURE carpets and stoves sold on easy payments to responsible parties. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—Marble-top walnut bed-room sets, with toilet glass on wash-stand, for $36; parlor sets at the same prices. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—Fine Brussels carpets, made up, for 75 cents per yard. Geo. W. Miller, 806 N. 6th st. 5

FOR SALE—One mill-stone derrick, complete. One Stuyvesant Blower. Both in good order. Eureka Vinegar Co., 112 N. 3d st. 5

FOR SALE—One set of pounders in good running order; same is of extra heavy build, with solid cast-iron mortar box. Apply to Wm. Schotten & Co., corner 3d and Cedar. 5

FOR SALE—Hydraulic oil press, together with pumps, pipes, etc. Apply to Wm. Schotten & Co., corner 3d and Cedar. 5

FOR SALE—Hard coal stove, base burner, self-feeder, nearly new, at half price. 20 N. 11th st.

FOR SALE—The Globe Furniture, Stove and Carpet Company, 1119 Olive street, are offering for cash, at time payments, furniture, stoves and carpets at extremely low prices. Open every night till 9 o'clock. 85

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Two membership tickets of McCullough's Gun season 1883-4; price, $5 each. Ad. Y 15, this office. f5

FOR SALE—Couple declining housekeeping offer two Westminster hard and one soft coal stoves; chairs, carpets, springs, mattress, gasoline stoves, window shades, etc., etc., all nearly new; very cheap for cash. 1006 Clay av. 85

FOR SALE—One fifteen-ball pool table, nearly new, cheap, at Brandon's, 707 Wash st. 5

FOR SALE—Large walnut desk, will suit counting house or railroad office; good order; very cheap. at No. 110 S. 8th st. 15

FOR SALE—Fine poultry—Black cochins, buff cochins, dark brahmas, silver Polish bantams, leghorns. Fanciers' Agency, 509 Elm st. f5

FOR SALE—Dogs—Black and tan, Scotch terrier, water spaniel, greyhound, foxhound, Mexican. Fanciers' Agency, 509 Elm st. f5

FOR SALE—Birds—Red birds, mocking birds, Belgian canaries, nonpareils, indigos, English thrush, female canaries and peafowls. Fanciers' Agency, 509 Elm st. f5

FOR SALE—Fine trained water spaniel bitch for $15. 1214 N. Eighth st. s5

FOR SALE—The furniture, carpets and gas fixtures of a 6-room house. Call at 30-5 Chestnut st. s5

FOR SALE—Bedsteads, mattresses, bureaus, cots, stoves and all household furniture cheap, on account of giving up business. Brandon, 707 Wash st. 5

GO TO 208 N. 12th st. for great bargains in second-hand furniture, stoves, mattresses, etc. 5

NICE, neat bed lounges made to order in carpet or hair cloth for $8 50 at factory, 706 Biddle st. 5

ONE 4-horse power hot-air engine. Apply to Central Iron Works, 2014 S. Third st., St. Louis. 9

RARE bargains in spring and winter overcoats at Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

THE best place to buy Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Goods, Perfumery, Stationery, etc., is the Golden Rule Drug Store, 936 S. Fourth st.; fresh goods and lowest prices. Prescriptions carefully prepared. 5 H. REILY, Propr.

THE biggest bargains ever offered in parlor suits for the next 30 days at Geo. W. Miller's, 806 N 6th st. 5

WANTED—All young men to try my $18 suit of clothes made to order. 1007 N. 5th st. 5

SAFE AND VAULT DOOR cheap at L. BARGMANN'S. 17 and 19 N. 3d st.

SAFES MOSLER'S patent at factory price. 10 N. 3d nearer burglar proof than any other. 5

PROPERTY OUT OF CITY FOR SALE

TEXAS LAND—$10,000.

For Sale—1,000 acres well timbered land at Grand Lake Station, Montgomery County, Texas; sale also includes Grand Lake (2½ miles long by ½ mile wide), the purest water in South Texas, and also a $4,000 dwelling house. Apply to W. K. Hall, care Hall Brothers. Gay Building, 3d and Pine sts., St. Louis. 6

IMP'V'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Several choice dwellings, also beautiful building lots. Jas. M. Carpenter & Co., 206 N. 8th st. 7

FOR SALE—A new 7-room brick house; lot 50x130, on n. w. corner Goode and Garfield avs.; $500 cash, balance on monthly payments. Apply to Jas. E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Olive, from 10 to 12 a. m. 87

FOR SALE—2842 Chestnut st.; 30-foot front, 9 rooms; square hall, 13 feet wide, with fireplace and window; all latest improvements; terms to suit. W. S. Stuyvesant, 308 N. Main st. 7

FOR SALE—I have in course of erection two modern 6-room houses, on Hutchison's place, North St. Louis, on Kossuth av., which I will sell on monthly payments. If I will be sold now and on reasonable terms. Apply to F. H. Goss, on premises, or room 5, at 314 Pine st., from 10 to 12 a. m. 87

FOR SALE—I have in course of erection four modern 8-room brick houses on Westminster place near Vandeventer place, that I will sell on monthly payments. James E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Olive from 11 a. m. to 12 m. 7

FOR SALE—Several 3 and 6-room houses in western part of city on monthly payments. Apply to Jas. E. Truitt, northwest corner 4th and Olive sts., from 10 to 12 a. m. 87

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

3406 Pine St.—7 rooms and laundry, bath, modern improvements, and in perfect order. Immediate possession. For particulars call on GRAY & NELSON, 215 N. Eighth.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN!

1225 PINE ST.—Nice two-story brick house and lot, in good order; has 8 rooms, bath, gas, bath, etc., with a two-story brick stable rented for $40 per month. Apply to
TAAFE, EMERSON & CO.,
f3 710 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE—On monthly payments of $50, new 7-room house, with all modern conveniences, 4 blocks from Lafayette Park. Chas. H. Franke, No. 706 Chestnut st. 5

FOR SALE—$275 will buy a lot 25 feet front on Fairfax av., west of Vandeventer. 322 Chestnut st.

FOR SALE OR RENT—$400 cash, bal. monthly; nice 2-room, frame house; lot 50x100; southeast corner Watson and Kingsland avs., near Dr. O'Brien's place. Rinkelville; take Franklin av. cars. Barlow, 709 Pine st. s8

FOR SALE—On monthly payments of $50, a new 7-room house, with all modern conveniences, one block east of Jefferson avenue and one block south of Russell av. Chas. H. Franke, 706 Chestnut st. s8

FOR LEASE.

TO LET—For a term of years, a large store with a good custom in St. Charles Co., Mo., besides a dwelling, 6 rooms, and 20 acres, with orchard and other improvements; price low. Further information at 2906 Eugenia st. or 2800 Chouteau av., St. Louis, Mo. f10

FOR LEASE—For a term of years, a well-lighted 4-story and basement factory, situated corner of 3d and Cedar sts., together with 50-horse power engine, boiler and elevator, all in good running order; well adapted for light manufacturing business; possession given January 1. Apply to Wm. Schotten & Co. 10

FARMS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Good farm containing 84 acres in Brewster Link Valley, north of Olive st. road; a bargain. Ad. 322 Chestnut st. f79

FOR SALE—Farm of 160 acres; 80 acres under cultivation, 20 acres timber; 5-room house, 2 outbuildings, barns, etc.; excellent orchard; wells and cistern; 1½ miles from Fiora, Ill., a city of 1,500 people; two railroads now, and a third one building; price $2,500. Ad. M. H. Pressly, real estate agent, Fiora, Ill. f79

FOR SALE—Eighty-acre farm, 20 acres in cultivation, 70 acres under fence; good buildings; orchard; plenty good timber; good water. For particulars call on or address F. Miller, Rolla, Mo. f78

FOR SALE—73½ acres of land 1¼ miles north of St. Louis; $6,000 cash; must be sold before January 1. M. W. Porterfield, Fairfield, Ill. 79

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

P. J. KEATING, horse-shoer, No. 725 S. 2d st., bet. Plum and Cedar sts. All lame and interfering horses shod on the most scientific and improved principles. Gentlemen's road horses a specialty. 11

HORSES WANTED—For wintering; terms reasonable. Ap. to J. W. Hutchison, 1529 Benton st., city. s11

C. W. SLATTERY, V. S., member R. C. V. S., London, late army veterinary department, British service; offices, Park stable, Washington av., and 1111 N. 5th st.; residence 1236 Washington av. 11

HORSES wintered at $8 per month by responsible party; good care and best ref.; will call for horses. Address this office. s11

WANTED—Second-hand lady's saddle; must be cheap; state price and where it can be seen. A 29, this office. f11

For Sale.

A. L. EDSON, agent for the celebrated Rushville road carts, 820 N. Eighth st. 12

FOR SALE—A gentle horse, with or without spring wagon. Apply at 1101 Julia st. s12

FOR SALE—Team of 6-year-old bay horses, weight 1,250 pounds each; well-muscled, clean-limbed; cost $400 in the country one year ago; are acclimated and city-broke; harness for all; will take $250 for team or $125 each; will give trial and full warranty as to soundness. Apply at private stable, rear of residence 1703 Olive st. 12

FOR SALE—The finest family horse in the city; 6 years old, dark bay, very stylish; also will not ilmbed at locomotive; perfectly sound; good traveler; 16 hands high; also Brewster side bar buggy and harness. Grocery, southeast corner of Penrose and Elliott av. s12

FOR SALE—Cheap, fine saddle and driving mare. Apply at 2918 Lucas av. f12

FOR SALE—Nice black pony, perfectly safe in saddle or harness; sound and good traveler; $30. 2401 Elliott av. s12

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Buggies, phaetons, surreys, barouches, rockaways, hacks, business and pleasure wagons, cheap; horse and harness. 1106 N. 5th st. f12

G. F. VOGEL, Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and repairing. MAIN AND SPRUCE STS.

FOR SALE—See this bargain. $125 will buy a fine, big work or business horse. Weighs over 1,250 pounds, is kind worked in all harness; fine clean limbed, well muscled, good traveler; was taken for debt reason for offering him so low; will give guarantee and week's trial. Apply at private stable No. 3 Seventeenth st. between Olive and Lucas Place. N. B.—Man at stable is authorized to sell. Also no. 1 medium sized horse that I will take one for, and nearly new top buggy (side bar) that will sell for one half first cost.

A. L. EDSON, 820 N. Eighth st., makes a specialty of carriage repairing. 12

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A fine black Morgan mare, slightly lame; will sell cheap or let good responsible party have her for the keeping during the winter. Enquire at China Bazar, 610 N. 4th st. A. Withmar.

STALLION. Limited fall season for the fashionable bred Pilot a Gilbird's training stable, Page and Union avs. Gilbird stallion will be in the stud after October 10th to end of season. Also a couple of fine bird Sprague wheels for sale cheap.

IMPORTED English saddles and riding equipments for both ladies and gents. Also a complete line of hand-made road harness, ranging from $13 upwards. Custom work a specialty, and in style and quality equal to any in this or any other market. Henry J. Hammel, 704 Pine st. 12

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

5 S. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Two or three rooms; first-floor, $12

20 S. TWENTIETH ST.—Two nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen; one for $8, the other for $6. f13

106 S. FOURTEENTH.—Two nice, well furnished rooms connecting second-story rooms for two, three or four gentlemen. f13

119 S. SEVENTH ST.—Furnished room for light housekeeping; rent low; apply up stairs. f13

202 S. TWELFTH ST.—One room for rent suitable for two gents; refs. req. s13

205 S. FIFTEENTH ST.—Nicely furnished second and third floor front room and parlor, with or without board; also hall room. f13

207 N. EIGHTH ST.—Nicely furnished front room, suitable for two gents. f13

214 MOUND ST.—Four rooms for rent, furnished or unfurnished. s13

314 N. EIGHTH ST.—One front room and kitchen furnished for light housekeeping; $10 per month. s12

320 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Furnished front room for rent for light housekeeping. w13

700 CHESTNUT ST.—Second-story rooms, well furnished, for gents; rent from $8 to $14 per month, with gas, fire and bath. s13

709 N. FOURTH ST.—Large front second-floor furnished room; also large third-floor unfurnished room; rent low to grown persons. f13

910 WASH ST.—For rent, one newly furnished front room, suitable for two gents. s13

910 N. SEVENTH ST.—For rent, two furnished rooms, one back and one front, to single gents or couple without children. s13

912 LOCUST ST.—Three furnished rooms for housekeeping; $4 per week. f13

1007 N. THIRD ST.—Sherman House: Comfortably furnished rooms for men or families without children; reasonable rates; transient guests accommodated. f13

1010 PINE ST.—Unfurnished front parlor to gentlemen or respectable parties; cars pass house; moderate rent. s13

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished room by week or month for rent at reasonable rates. s13

1026 MORGAN ST.—Six rooms on 2nd floor; convenient for housekeeping; gas and water on the floor. s13

1036 S. EIGHTH ST.—Rooms for rent, with or without board. s13

1113 WASHINGTON AV.—One handsomely furnished room, suitable for two gentlemen; refs. req. s13

1122 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished room for two gents or lady and gent, with board. f13

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished front room with board, also day boarding. 12

1211 ST. ANGE AV.—For rent, four rooms and bath. s13

1303 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furnished front rooms for married couples; first-class board; also rooms for gents. Reference required. f13

1316 PINE ST.—First floor, 4 elegant rooms, for rent to a small family at reasonable rent.

1327 ST. ANGE AV.—Handsomely furnished front room for two gents. $10 each; light, fire and bath; also two connecting rooms, suitable for man and wife. s13

1416 O'FALLON ST.—Rooms furnished or unfurnished; suitable for gentlemen or for light housekeeping; conveniences, good care and pleasant home. s13

1513 CHESTNUT ST.—Clean, well-furnished, third-floor front; also back rooms, furnished or unfurnished from $5 to $15, to families.

1521 MORGAN ST.—Three rooms, unfurnished, $8 per month; one large, light room, second floor, furnished $7, unfurnished $6. 13

1612 ST. ANGE—Suit of rooms with first-class board. s13

1705 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms. f13

1718 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished second-story front room; all modern improvements. Terms reasonable. s13

1921 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, hot and cold baths and gas in private family. Call with reference.

2009 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front or suite of rooms, furnished or unfurnished. f13

2013 EUGENIA ST.—Handsomely furnished front room and bed-room, with use of parlor and board if required; convenient to the Market st. cars. f13

2101 WASHINGTON AV.—Three rooms 1st floor. Keeley & Co., 703 Pine st. s13

2105 WASHINGTON AV.—New flat of three rooms. Keeley & Co., 703 Pine st. s13

2225 CHESTNUT ST.—One or two nicely furnished rooms for rent; stone front; gas, bath, and all conveniences. f13

2301 WASHINGTON AV.—(New No.) Large third-story front room, furnished or unfurnished, for a married couple or two gents; southern exposure; best of refs. exchanged. f13

2334 OLIVE ST.—Nicely-furnished front room; also hall room; suitable for man and wife; near Beaumont Flats. s13

2611 OLIVE ST.—Two flats, of four rooms each, bath, etc., second and third floors. Apply to January & Moffatt, 622 Chestnut st. f13

2617 WALNUT ST.—Three rooms for rent; with water, on second floor. s13

2620 OLIVE ST.—Handsome rooms, nicely furnished and well kept, suitable for gentlemen. f13

2641 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished second-story front and back, en suite or single; fine bath, etc. s13

2722 OLIVE ST.—By party owning house; a nicely furnished 3rd story room, southern exposure; also on first floor, a comfortably fur. room, a kitchen if desired; ref. req. s13

2753 GRATIOT ST.—Two nice rooms on first floor; rent $8. s13

2804 LOCUST ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms en suite or single. Refs. ex. f13

3031 OLIVE ST.—For rent three fine second-story rooms suitable for light housekeeping. Refs. ex. s13

3248 OLIVE ST.—Finely furnished room; 2d-floor; southern exposure; rent, $15 to permanent parties. s13

3310 WASHINGTON AV.—Two desirable rooms with board, single or en suite. s13

3335 OLIVE ST.—For rent, one 2 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, for light housekeeping; terms reasonable. s13

3335 OLIVE ST.—One handsome furnished front room, for two or three gents; $3 each; private family; home comforts; light, fire and a bath. f13

3569 OLIVE ST.—A dwelling, of six rooms second floor; bath and gas in good repair. s14

3720 COOK AV.—Lower half of house. Eccles, s. e. cor. 5th and Olive sts., room 28. f13

A PRIVATE family in the West End have an elegantly furnished room to rent to one or two gentlemen; use of gas, bath and fire; board, if desired. Ad. Y 13, this office. s13

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms on second floor, single or en suite, for gentleman or gentleman and wife. 1309 Washington av. s13

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished front room, and one back room. 922 S. 14th st. s13

FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping; also furnished rooms for gentlemen. 1417 Olive st. s13

FOR RENT—One front room, southern exposure, to single ladies or to single gentlemen. 1933 Carr st. new number; old number 1925. f13

FOR RENT—Two connecting rooms, suitable for office or sleeping room; location east of Garrison avenue, on Pine. G 41, this office. 13

FOR RENT—One nicely furnished front room, first floor; southern exposure; private family; for one or two gents. Write or inquire at 709 Russell av., C. H. Hease. s13

FOR RENT—2810-2812 Chouteau av.—Chouteau Flats, only a few of those new 2, 4 and 5-room flats, with bath and water closets on first and second floor. Inquire at Dr. Mordner's, 2800 Chouteau av. f13

FOR RENT—1716 Olive st.—Nicely furnished rooms, without washstands, hot and cold water; also elegant unfurnished rooms. 12

FOR RENT—Two or three unfurnished rooms, second floor, suitable for light housekeeping; water, bath, etc.; private family; no children. Address Z 2, this office. f13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room in private family, southern exposure; fire and gas; suitable for two gents, at $16 per month. Adress W 48, this office. s13

FOUR very nice unfurnished rooms for rent, 2016 Walnut st. s13

FOR RENT—Neatly furnished rooms, at lowest rates, at 1004 Chestnut st. f13

FOR RENT—Second floor of five rooms. 1209 Olive st. s13

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room in quiet locality; no references required; all conveniences. A 4, this office. f13

FOR RENT—We are a private family living in our own house, in a pleasant neighborhood; would like the second-story front room occupied by one or two gentlemen. R 24, this office. f13

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished rooms, single or en suite, second story, with every convenience; suitable for gents or man and wife, near Pilgrim Church. A 28, this office. f13

FOR RENT—1421 Pine st., second-floor front room, newly furnished, in handsome stone-front house; all conveniences; private family; terms reasonable. s13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

718 GARRISON AV.—Two stories, stone front and mansard roof, eight rooms and bath; first-class vicinity. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

924 MORRISON AV.—Eight rooms and bath; stone front; within easy walking distance from Court House. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1014 GARRISON AV.—Stone front with store below and 6 rooms above; good business location. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1015 DILLON ST.—First-class, 3 stories, stone front; 10 rooms and bath; in excellent order. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1102 AUTUMN ST.—Eight rooms and bath, near horse cars and schools; good house. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1102 ARMSTRONG AV.—Six rooms and bath; large yard; two squares north of Lafayette Park. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1105 LEONARD AV.—Eight rooms and bath; in first-class order. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1223 ST. ANGE AV.—Ten rooms and bath; near horse cars and good schools; in good order. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

2013 BUTGER ST.—One square north of Lafayette Park; six rooms, large yard. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

2228 GAMBLE AV.—Ten rooms and bath. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

2803 DAYTON ST.—8 rooms and bath; good neighborhood. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3000 CHESTNUT ST.—An A No. 1 3 stories stone front, with every modern improvement; a good lease will be given. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3014 CHESTNUT ST.—New, 3 stories, stone-front, with all modern improvements, including furnace; very desirable. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3319 PINE ST.—Stone-front, 10 rooms, bath and stable; possession Nov. 15. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

3539 LACLEDE AV.—A good 2 stories stone-front, 8 rooms and bath. CAVENDER & ROWSE, 213 N. Eighth st.

1424 N. TWENTY-FIRST ST.—Seven rooms, hall, bath and gas. KEELEY & CO., f14 703 Pine st.

2720 MORGAN ST.—Three-story stone-front 11-room house, now ready for occupancy; rent, $50. Keeley & Co., 703 Pine st. m14

3014 EASTON AV., as we front, 8 rooms; bath; hot and cold water. Terry & Scott, 217 North 8th. 14

3200 LOCUST ST., corner Compton av.—New house; 12 rooms, hall and modern in every respect. 2110 Lucas av., 8 rooms, hall, etc.; modern. Apply to January & Moffat, 622 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT—Two-story house, corner 8th and Salisbury sts.; six rooms, bath-room, halls and gas; fine location; rent low to small family. s14

FOR RENT—A two-story stone-front, 7 rooms; all conveniences, 2910 N. Grand av. and 86 Louis av.; rent $30 per month. Booth, Barada & Co.

FOR RENT—No. 3722 Cook av., house of 6 rooms, laundry and stable. Eccles, southeast corner 5th and Olive, room 28. m8

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Kirkwood—Nice 8-room house; good grounds; five minutes to depot. Apply at the Central Bank, 1109 Olive st. f16

FOR RENT—A two and four-room frame house; large lot. KELLEY & CO., f16 703 Pine st.

FOR RENT—Six-room houses on Mt. Vernon av., short distance from end of Market street cars; arranged for one or two families. $10 to $24. Haynes & Collins, 211 N. 8th st. 16

TO LET—FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

217 AND 219 S. TWENTIETH ST.—Two stores to rent, having living rooms, now occupied as laundry and barber shop. Inquire at 2017 Clark av. s17

827 N. SEVENTH ST.—Store and four rooms on second floor, suitable for manufacturing or any light business. KEELEY & CO., 703 Pine st. s17

1210 OLIVE ST.—Second floor front, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for doctor or dentist's office. For terms, etc., call at 1300 Olive street. 17

3031 OLIVE ST.—Two parlors, single or en suite, furnished or unfurnished; suitable for physician; references exchanged. s17

FOR RENT—Bakery and Restaurant, at the I. M. P. R. depot in the flourishing town of Piedmont; splendid location; everything new; rent only $15 per month; only a first-class man can get it. Apply to Judge Emerson, Ironton, Mo. s17

FOR RENT—For a number of years, an old business stand, store and dwelling, with 6-room dwelling outbuildings, and 20 acres of land, 40 miles from the city. For particulars inquire at 2000 Eugenia st., city.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Home for a boy six years old where the parties will take good care of and be kind to him. Address, stating terms and location, A 36, this office. s20

WANTED—Two communicating furnished rooms with board by adult family of three; refs. ex. A 50, this office. f20

WANTED—All young men to call and get their fall and winter clothing made. 308 Olive st.

WANTED—To buy a second-hand upright, one or two horse-power boiler. Add. Louis Fruetch, Winnebago and Arkansas av. m26

WANTED—To buy a solitaire diamond ring; state price. Address Z 1, this office. f26

BOARDING.

614 MARKET ST.—Hotel Astler, on German plan; center of city; street cars pass the door to all parts of city; room and board $4 50 and $5 per week; day board $1; transients $1 per day; meals 25c; lodging 25c. 18

908 PINE ST.—Two pleasant rooms, with board; room and board $4 per week. f18

1104 MORGAN ST.—Board and lodging only $4 and $4 50 per week; house all newly furnished, painted and papered; first-class. 18

1114 PINE ST.—Private boarding; handsomely furnished front rooms; terms moderate; transient guests accommodated. m18

1208 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished rooms with boar; also day board. 13

1300 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board; day boarders wanted. 18

1309 WASHINGTON AV.—Third-story front and hall rooms elegantly furnished, with board; will be vacant November 1. f18

1834 LUCAS PLACE—One or two pleasant rooms, single or en suite, nicely furnished, with board. s18

2816 OLIVE ST.—First-class day board; meals sent out to families or single, as desired. s18

MOUND CITY HOTEL — Corner Broadway and North Market st.; new proprietor, new furniture; best house in North St. Louis for mechanics.

WANTED—Several young ladies, or a small family without children, can secure elegant rooms and boarding for the fall and winter at the Centenary Parsonage, 1613 Pine st.; first-class refs. required, of course. s18

WAGNER'S BOARDING HOUSE. Good board and bath for gas room, $4 per week. 107 N. 13th st, near Chestnut. s18

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a 6-room house with gas and bath, in good condition; will not pay over $3,500; state price and location. A 22, this office. s21

WANTED—To rent, by November 1st, six or seven room house, or would take half of a twelve-room house with responsible family of adults in respectable locality; reference exchanged. Address A 19, this office. s21

WANTED—Two or three furnished or partly furnished rooms for light housekeeping in first-class neighborhood, and in small family where are no children. Address, stating terms, A 10, this office.

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping by three adults; central or western; refs. ex. A 46, this office. f21

WANTED—Furnished room for occasional use; no reference given; gentleman stranger in the city. Addres A 7, this office. f21

WANTED—Two or three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; discreet, quiet couple, where no references are required; state location, conveniences, price, and when can be occupied. Y 9, this office. s21

WANTED—Two or three rooms furnished for light housekeeping; no reference; willing to pay for good accommodations; give full particulars. Y 10, this office. s21

WANTED—To rent, room in a private family to store household furniture. W 45, this office. f21

WANTED—A young man wishes to rent furnish ed room with attics, respectable young man as room-mate; references exchanged. T 19, this office.

WANTED—To Rent—By November 1 an 8-room house in northern part of the city; must have gas, bath and all modern conveniences; parties desiring house have no children and can give assurance of keeping premises in first-class order. Address, with location and terms, S 29, this office. 21

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

NEW STONE FLAGGING!

For residences and lawn walks; see samples at St. Vincent Seminary, cor. Lucas and Grand avs; Col. S. D. Hunter's residence, Lindell av., west of Grand; also on Pine street, west of Grand av., from Cabanne to Vandeventer avs. Office, 618 Chestnut st. 22

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Suitable man with some cash to take interest in established confectionery and the manufacture of candy. T 27, this office. f22

WANTED—Partner in an established carriage business; must be a good carriage wood-worker or painter, with a capital of $600 to $1,000. Address Lamar Carriage Works, Lamar, Mo. 23

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given.

PERSONAL—Two bachelors, not too young, would like to meet two young and stylish ladies fond of amusements. eX 21, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Violet: Will not be able to meet at the time you name; make it Tuesday afternoon at same place; will not expect you if it rains; write me to same address in the meanwhile. f1

PERSONAL—Viola: Make it Monday evening, as I will not be in town Sunday; write and say if satisfactory and make description of yourself and place of meeting very explicit. f1

PERSONAL—Mr. J. H.: I read your personal of last night; any time that you are ready to leave town, you are welcome to go. Yours no more, Diamond E. Tra-la-la. f1

PERSONAL—If Miss Flora Bernard is in the city, please state in Post-Dispatch where a letter will reach her. Z 7, this office. s1

PERSONAL—Will lady who stood on 14th and Papin streets, Wednesday night, about 11 o'clock, during rain storm, send her name and car, address gentleman she spoke to there. Send to Y 11, this office. f1

PERSONAL—If gentleman with gray whiskers that stood on the south-west corner of Franklin av. and

...ONS WANTED—FEMALE.

...erks and Salesmen.

...y a young man, good penman, situa... kind where no hard physical work ... L. Lecox. f483

WANTED—Young German to work in nursery and garden at once; if industrious and of pleasant manners, the position would be permanent. Chas. F. Baender, Moberly, Mo. s62

WANTED—Experienced newspaper subscription solicitors. Apply before 9 a. m. at this office.

WANTED—Steady colored man who understands housework; must bring city reference. Apply at 716 Pine st. f62

WANTED—Dish-washer at Newman's restaurant, 603 Market st. f62

WANTED—Man to work about the kitchen. Apply at 1309 Washington av. f62

WANTED—Assistant barkeeper. W 36, this office. f62

WANTED—An active white man for porter in small hotel. T 47, this office. f62

100 MEN—To stop at the Galt House, 1629 Broadway. Single beds 15c, single rooms 25c per night. Open day and night. s62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—By lady (good telegraph operator and copyist), position in railroad or mercantile office; has had exp.; refs. W 44, this office. f41

WANTED—Young lady wishes a position as saleslady; dry goods or confectionery; exp. and refs. W 39, this office. f44

WANTED—Situation by two young ladies as saleswomen. W 31, this office. f41

WANTED situation by a young lady to learn to be saleslady; no experience; willing to work for nothing; can speak German. S 44, this office. f44

Stenographers.

WANTED—Situation as type-writer by young lady in wholesale house. Miss A. H., 2719 Wash st., city. f45

WANTED—By a young lady, position as stenographer and type-writer; has had practical experience and can give best of reference. Z 15, this office. f45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—First-class dress-maker wants to go out in families by the day. M., 1952 Carr st. f46

DRESSMAKER wishes a place to sew; will go out for 75 cents per day. Ad. C, 1109 O'Fallon s. s46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By elderly lady, place as housekeeper or plain sewing; good home more an object than wages. W 42, this office. f47

WANTED—Situation by a widow lady as housekeeper; no objection to the country. W 28, this office. f47

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged lady as working house-keeper for widow or bachelor, city or country. M. F., East St. Louis. f47

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper for widower by married lady; parties must be first-class that answer this. Ad. Z 3, this office. s47

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in small family. 1106 Carr st., rear. f48

WANTED—Middle-aged woman wishes a situation at once; is industrious and of pleasant manners, the position would be permanent. Chas. F. Baender, Moberly, Mo. s62

WANTED—Situation by a young lady to do housework; has child 9 months old; no objections to leaving the city. Address M. D., 113 S. 13th st. f48

SITUATION wanted by a young girl to do general housework in a small family. Call or address 813 Walnut st. s48

WANTED—Situation to do housework by a middle-aged woman. Ad. 1215 N. 17th st. s48

WANTED—Good German girl wishes situation to do general housework in small family. Call at 1715 Franklin av., new No. s48

WANTED—Good girl wants place for housework in a small family. Call at 2809 N. Broadway; no postal answer. s45

Cooks.

WANTED—German Catholic woman with two children wants a place as cook or housekeeper; no objections to country. 2312 Eugenia st. f49

WANTED—Situation as pastry cook in city or country. 708 S. 5th st. s49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced nurse; is willing to assist with plain sewing or housework; good refs. W 19, this office. f50

WANTED—Situation by an experienced nurse (German) to take care of invalid or baby and sew. 922 N. 18th st. f50

WANTED—A baby to take home to wet-nurse; young and healthy milk. Call at 521 Lesperance st. s50

Laundresses.

WANTED—To go out by the day or week; or will take family washing. Call or ad. 130 Channing av. s51

WANTED—Competent woman wishes to take washing to her own home. 1208 Merchant st.

WANTED—By a No. 1 laundress, to take washing home, with ref., 2204 Olive st. s51

WANTED—By a lady, situation as packer and marker in laundry. 2020 Wash st. s51

WANTED—Washing to do, either at home or will go out by the day. 1236 Spruce st. s51

WANTED—By good antidress, family or gentlemen's washing to take home. 1809 Linn st. s51

WANTED—An experienced laundress would like work for three days in the week at 1215 N. 8th st. s51

Miscellaneous

WANTED—By a neat woman, situation to clean offices. 2312 Lucas av. s52

WANTED—A situation by a young lady to address envelopes. Ad. T 15, this office. s52

A RESPECTABLE girl wants to do housework or nurse. Call 1437 Carr st., rear. f52

WANTED—Situation by a young lady to do copying or office work. W 30, this office. f32

WANTED—Situation by young a lady to do copying or office work. W 29, this office. f32

WANTED—Situation by two girls; can give good reference. Call at 3220 Olive st. s52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in a small family. 1107 N. 13th st., old 14th st. f66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework, no washing. at 1108 Morgan st. f66

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to P. H. Sawyer, 1748 Washington av. f66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework in small family. Call at 1435 Papin st. f66

WANTED—Girl from 14 to 16 years for light housework. 709 N. 19th st., old number. f66

WANTED—Good girl in a family of two; German preferred; reference requ red. 223 Argyle, av.

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. 1510 Washington av. f66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework. Call, with reference, at 1921 Olive st. f66

WANTED—Woman for general housework at Newman's, 603 Market st. corner. f66

WANTED—Good German girl; good wages. 1218 Linn st. f66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; must be good cook; no washing. 3.38 Easton av. f66

WANTED—Young girl to assist to do housework in small family; a good girl will find a good home. John Smith, 109 S. 5th st. under Southern Hotel. f66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework; refs. req. Call Friday and Saturday mornings at 3702 Page av. f66

WANTED — Girl, either white or colored, to do light housework. 1218 Pine st. f66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework, at 1408 Morgan st.; no washing. s66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 2135 Market st. s66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 2816 Caroline st. s66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; family of three. Apply Saturday at 3124 Clifton place. s66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in family of four; none but first-class girls, willing to work, need apply; wages, $12 per month. 2725 Carolina st. s66

WANTED—Good German girl for general housework. Call at the Cottage Cafe. 1315 Olive st.

WANTED—Hired girl in a small private family for general housework without cooking. Call at 2303 Market st. s66

WANTED—German girl to do general housework in small family; must be good cook and washer. Apply at 1406 Hickory st. s66

WANTED—Good girl or a middle-aged woman for general housework. 607 S. Ewing av. Call on Saturday. s66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 1090 2d Carondelet av. s66

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—First-class hand at Bremen Laundry, 3509 Broadway. s67

WANTED—Colored girl to wash and iron every Monday and Tuesday at 223 S. Jefferson av., near Clark av. s67

WANTED—Good laundress immediately, colored, at 2816 Olive st. s67

Nurses.

WANTED—Nurse girl. 1601 Washington av. s70

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Miscellaneous.

WILLIE, come back to Chicago at once. Frederick Lilcox. m67

WANTED—Steady colored man who understands at 716 Pine st. f62

WANTED—Man to work about the kitchen. Apply at 1309 Washington av. f62

WANTED—Assistant barkeeper. W 36, this office. f62

WANTED—An active white man for porter in small hotel. T 47, this office. f62

100 MEN—To stop at the Galt House, 1629 Broadway. Single beds 15c, single rooms 25c per night. Open day and night. s62

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—By a young man, good penman, situation of any kind where no hard physical work is required. J. M., 1919 Olive st. f49

WANTED—A German to work in nursery and garden at once; if industrious and of pleasant manners, the position would be permanent. Chas. F. Baender, Moberly, Mo. s62

WANTED—Situation by an experienced grocery clerk; best references. C. Warner, 2131 Division.

WANTED—Situation as traveling salesman on commission for some good wholesale grocery house; traveling in Southern Illinois; best of ref. S., 1910 Franklin av. f37

WANTED—First-class cloak salesman, wants a situation in St. Louis or any wholesale or retail business. Ad. Z 15.

A middle-aged man, No. 1 penman, familiar with legal documents, a position; salary not much of an object. Ad. f37

WANTED situation in law or real estate office by penman; small salary expected. Ad. s37

WANTED situation by an experienced grocery clerk; refs. Ad. A 47, this office. s37

WANTED by a young man of 19 with best of office or store. A 15, this office. s37

WANTED—An experienced grocery and provision house to travel for a good house. A 1 place to travel for a good house. A

WANTED situation in a wholesale grocery or commission house; has a long experience; is energetic. A 16, this office. s37

Bookkeepers and Drivers.

WANTED—By a man of 18 wishes a situation to drive a delivery wagon; refs. Y 2, this office. s37

WANTED—Situation. Understands the care and handling of horses; is a good driver and will be very useful; good refs. A 1, this office.

WANTED—By a man of 17 wishes a situation to drive a delivery wagon. A 1, this office. s39

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class meat and pastry cook. Y 5, this office. s49

Boys.

WANTED—A boy 16 wishes a situation to do office work and to make himself useful; can give refs.

WANTED—Situation by a boy 16 years of age in wholesale house; good penman; in some office or store. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy 14 years of age in office. Z 9, this office. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy 15 years of age in store. Z 8, this office. f42

WANTED—Situation by boy of 16, well acquainted with city refs. W 41, this office. f42

WANTED—Situation by a widow woman's son, 17 years of age. f42

WANTED—Situation by a youth of 19; best references. K., 2511 N. 12th st. f42

WANTED—Situation by a boy of 17 in private family to take care of horses and will make himself useful about the house. Ad. Y 4, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a youth of 19; best refs. s42

WANTED—A situation for a boy of 17 to learn a trade or out of the city. A 18, this office.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A colored man and wife a situation on a farm; horses and do general household work. s42

WANTED—A German wants a situation as coachman in a retail grocery house. s42

WANTED—By a man well experienced in retail saloon business; can speak English. R., 308 S. 7th st. s42

WANTED—A German wishes a situation in grocery store; some light delivery wagon; small salary; no office. s43

WANTED—By an experienced canvasser and good selling article. C. Warner, 2131 Division.

WANTED—A winter wants steady job; is a fast driver, 26 2 N. 17th st. s43

WANTED—By reliable man where he can be useful; ref. given. Call 916 Carr st. s43

WANTED—A boy 17 wishes a situation as collector; some light delivery wagon. s43

WANTED—A man by first-class steward; is also willing to furnish help for kitchen and dining room. References. Ad. Charles Cook, 5 Lucas av.

WANTED—Situation by an experienced nurse (German) to take care of invalid or baby and sew. 922 N. 18th st. f59

WANTED—A baby to take home to wet-nurse; young and healthy milk. Call at 521 Lesperance st. s50

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WANTED—Good laundress immediately, colored, at 2816 Olive st. s67

Nurses.

WANTED—Nurse girl. 1601 Washington av. s70

Cooks.

WANTED—Good cook for small country hotel. T 47, this office. f62

WANTED—First-class cook and housegirl; colored. Apply at 2215 Olive st. f62

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and do general housework. 3018 Olive st. f58

WANTED—Good cook, one that understands her business. Call at 1126 Pine st. f69

WANTED—Competent cook willing to take charge of dining-room and kitchen. Call at once 3720 Washington av. s68

WANTED—White girl to cook, wash and iron for a small family. 147 S. Compton av. s68

WANTED—Three good carpenters. Call at 218 Locust st., J. W. Bellairs. s68

WANTED—Good cook (white); no washing or ironing. 3107 Morgan st. s68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Sewing girl, at 514 Olive st., upstairs, room 4. f69

WANTED—Experienced hands on pants, operators, finishers and apprentices. 22 N. 4th st., room 18. f56

WANTED—Girl to learn dressmaking at 712 N. 14th st. s69

WANTED—Dressmaker at 814 Pine. Call at once.

WANTED—Apprentices for dressmaking at 3421 Olive st. s69

WANTED—Apprentices to learn first-class dressmaking. 1223 Washington av. s70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Girl about 13 or 14 years old to do light housework; good home and clothes to the right party. 1091 ¾ Olive st. s71

WANTED—Young girl 12 to 14 years old to give a little assistance in household duties. John Smith, 109 S. 5th st. s71

WANTED—Dishwasher and woman for housework at 803 Market st. s71

WANTED—Girl from 12 to 15 years to assist in light housework; will send to school and give good home. 4107 Bell av. s71

WANTED—Girl to wait on lunch counter and attend store; also one to kitchen. Eagle Bakery, 719 N. 6th st. f71

WANTED—Good orphan girl; small wages, at 1309 Sidney st. f71

WANTED—Chambermaid at 1309 Washington av. f71

WANTED—Good woman to take entire charge of dining-room and kitchen in small hotel. T 47, this office. f71

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKING—Mrs. M. M. Ladd having returned from New York, with the latest fall and winter styles, will be pleased to see her old friends and patrons at 2220 Olive st., two doors west of old place of business. f72

WANTED—Situation by a dressmaker from Lord & Taylor's, New York, in private families. Mrs. G., 119 N. 6th st., 3d floor, front room. s72

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED—The services of several persons of character, ability and energy; to the right parties we can give lucrative and permanent employment. Call upon us or send stamp for information. Baird & Dillon, McLean's block, corner 4th and Market sts.; rooms 7 and 8. s72

WANTED—Two reliable men to take orders; good salary and steady situation; no peddling. Apply manager's office, room 12. P. J. Collier, manufacturer, 305½ Olive st. s73

A GOOD LIVE MAN can double his investment every six months in a legitimate business. Ad. Y 3 this office. f73

WANTED—Reliable and wide-awake agents; will pay full commission or salary. 1220 Olive st.

WANTED—A few good men; new business; pays $30 per week. Room 6, 716 Olive st. f73

WANTED—An experienced advertising solicitor; must be a man of good appearance; to such an one an opportunity to make a good thing will be given; one acquainted with St. Louis advertisers preferred. Call 10 a. m. Friday morning, 1220 Olive st., upstairs. f73

WANTED—Experienced newspaper subscription solicitors. Apply before 9 a. m. at this office. f2

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Henry Bloemeke, alias Bloemeke, and Dora, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated October 12, 1880, and recorded in book 642, page 236, of the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned, trustee certain real estate known as lot four, in block four hundred and twelve, containing twenty-five feet front on the west line of Closey street, and running westwardly at right angles therewith one hundred and six feet in depth to Linn street, in said city of St. Louis, which said conveyance was made in trust to secure certain notes more fully in said deed of trust described. And whereas default has been made in the payment of the last interest note and principal note, and both are still unpaid. And whereas the said Henry Bloemeke, alias Bloemeke, since the execution of said deed of trust, has departed this life, and more than nine months have elapsed since his death; Now, therefore, in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, public notice is hereby given that on

MONDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1883, I, the undersigned, trustee, will sell at public vendue the real estate above described, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the eastern front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to the highest bidder for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

GEORGE WENZLICK, Trustee.

St. Louis, October 17, 1883.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Frederick Retzel, by his deed of trust dated the 20th of May, 1872, and recorded in book 490, page 172, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds, for the county now city, of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, among other real estate, the following described lots or parcels of ground situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: Lots numbered one, two, three and four of block No. one; lots numbered one, two, three and four of block No. two; lots numbered one and two of lot No. three; lots numbered one, two and three of block No. five; and lots numbered one and two of block No. six, in Fruth & Co.'s subdivision of the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, a plot of which is on record in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis county, to which deed of trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein specified; and, whereas, a portion of the principal notes remains due and unpaid; and, whereas, under the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, the undersigned will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 17TH, 1883,

for the purposes of said trust.

EPHRAIM G. OBEAR, Trustee.

St. Louis, October 12, 1883.

EXECUTOR'S SALE—By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Hon. Judge of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, state of Missouri, dated September 1st, 1883, the undersigned, executor of the estate of Frederick Bunto, deceased, will, on

MONDAY, THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1883, between the hours of on o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described leasehold property, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz: In city block No. 591, a lot of ground fronting 25 feet 6 inches on Biddle street, by 70 inches on the south line of Cass avenue, bounded on the east by a lot leased to John H. Muensterman, on the south by an alley running east and west through said block, and west by lands of Elizabeth Bischoff. Said lot being a portion of lots 3, 4, 5, and 6, in block K of Commissioner's report in case of W. G. Ewing et al. vs. Rosine Menard et al., and the middle portion of a larger piece of land leased by L. A. Benoist to H. J. Bischoff on March 1st, 1881, and to Elizabeth Bischoff, and by the latter, with her trustee, M. Kohring, and her husband, H. J. Bischoff, deeded to Frederick Bunto, deceased. The term of above leasehold expires June 22, 1886.

AUGUST WINTER,
Executor estate Fred'k Bunto, deceased.

St. Louis, October 2, 1883.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1883.
Wednesday, October 10, 1883.

George C. Brand and J. Harry Holtzman doing business as Brand and Holtzman,
vs.
J. N. Niday.
No. 62,298.

It appearing to the court from the Sheriff's return herein and from the affidavit this day filed in this cause that the defendant cannot be found and that he is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff.

It is ordered that said defendants be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of $53.94-100 on account of a certain bill of exchange for the sum of five hundred and twenty-six dollars and ninety-four cents, and which said bill of exchange was drawn by the defendant herein on Fruth & Co., and to the order of Brand and Holtzman, and dated August 2, 1883, and payable August 29, 1883, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this fifth day of October, 1883.

[L. S.] CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
W. C. Bragg, Plaintiff's Attorney.

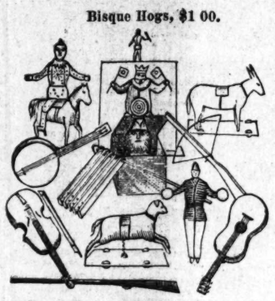
OUR MENAGERIE---WILD AND FEROCIOUS ANIMALS.

Rubber Horses, 25c, 50c and $1.

Bisque Hogs, $1 00.

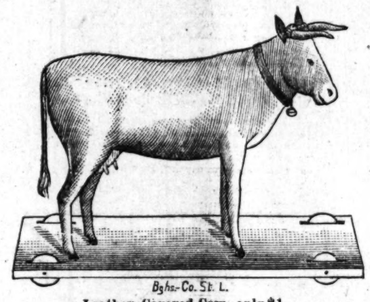
Rubber Ball Dogs, $1 00.

Bleating Lamb, Real Wool, $1.


CIRCUS--St. Bernard Santa Claus Box, $1 00.

Real Skin Horse, $1, $1 25, $2 00, $2 50 and $3 00.

Parian Horses, very handsome, $1 00.


Leather-Covered Cow, only $1.

Real Fur Rabbit, 25c, 35c and 50c.

Bisque Monkey, 25c.

Real Fur, Crying Cat, 35 & 50c.

2 of a kind, 50c each, Real Bisque.

Rubber St. Bernard Dog, 50c and $1.

Papier Mache Jumbo, 25c, 50c and $1.

Rubber Myshing, 25c.

Rubber Animals, 25c and 50c.

Small Rubber Goats 25c.

Trained Dog, Rubber, 25c

Skin Goat, 50c and $1.

Toy Department, Second Floor.

ST. BERNARD
DOLLAR STORE CO., 414, 416 AND 418 N. FOURTH ST.

DOCTOR WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two medical colleges, has been longer engaged in the treatment of Chronic, Nervous, Skin and Blood Diseases than any other physician in St. Louis, as city papers show and all old residents know. Consultation at office or by mail, free and invited. A friendly talk or opinion costs nothing. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment medicine can be sent by mail or express everywhere. Curable cases guaranteed; where doubt exists it is frankly stated. Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Mercurial and other affections of Throat, Skin or Bones, Blood Impurities and Poisoning, Skin Affections, Old Sores, Ulcers, Impediments to Marriage, Rheumatism, Piles. Especial attention to cases from over-worked brain and Surgical Cases.
Diseases arising from Indiscretion, Exposure or Indulgence, producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Debility, Dimness of Sight or Perverted Vision, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to Society of Females, Desire to Marry, Melancholy, Dyspepsia, Restlessness, Loss of Spirits, Pains in the Back, etc., are treated with unparalleled success. Treatment, Without Hindrance to Business, safe, sure and permanent. Sent everywhere by mail or express. 8 to 8.
It is self-evident that a physician paying attention to a class of cases attains great skill, every known appliance is resorted to, and the proved good remedies of all ages are used. A whole house for office purposes, and all are treated skilfully. Knowing what to do, no experiments are made.
MARRIAGE GUIDE, 200 PAGES. Illustrated in cloth and gilt binding 50c, money or postage, same paper covers 25c. This book contains all the information so long required by those who want to know, large editions, 10,000 each, sold every few mos. Health, Beauty, Happiness are promoted by its advice. Paper covers 25c.

Dr. JACQUES,
705 Chestnut Street, St. Louis, Mo.
Between Seventh and Eighth streets.
A REGULAR GRADUATE, whose life long experience, practical method of treatment, and pure medicines, insure speedy and permanent cures. Consultation Free. Hours: 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 9 a.m. to 12 m. No Fee Until Benefited.
Dr. Jacques' specialty (ESTABLISHED 1857), all diseases caused by Abuse, Excess, Exposure, NERVOUS DEBILITY (with or without dreams). Loss of Manly Vigor, failing memory, weak eyes, downcast look, self-distrust, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples impediment to marriage, etc., permanently, safely and privately cured.
Diseases of the Blood & Skin in its form and complications, erup tions, blotches, falling hair, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, mouth, tongue, ulcers, old sores, effects of mercury are cured for life.
Diseases of Females receive prompt and without hindrance to business. If in trouble call or write.
Medical Treatise Free. Medicines sent anywhere. Charges reasonable. Cures Guaranteed.
MARRIAGE AND HEALTH GUIDE, 144 pages. Illustrated. All that doubtful, curious or thinking persons wish to know. Price 10 cents, or stamps. Sent sealed.
Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut St., St. Louis, Mo.

A BOON TO MEN
All those who from indiscretions, excesses or other causes are weak, nervous, lost spirited, physically drained, and unable to perform life's duties properly, can be certainly and speedily cured, without stomach medicines. Endorsed by doctors, ministers and the press. The Medical Weekly says: "The old plan of treating Nervous Debility, Physical Decay, &c., is vastly superseded by THE MARSTON REMEDY. Its hopeless cases assured of certain restoration to full and perfect manhood. Simple, effective, cheaply pleasant. Send for circular. Consultation with physician free. Address MARSTON REMEDY CO., 59 W. 14th St., New York.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
Cures NERVOUS PHYSICAL Debility,
Loss of Manly Vigor
Spermatorrhœa, etc., when all other remedies fail. Cure Guaranteed. $1 50 a bottle, large bottle (three times the quantity) $5. By express to any address. Sold by all Druggists. ENGLISH MED. INSTITUTE, Prop'rs, 118 Olive St., St. Louis, Mo.

GRAINS OF HEALTH
DR. FRANCK'S GENUINE GRAINS DE SANTE.—The best remedy against Miasmus, Constipation and Congestion, may be recognised by having the words GRAINS DE SANTE DE DR. FRANCK printed in four colors on a Blue Box. Those contained in a red or any other colored box are imitation. Legacy, Paris. E. FOUGERA & CO., N. Y., and all Chemists.

TRUSTEES' SALES.

WHEREAS Christian F. Krull and Elizabeth G. Krull, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated October 8, 1881, and recorded in book 986, page 196, of St. Louis City Records, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, with the improvements thereon, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot of ground in city block No. 255, being described as follows: beginning on the south side of Wash street one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet east of Tenth street, running along the south line of Wash street twenty (20) feet, thence southwardly one hundred feet to an alley 12 feet wide, thence westwardly twenty (20) feet, and thence northwardly one hundred (100) feet to the place of beginning, and being the same property acquired by James Long from Archy J. Robertson, and conveyed by said Long to the said Christian F. Krull, which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain notes described in said deed; And whereas it is provided in said deed that the failure of the parties of the first part to pay any of said notes, principal or interest when due, shall at the option of the party of the third part cause the principal notes aforesaid to become immediately due and payable, though not then due by the tenor thereof, and the said property be then sold; And whereas several of said notes are past due and unpaid; Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will sell said property at public vendue and for cash, at the eastern front door or the Court House in the said city of St. Louis, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6TH, 1883,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, for the purposes of said trust.

CHARLES A. DAVIS, Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed of trust dated May 19, 1882, and recorded in book 680, at page 60 of the Recorder's office of St. Louis, Missouri, there was conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot nine (9) and the western part or forty-two feet of lot ten (10) in block thirteen (13) of White Place addition to said city, fronting in the aggregate one hundred and eight (108) feet on Morgan street and extending back a depth of block six in Ryan & McNulty's addition to said city and in city block 2,745; also lot twenty-eight of block 461 of said city, also lots 25 and 26 in block No. 1,295; also a lot on Broadway, in city block 1,235, twenty-eight feet in front or width, being south part of lot three, in block five, in Bissell's second addition to said city; also a lot on Moore's street, in city block 211, twenty-five feet in front and fifty feet in depth, being south part of lot four in Moore's addition to said city and formerly owned by John C. Bisch; also lot seven, in block three of Dudley Place addition to said city and in city block 2,169; also a lot on Tenth street, in city block 547, twenty feet in front and 150 feet deep, bounded north by Green, east by Nelson, south by Blumeyer and west by Tenth street; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described, and whereas one of said notes is now past due and unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the terms of said deed of trust, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and five o'clock p. m. of that date, at the east front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, sell the above described real estate, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

W. M. DICKEY, Trustee.

WHEREAS, Frank Schulte and Lena Schulte, his wife, by their deed of trust dated April 19, 1878 and recorded in the office of the Recorder of the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 7, page 266, conveyed to the undersigned trustee, the following described real estate, lying and being in the said County of St. Louis, to-wit: Lots four (4) and five (5) of Ferrood's subdivision of the southern portion of Survey No. 152, as represented on a plat filed with a Commissioner's report in partition made by order of the Circuit Court in November term, 1874, No. 62, being ½ undivided of 34 25-100 acres, and also all their right, title and interest of lot No. 9 of said subdivision, being ½ of the right of way of Hazell Lyceum road, and also all interest to said land in fee simple, acquired of Thos. L. Livergood, by deed dated May 10th, 1865, recorded in book 548, page 522; and also all inherited by him of his father, Lewis Stevens, and the fee simple title hereby conveyed, containing 22 62-100 acres undivided interest. Also, three 85-100 acres, bounded as follows: North by said Schulte, east by Robt. Stevens, south by Wild Horse Creek Road, west by Julius Rieger, being in U. S. survey 184, all being in Meramec Township, and in the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of one promissory and negotiable note in said deed described. Now, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, I shall, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1883,

between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m. of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell said real estate at public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said trust.

WILLIAM STEPHAN, Trustee.

TRUSTEES' SALES.

TRUSTEE'S SALE—Pursuant to the provisions of a deed of trust, dated the 3d day of July, 1873, and of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, Mo., in deed book No. 472, page 231, public notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned trustee in said deed, will, on

MONDAY, THE 22d DAY OF OCTOBER, 1883, at public vendue and to the highest bidder, and for cash, and at the east front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, sell the following real estate in the city of St. Louis, conveyed to me by said deed, viz.: being parcel of block No. 14, or the City Commons or St. Louis, and being all of lots 12 and 13, and the eastern part of lot 14, of a subdivision of part of said block No. 14, by L. G. Picot, administrator of Henry Morris, deceased, of which subdivision a plat is on record in the records and files of the Probate Court in said City of St. Louis, said lots and part lot commencing at a point on north line of Park avenue of about 65 feet with a depth north of about 150 feet to north line of said block No. 14, of said St. Louis Commons, and described particularly thus: Begin at junction of east line of said lot 12, on the north line of Park avenue, thence west on north line of Park avenue a distance of about 65 feet to southeast corner of lot now or formerly of Gunsalli's, thence north with east line of said Gunsalli's lot 150 feet more or less, to north line of said block No. 14, thence east on said north line 65 feet, more or less, to east line of said lot No. 12, thence on said east line south 150 feet, more or less, to point of beginning. JOSIAH G. M. McCLELLAN.

September 27, 1883. As Trustee.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Mary Eisenstadt, by her deed, undated January 16, 1883, and recorded in book 697, page 137, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of St. Louis, Mo., conveyed to the undersigned, in trust, to secure the payment of certain notes therein described, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, Mo., to-wit: All of ground with the buildings thereon situated in block No. 1902 of said city, beginning at a point in the south line of Locust street distant eastwardly 165 feet from the eastern line of Compton avenue and running thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Compton avenue one hundred and fifteen feet five and one-half inches to an alley; thence eastwardly along the north line of said alley fifty-five feet; thence northwardly and parallel with and distant eastwardly 220 feet from the eastern line of Compton avenue, one hundred and fifteen feet five and one-half inches to the south line of Locust street, thence westwardly along said south line of Locust street fifty-five feet to the point of beginning. And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of one

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CHEAP RAILWAY TICKETS FOR ALL POINTS.
J. W. Stockbridge, Ticket Broker,
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Excursion Tickets bought and exchanged.

CITY NEWS.

THE justly famed "Anderson" and Belmont Sour mash whiskies and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices. delivered free by James Lupe & Co., 324 and 326 Olive street.

THE easiest way to supply your wants. The want columns of the POST-DISPATCH.

FOR A GOOD HAVANA CIGAR, RETAIL Or Wholesale, go to P. Roddy, 422 Washington av.

Dr. E. C. Franklin,
Office and residence, 2618 Olive street.

A DELICATE complexion is the great female attraction. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

WAGONS for sale, or horses for hire, 5 cents a line in the POST-DISPATCH want columns.

TEN cents will get you anything you want through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut st.

OLD Dr. Whittier, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, as for twenty-five years, may be found from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgences. Safe medicines; consultation free. "Health, Beauty, Longevity," 256 pages, sent sealed, 50 cents, or at office.

CITY NEWS.

The Labor Lyceum met last night at 950 Broadway.

The Board of Directors of the Missouri Gymnasium will meet Tuesday evening next.

An unknown woman left a child at 2006 Singleton avenue Monday last, and has not been seen since.

Nick Simon, the old hunter, who was shot near Horshoe Lake, is recovering. He will lose one of his eyes.

The total receipts at the Fair this year were $87,747 85. This is about $13,000 less than last year's receipts.

August Busch, 48 years of age, is missing. He left home Tuesday to seek work and his wife has not heard from him since.

George Howell was fatally injured at the Vulcan Iron Works yesterday by falling through the trapdoor of an ore car on which he was standing.

The Republican Committee held a meeting last night and resolved to skirmish on 'Change for funds to be used in the approaching campaign.

Schiller's "Wallenstein Lager" will form the subject of the dramatic performance to be given by the Germania Club at their opening to-morrow night.

Andrew Fetch and Fred Hammer were adjudged to be fit subjects for the State Deaf and Dumb Asylum by the Board of Health at their meeting yesterday.

Fred Stahl was riding one of his horses yesterday near Garrison avenue and Olive street, when the horse fell. Mr. Stahl was severely bruised about the head and body.

Daniel Dalsheimer was arrested last night on a charge of embezzling $600 from the Taylor Manufacturing Company, of 511 North Main street. Dalsheimer was employed as collector and bookkeeper.

A telegram from the general manager of the Mexican Central Railway states that the arrangement for the excursion of prominent Mexican merchants from Chihuahua to St. Louis are entirely satisfactory.

Curt von Ostin is wanted. He hired a horse and buggy at Wm. Honig's stable Wednesday last, and has not been heard of since. Honig offers $50 for the recovery of the horse and buggy and the capture of Von Ostin.

The aged father of the Rev. Martin S. Brennan, assistant rector of St. Malachi's Church, died at his residence on St. Kevin's parish yesterday. A requiem mass will be celebrated at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning in St. Kevin's Church, after which the funeral will take place.

A bright little fellow who said his name was Allen Appleton, and said that he lived near a church, was brought to the Four Courts last night in one of the patrol wagons. He was seen wandering near Eighth and Market streets, and was picked up by a woman who was hurrying off with him when two men stopped her and turned on an alarm for the patrol wagon.

Kate Burk, aged 50 years, was thwarted in an attempt to suicide last night by Officer Kaiser. She jumped into the river at the foot of Mullanphy street. The officer pulled her out and took her to the Dispensary.

The Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association have effected a permanent organization. They will have as officers a president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer and an executive committee of thirteen. Until an election is had the following gentlemen will act as a committee: J. G. Prather, chairman, E. O. Stanard, C. C. Rainwater, Edwin Harrison, Wm. J. Lemp, G. O. Kalb, Jos. Specht, R. P. Tansy, C. H. Sampson, J. W. McCullagh, A. S. Aloe, Freeman Barnum and Jos. A. Scudder. There will be two classes of members: First—Merchants and manufacturers to the number of 100, who may place a display in the annual exhibition. Their fee will be $50 per annum. Second—Other gentlemen who are in sympathy with the objects of the association. Their fee will be $25 per annum.

HOUSEKEEPERS should remember when out shopping that both time and money can be saved by coming to the Simmons Hardware Company, as at no other place can so great a variety of useful and beautiful things be found, and their prices are always the cheapest in the city.

FRATERNITY FACTS.

Missouri Lodge, No. 11, I. O. O. F., have work for this evening.

Most of the Sir Knights of Pythias have returned from Hannibal.

Aurora Lodge, No. 267, A. F. & A. M., meet this evening with important business.

Laclede Lodge, No. 2302, Knights of Honor, have work on the Degree of Manhood this evening.

Keystone Commandery, No. 2, Order Red Cross, will have initiations this evening. So says Dr. McWilliams, commandant.

The visit of Mt. Olive Lodge, No. 848, Knights of Honor, to Seymour Lodge, No. 118, last night, was fraught with the most pleasing memories.

St. Louis Chapter, No. 8, Royal Arch Masons, meet this evening. The work will be on the Mark Master degree, with H. C. Christopher as high priest.

Liby Lodge, No. 551, Knights and Ladies of Honor, hold an important session to-night. Measures will be taken regarding the funeral of Bro. Charles Mueller, deceased.

The Grand Lodge, Knights of Pythias, of Missouri, closed its thirteenth annual session at 1 o'clock this morning. The following officers were elected and installed: Past G. C., W. A. Radcliffe, Sedalia; Grand Chancellor, B. L. Woodson, Kansas City; Grand Vice Chancellor T. T. Parson, St. Louis; G. K. R. S., Thomas E. Gelwicks, St. Louis; G. M. of E., Adam Thies, Hannibal; G. M. at A., Joseph K. Loem, Hannibal; Grand Inner Guard, W. F. Story; Grand Outer Guard, H. M. Cowen; Supreme Representative, Hon. E. E. Cowan, Kansas City.

STRANGERS or others can secure board or rooms through the want columns of the POST-DISPATCH. Ten cents.

☞In the Diamond Dyes more coloring is given for 10 cents than in any 15 or 25-cent dyes, and they give faster and more brilliant colors.

FOR ONE HOUR

Miss Lillie Grubb, the Pretty Actress, was a Bride.

Her Husband, the Attache of the Mexican Legation, a Fraud—Stittmatter, Alias Eberhart, Arrested for Bigamy and Forgery—Briefly Wedded.

The many friends of Miss Lillie Grubb, the actress, will regret to hear that the little lady is at present in somewhat serious trouble. Miss Lillie that was, Mrs. Stittmatter, alias Eberhart, that is, is well known in the city. In fact, it may be said that she made her debut at Uhrig's Cave, when, two years ago, she blossomed out as a member of Ford's Opera Company. Lillie, who hailed from Baltimore, at first appeared among the chorus, when she attracted some notice on account of a shapely form, the best feature of which was the underpinning, and a modest and retiring manner which caught the eye of every occupant of the front seats of the above mentioned summer resort. Soon after, Miss Grubb, accompanied by some of the chorus maidens, among whom May Stembler turned out to be the leader, so far forgot herself as to dare to enter the sacred precincts of the West End Club. It was developed later that the ladies had been invited and escorted by several club members of good standing, none of whom could be proven to be in arrears for dues, and that the visit had been made on the 4th of July, the day above all others upon which Americans incline to the ideas of freedom and equality. But the West End Club was stern and the directors unrelenting. The idea that a chorus girl had entered the sacred precincts, walked upon the Turkish rugs and perhaps looked upon the costly ottomeus, was unbearable. Two gay gentlemann dropped from the list of club membership, and Miss Lillie and Miss May found themselves the object of some distasteful newspaper notice. Miss Grubb became disgusted with life generally, borrowed a prayer-book and a rosary from Rev. Father O'Rielly, of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, and stated through her tears that she would surely enter a convent.

SHE DID NOT, HOWEVER.

Within two weeks she was again making a hit at the Cave. Her pink tights and general makeup as she led the army corps in "The Merry War," brought her into such notice among the "dudes" that the nunnery idea was abandoned.

Soon after Ed. Rice engaged Miss Grubb for his Surprise Party, and she returned last year, after a tour through the West, more beefy and less demure, it is true, but with the same remarkable tights, and the same success among the boys. During this last visit to St. Louis, Miss Grubb met a young fellow, who gave his name as Albert Stittmatter. He represented that he was attached to the Mexican Legation at Washington, and that his father, who had just died in Mexico, had left him in the possession of much wealth, including mines, the yield of which was expected to be enormous. It is thought that Miss Lillie liked the young man, and her friends say that there is no doubt that she was "dead gone" on the Mexican mines, etc. Albert was duly attentive during the visit of the Surprise Party here early in July last. He frequently sent floral tokens and was in every way a model lover. Soon after, the Surprise Party disbanded. Miss Grubb returned to her mother's home in Baltimore, only to be followed there by Mr. Stittmatter, who still pressed his suit. He manifested great desire to marry without delay, urging, as one reason, that his father died in Mexico, and that duty called him hence. But for

THE SMILES OF HIS CHARMER,

he passionately averred that he would not have dallied so long. Family matters of the utmost importance demanded attention in Mexico, and they were of such a nature as to admit of no further postponement. He wanted to call Miss Lillie his for keeps, then dash off to Mexico, take formal possession of his vast estates and return laden with wealth to the woman of his choice. Miss Lillie consented and Mamma Grubb was also willing. It was arranged that the wedding ceremony should take place in the parlor of the family residence of the Grubbs, No. 1474 North Gilmor street, Baltimore, on the afternoon of the 3d of August last, at 3 o'clock.

The hour arrived, and with it came Mr. Stittmatter, arrayed in white choker and swallow-tail. The details of the costume worn by Miss Lillie have not been put upon record, but it is to be presumed that she looked almost as bewitching as she did upon the stage, although the chances for display were curtailed to some extent by circumstances. The Rev. Dr. Murphy of the Protestant Episcopal Church was the officiating clergyman. An hour later, or at 4 p. m. precisely, the groom left the house. He had found time to state, however, that a Mexican climate had its terrors for persons not accustomed to it, and on this plea he dissuaded his young bride from accompanying him. Miss Lillie's friends have known her to be delicate, and as a Mexican climate has generally borne a good reputation in this locality the supposition is that at this early stage of the honeymoon the husband had begun to prevaricate, to say the least of it. He left, however, after a most affectionate adieu, and since that time the chubby ex-chorus girl and the parlor on North Gilmore street, Baltimore, have known him no more. Mrs. Grubb, the bride's mother, in telling the story, dealt particularly on the fact that Albert was a very nice young man, that he seemed passionately devoted, and that he had exhibited papers that seemed to prove conclusively that he was attached to the Mexican Legation at Washington. After the marriage, no news of the recent lover's

DEPARTURE FOR LOVE

was received for a week. On the 10th of August, a telegram was received from him in New York, directed to Mrs. George D. Eberhart, and stating that he was about to sail for Mexico on his father's business. Eberhart was Stittmatter's other name. The telegram said nothing about his prolonged and singular absence, and naturally there was some surprise, if not dismay, in the Grubb household. Impatient at the delay, the confiding young wife got down her wedding dress, and on pretty pink paper and with much labor, she indited to Mr. Stittmatter, alias Eberhart, an epistle full of love and yearning. She told him that if he were in trouble or sickbed, he ought to write and let her know, because it was a wife's first duty to share the troubles and sorrows as well as the joys of her husband. Miss Lillie could not write with the same agility that she dances, and considering all the trouble she had with the little bluebdoux, it is difficult to understand how a man could be so cruel as to ignore her. But Albert was never heard from, and his whereabouts became a profound mystery. Mamma Grubb was sorely annoyed, she says, and Lillie was in grievous trouble. The suspense was painful, until about two weeks ago, when the darkness was somewhat cleared up by the news which reached Baltimore that Mr. Stittmatter had a prior wife living somewhere in New York. The intelligence was vague for a while. Then a cruel police item, published in a New York paper, gave the whole story away. This stated, in cold, methodical English, that Albert Stittmatter, a young German who had recently come to that city from Mexico, had been arraigned in the Police Court on a charge of altering and negotiating a check entrusted to him by his employer, Theodore Hermann, a broker. The police then further added that Stittmatter was also accused of bigamy, inasmuch as he had married an actress in Baltimore about a month previously, while he had a wife and two children living in New York City. This settled it. Miss Lillie's love turned to hate. Her mother now states that a divorce suit has been instituted and the best legal talent in Baltimore has been secured. Miss Grubb refused to discuss the matter. Her many St. Louis admirers will deeply sympathize with her, and particularly the young society gentleman who offered his hand, before the bold Stittmatter put in an appearance, and who was refused, because Miss Lillie discovered that her suitor was too deeply engaged to another young lady.

GILLILAND BROS., Breckenridge, Mo., say: "We have a better sale of Brown's Iron Bitters than any other medicine we handle."

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

Hon. John T. Heard, Sedalia, is stopping at the Laclede.

Pierpont E. Dutcher and wife, Milwaukee, are at the Southern.

Col. Archie Sutherland, Mayfield, Ky., is stopping at the Moser.

Col. James N. Burnes, St. Joseph, is registered at the Southern to-day.

Mrs. G. R. Peck and daughter and Miss E. B. Prescott, Topeka, are at the Lindell.

N. K. Elliott, general traffic manager of the Vandalia, is registered at the Lindell.

W. H. Jones, Boston; J. H. Ring, New York, and F. W. Harrington, Boston, are at the Lindell.

Judge A. G. Otis, Atchison, and J. S. Campbell and wife, Marissa, Ill., are at the Hotel Barnum.

P. A. Packard, Denver; H. R. Alwood, Dehnison, and H. A. Dickie, Chicago, are at the St. James.

T. E. Williams, Joplin; J. W. Lewis and J. S. Thomson, Glasgow, and F. M. Decker, Indianapolis, are at the Laclede.

Col. E. E. Cowperthwent, Washington, D. C., and F. D. Gilsierseeve, Charleston, S. C., are registered at Moser's Hotel.

James D. Smyth, New York; D. H. Conklin and wife, Decatur, and Maj. G. W. Cunningham, Nashville, are at the Southern.

John Morris, Fort Worth; J. M. Riggs, Winchester, Ill.; Maj. Chas. Lannigan, Fort Smith, and F. B. Tucker, Boston, are at the Planters'.

Col. H. S. Biddle, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Ina T. Neal, Buffalo, N. Y.; S. S. Morgan, Vicksburg, Miss.; Jas. Adelphia, Pa.; Jas. Hill, Keokuk, Iowa; and Geo. Jennifer, Cincinnati, Ohio, are at Hurst's.

B. H. Childes and W. D. Milles, Coodey's Bluff, Tenn.; J. C. French, Louisiana; R. M. Smith, Mexico; F. O. Frazier, Wilmington, Ohio; J. H. Pauley, Vincennes; C. W. Williams, Shipman Ill.; W. Carter and R. H. Campbell, N. Y., are at Hotel Hunt.

A. H. Wilson, New York; Ben Runkin, Louisville, Ky.; A. G. Livingston and wife, Chihuahua, Mexico; Jos. T. Collins, Baltimore, Md.; L. F. Baker, Terre Haute, Ind.; J. P. Hicks, Buffalo, N. Y.; W. M. Armstrong, Dayton, Ohio; James J. Tipton and Son, Monmouth, Pa., are stopping at the Everett.

Boys' Clothing to Order.

Having added the making of boys' and youths' "clothing to order" to our merchant tailoring business, we give the following scale of prices for suits and guarantee perfect satisfaction in every respect:

For ages 5 to 8, knee pants.....$10 50 to $18 00
For ages 8 to 10, knee pants..... 13 50 to 21 00
For ages 10 to 12, long pants..... 15 00 to 24 00
For ages 13 to 15, long pants..... 20 00 to 27 00

MILLS & AVERILL,
Southeast corner Fifth and Pine streets.

SPORTING NEWS.

A Short and Lively Contest—Base Ball and Racing—Notes.

The St. Louis and Providence teams played a very pretty game yesterday, which has the distinction of being the shortest nine innings contest ever witnessed on the grounds. The totals were 2 to 0 in favor of the visitors. Mullane and Sweeney did the pitching to Deasley and Nava. Each battery deserves about equal credit. Providence got single tallies in the eighth and ninth innings. Farrell hit for two bases in the eighth, after Hines had been put out. Start made a curious bat, which Deasley took on the bound, supposing it to be a foul. Start made no attempt to run, but in a minute the umpire decided the ball fair. Hines had taken the chance and was crowding up towards home. As Start dashed for first, Deasley forgot Hines, and caught the runner at first base, but a tally was scored. In the ninth Irwin led off with a two base hit, got third on a wild pitch, and scored on a hit to Gleason. The game was played in sixty-five minutes. Base hits, six each. Errors, Providence 1, St. Louis, 4. Earned runs: Providence, 1.

RACING.

The results at Washington yesterday were as follows: First race, seven furlongs, all ages—Pizarro first, Brad second. Time, 1:29¼. Second race, Capital stakes, all ages, one mile—Mattie B. first, Water Lily second. Time, 1:43¼. The autumnal handicap, one and three-quarter miles, all ages—Duke of Montalbau first, Parole second. Time, 3:10½. Mark was first in the three-quarter mile, all ages, in 1:16¾. Gonfalon second, Beaverwick won the hurdle.

At Brighton Beach, Caromel won the three-fourths of a mile in 1:17¾, with Treasurer second. The mile dash was won by Lady Lyton second. Time, 1:43. The third race, one mile, was captured by Dan K. Arsenic second. Time, 1:44¼. Haildon captured the one and one-eighth miles in 2:02¼. Cornwall second. The one and one-fourth miles was won by Mike's Pride, Tennyson second. Time, 2:00.

NOTES.

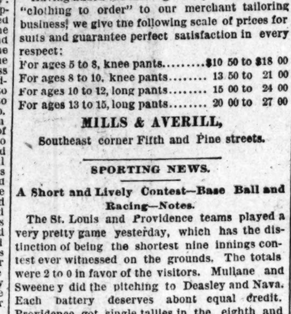
The first six innings of yesterday's game were played in just thirty-five minutes.

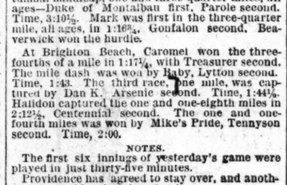
Providence has agreed to stay over, and another game will be played on Sunday.

Cleveland will play the first game here on Sunday, when Daily, the celebrated one-armed pitcher, will appear in the box.

Frank Knight won from John F. Donovan, in the local billiard tourney last night, by a score of 300 to 253.

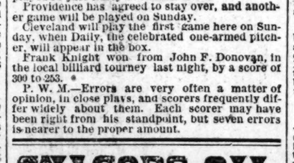
P. W. M.—Errors are very often a matter of opinion, in close plays, and scorers frequently differ widely about them. Each scorer may have been right from his standpoint, but seven errors is nearer to the proper amount.





In chronic dyspepsia and liver complaint, and in chronic constipation and other obstinate diseases Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is beyond all comparison the best remedy that can be taken. As a means of restoring the strength and vital energy of persons wasting away under the debilitating effects of painful disorders, this standard vegetable invigorant is confessedly unequaled.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.



The attention of those persons who wish to promote health and comfort is invited to the advantages this underwear has over that made from other materials.

Manufactured from strictly pure "soft-finish" silk, which is entirely free from any dyestuff or other foreign substance which might cause irritation; without seams, and trimmed in a superior manner, a degree of comfort and protection from cold is obtained in its use not to be had in garments of any other material.

For further particulars as to size, price, &c., &c., send address to us, and receive free, by mail, our descriptive circular on this subject.

CORTICELLI SILK CO.,
St. Louis.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—Stockholders' Meeting—A meeting of the stockholders of the Belcher's Sugar Refining Company will be held at its office, 202 N. Second st., St. Louis, Mo., on the 20th day of December, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of consenting to the issue by said company of its bonds to the amount of $750,000 secured by mortgage on its property. W. L. Scott, President; A. D. Cunningham, Secretary; C. S. Greeley, R. J. Lackland, Robert A. Barnes, Wm. A. Hargadine, Directors.

ELECTION NOTICE.

OFFICE HOPE MINING COMPANY, }
417 OLIVE STREET, ROOM No. 5. }
ST. LOUIS, October 6, 1883.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company, for the election of thirteen (13) directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company in the city of St. Louis on Monday, November 12, 1883.

Polls open from 9 a. m. to 2 p. m. The books for the transfer of stock will be closed from October 13 to November 13, both dates included.

Attest: SAMUEL GATY, President.
JOHN T. FIELD, Secretary.

"JOYOUS YOUTH!"

This is the golden age of life. The sun shines brighter, the birds sing sweeter, and the heart is free from the shadows that gather later on—when the "slant of the hill" is reached. We'd like to indulge a few thoughts on this subject. It brings up old times and memories of "Grimes' cellar door." When, after an evening's play, we returned home with a suspicious hole in the south end of our trousers to find the maternal slipper waiting to caress us fondly—but boys are plentiful yet in St. Louis, and the crop is growing larger. We are happy in the knowledge that the big majority clothe themselves at Famous. We can give you a hundred styles in Boys' Short Pant All-Wool suits, at the following low prices:

Suits at $4, $5, $5 50, $6, $6 50, $7, $7 50, $8, $8 50, $9, $10 and $12 50.

This list embraces an immense variety; and in this connection we also mention School Shoes and School Hats for Boys; an astonishing variety and the lowest prices in the West.

Always leave your money at HEADQUARTERS.

FAMOUS,
Fifth and Morgan.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and to me directed, I will on Monday, the 22d day of October, 1883, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m., at the north front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, all the interest of defendant Ernst L. Hospes of, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Number 1: A lot of ground on Third street, in city block 1782, 37 feet 4 inches in front or width, and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 7 in block 2 in St. Ange addition to said city.

Number 2: Five lots of ground on Third street in city block 1782, each 25 feet in front or width and 122 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 2, in St. Ange addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2ND DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, all interest or said Ernst L. Hospes, for cash to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 8, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff and Peter Mullery, George Richardson and E. G. Obear are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground situated in city block No. 525, fronting 57 feet on Morgan street and having a depth of 149 feet, bounded on the north by Morgan street, on the east by Hawtur, on the south by Orange street and on the west by Duffy.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 5, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—August Reinders and Otto W. Reinders, a minor by his father and natural guardian, August Reinders, and Anna M. Reinders, with August Reinders, her husband,

vs.

John G. Koppelman, Henry Koppelman, Herman Koppelman, Catharine Borgstede and Herman Borgstede, her husband, John Koppelman, Julia Poetting and Gerhardina Poetting, her husband; Emma Meers and Henry D. Meers, her husband; Louisa Stegeman, and John D. Stegeman, her husband; Bertha Stegeman, a minor; Clara Stegeman, a minor; Herman Jaeschke, August Jaeschke, a minor, and Robert Jaeschke, jr., a minor.

In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

By virtue and authority of a decree and renewed order of sale issued from the clerk's office of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, being suit No. 59,368 of said court, in the above entitled cause, dated October the 11th, 1883.

I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 17TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri and described as follows, to-wit:

No. 1: All those lots of ground in block 553, of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, containing a front of 51 feet 2 inches on Biddle street, by a depth south of 155 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and being known as lots Nos. 18 and 17 of Carr's addition in said block per Plat Recorder's plat thereof, bounded north by Biddle street, east by lot 18 of said block, south by alley and west by Seventeenth street.

No. 2: A lot of ground in block 1094 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of 115 feet on the south line of Warren street by a depth south of 111 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and being composed of lots 1 and 2, and east fifteen feet of lot 3 of block No. 17 of Union addition per the Recorder's plat thereof, bounded north by Warren street, east by Eighteenth street, south by alley, and west by part of lot 3 of said block.

No. 3: A lot of ground in block 1094 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of 265 feet on the south line of Warren street by a depth southwardly of 111 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and being composed of lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and west 35 feet of lot 3 of block 17 of Union addition to said city per Recorder's plat thereof, and being bounded north by Warren street, east by east part of lot 3, south by alley, and west by lot 9 of said block.

No. 4. A lot of ground in block 1094 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of 47 feet on the north line of Benton street, by a depth northwardly of 111 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, and being bounded north by alley, east by lots now or formerly of John Tieman et al., south by Benton street, and west by lot now or formerly owned by one Frank.

No. 5. A lot of ground in block 1094 of the city of St. Louis, containing a front of 41 feet on the west line of Eighteenth street by a depth westward of 51 feet, and being bounded north by alley 20 feet wide, east by Eighteenth street, south by lot now or formerly owned by Tieman, and west by lot of Reinders et al.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 12, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1883, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Henry W. Williams, Marta B. Colburn, Christian Koeln, Frederich Hill, Charles P. Chouteau and Rose Williams are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot or piece of ground in block 46, city block 2918 in Eiler's Addition, having a front width of 148 feet 5 inches on Main street, by a depth or length of 149 feet 5 inches, and being bounded on the north by real estate of one Ellwood, on the south by that of one Harrison, on the west by that of one Bowlin, and on the east by Main street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 2D DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1883, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 6, 1883.

ORDERS OF PUBLICATION.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
October Term, 1883.
Monday, October 8th, 1883.
Henrietta Stockstieck
vs.
Frederick William Stockstieck (of Illinois), Henry Stockstieck, Frederick William Stockstieck (of St. Louis), Louisa Thuemer, and William Thuemer, her husband, Fredericka Klemmens, and Julius Klemmens, her husband.
No. 62,673.

It appearing from the affidavit herein this day filed that Frederick William Stockstieck, one of the defendants herein, is not a resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree in partition and order of sale of the following described real estate, situate in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, to-wit: A certain lot of ground in Wm. C. Carr's addition to the city of St. Louis, to-wit: Lot numbered 23 in city block 545, fronting 25 feet on the south line of Wash street, by a depth southwardly of 155 feet, more or less, to an alley dividing said block, and being bounded on the north by said Wash street, east by lot numbered 24 in said block, south by said alley, and west by lot numbered 22 in said block, being the same lot acquired by deed from C. Bent Carr and wife, recorded in book 285, on page 196, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds in and for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, by Conrad H. Stockstieck; and that a homestead may be admeasured and set off to plaintiff from said premises, if the same can be done without great prejudice to the parties in interest, and, if not, then for a sale of said premises and a division of the proceeds thereof among all the parties herein, according to their respective rights and interests.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of October, 1883.
(L. S.) CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
October Term, 1883.
Wednesday, October 10, 1883.
Anna Wuerfel,
vs.
Lorenz Wuerfel.
No. 62,418.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit annexed to the petition herein, that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of indignities offered plaintiff by defendant, such as to render her condition intolerable.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of October, 1883.
(L. S.) CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
October Term, 1883.
Wednesday, October 10, 1883.
Susanna Yeagel
vs.
Christian Yeagel.
No. 61,975.

It appearing from the affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, whereof, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant, on the grounds that the defendant has absented himself from plaintiff without reasonable cause for the space of one year next before the filing of the petition herein;

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of October, 1883.
(L. S.) CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.
Henry Boemler, Attorney for Plaintiff.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1883.
Wednesday, October 10, 1883.
G. G. Gibson, assignee of the Mullanphy Planing Mill Company,
vs.
John McGinley.
No. 62,239.
Attachment.

It appearing to the court from the affidavit attached to plaintiff's petition that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of four hundred and sixty-one 89-100 dollars on account of a balance due for labor performed and material furnished by plaintiff at the special instance and request of defendant, and that his property has been attached,

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of October, 1883.
(L. S.) CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1883.
Wednesday, October 10, 1883.
Lina Roemler
vs.
Hermann Roemler.

It appearing from the petition and affidavit heretofore filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and said defendant on the grounds of indignities as to render her condition intolerable, failure to support her and desertion.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St Louis.

A true copy from the record.
Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 11th day of October, 1883.
(L. S.) CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
October Term, 1883.
Thursday, October 11, 1883.
Margaret Annie Baker,
vs.
Samuel Baker.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, on the ground of desertion.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of December next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according